

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.2128, 18.9276, 56.7371)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.2128, 18.9276, 56.7371)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(22.1664, 18.8377,  
56.5006)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B70C7
RGB	107, 112, 199
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 78%
CMY	0.5804, 0.5608, 0.2196
CMYK	0.46, 0.44, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	237°, 45%, 60%
HSV	237°, 46%, 78%
XYZ	22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006
YIQ	120.4230, -30.9070, 25.9970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

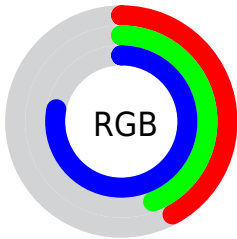
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 112, 199
Decimal	7041223
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.50, 21.14, -46.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 50.687, 294.653
Yxy	18.8377, 0.2273, 0.1932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285231303 (0xFF6B70C7)
YUV	120.4230, 38.7385, -11.7720
Hunter-Lab	43.4024, 15.2089, -46.8011

# Details

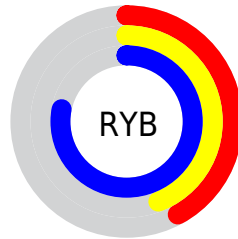
The XYZ color **22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **45.4999, 51.7887, 21.5092**, and the grayscale version is **17.8755, 18.8064, 20.4802**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.4297, 41.5574, 100.1820**, and **8.1828, 6.3585, 27.1816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1795, 14.0156, 55.7804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.1393, 24.8127, 57.3922**.

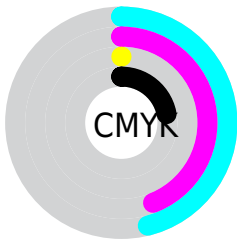
# Distribution



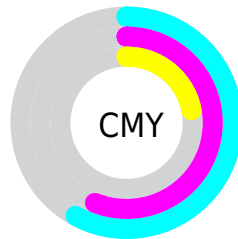
- Red (42%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.1664, 18.8377,  
56.5006

■ 22.1664, 18.8377,  
56.5006

256.0301,  
245.5513, 429.0165

■ 14.0965, 11.5531,  
40.1977

■ 46.4977, 41.4597,  
101.2292

■ 8.2700, 6.4401,  
27.3778

■ 63.4898, 57.5658,  
130.4921

■ 4.3214, 3.1145,  
17.6222

■ 84.1866, 77.3812,  
164.9120

■ 1.8855, 1.1918,  
10.5125

■ 108.9536,  
101.2903, 204.9075

■ 0.5684, 0.0550,  
5.6300

138.1561,  
129.6774, 250.8972

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.5563

172.1595,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

162.9271, 303.2995

0.8698

211.3290,  
201.4236, 362.5332

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 22.1664, 18.8377,  
56.5006

■ 22.1664, 18.8377,  
56.5006

■ 18.1795, 14.0156,  
55.7804

■ 27.1393, 24.8127,  
57.3922

■ 15.1108, 10.2704,  
55.2192

■ 33.1554, 32.0064,  
58.4636

■ 12.8874, 7.5196,  
54.8054

■ 40.2703, 40.4819,  
59.7245

■ 11.4247, 5.6682,  
54.5252

■ 48.5351, 50.2972,  
61.1835

■ 10.6176, 4.6016,  
54.3618

■ 57.9974, 61.5069,  
62.8485

■ 10.4264, 4.3586,  
54.3250

■ 68.7024, 74.1627,  
64.7271

■ 80.6928, 88.3134,  
66.8265

■ 87.3089, 96.9036,  
68.1358

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0341, 18.8377, 61.2690



22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006



26.8240, 18.8377, 40.6178

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006



23.9814, 18.8377, 5.3614



10.0146, 18.8377, 18.0791

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006



45.4999, 51.7887, 21.5092

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2206, 18.8377, 8.4550



22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006



18.8045, 18.8377, 3.5985

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006



27.9996, 18.8377, 11.1275



14.2275, 18.8377, 4.3905



10.5848, 18.8377, 34.0800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006



28.7158, 18.8377, 28.5861



14.2275, 18.8377, 4.3905



10.2178, 18.8377, 14.1208

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.1672, 18.8384, 56.5011



73.2735, 74.1661, 105.0613



36.0983, 47.8176, 57.7018



15.0445, 15.1147, 22.3745



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.1672, 18.8384, 56.5011



32.0923, 24.8578, 97.7143



27.5762, 20.8308, 56.6006



10.1022, 10.3784, 13.3883



6.7250, 2.8440, 34.9389



0.3349, 0.1677, 1.6599



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.7362, 23.8283, 18.2564



50.8780, 34.8788, 22.5832



37.4026, 49.2936, 21.4543



10.6568, 10.6461, 11.1762



15.1938, 7.8271, 0.9646



0.7278, 0.3739, 0.0895



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.1664, 18.8377,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006

### Protanopia

20.8277, 18.9212, 59.6812

### Deuteranopia

19.5139, 19.0456, 55.4710



## Tritanopia

16.0246, 18.8231, 26.0812

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006

## Protanomaly

21.2050, 18.8010, 58.3885

## Deuteranomaly

20.3276, 18.9189, 56.0064

## Tritanomaly

17.9193, 18.6647, 35.4591

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006

## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

## Achromatomaly

18.8563, 18.5373, 31.0180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 112, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 112, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 112, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 112, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 112, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 112, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 112, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 112, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 112, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 112,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.1664, 18.8377, 56.5006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 112, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
112, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor