

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.2242, 31.0240, 19.8328)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.2242, 31.0240, 19.8328)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.2682, 31.1221,  
19.8724)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6AA56F
RGB	106, 165, 111
RGB Percent	42%, 65%, 44%
CMY	0.5843, 0.3529, 0.5647
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.33, 0.35
HSL	125°, 25%, 53%
HSV	125°, 36%, 65%
XYZ	22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724
YIQ	141.2030, -17.8300, -29.3020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

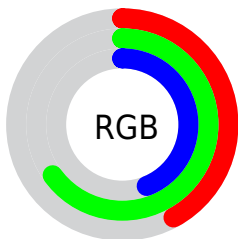
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">106, 160, 165</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6989167</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.61, -30.60, 22.09</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">63, 37.740, 144.178</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.1221, 0.3040, 0.4248</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285179247 (0xFF6AA56F)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">141.2030, -14.8901, -30.8730</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.7872, -26.3769, 17.9309</a>

# Details

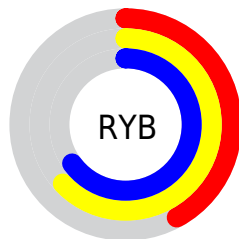
The XYZ color **22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **27.0172, 20.8461, 35.8586**, and the grayscale version is **25.4594, 26.7852, 29.1691**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.5021, 61.2017, 44.0125**, and **8.3779, 12.9814, 6.7667** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.7304, 29.9028, 15.7741**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.3255, 32.5947, 24.7303**.

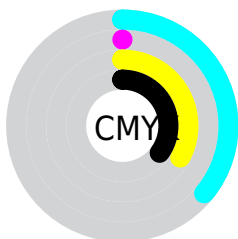
# Distribution



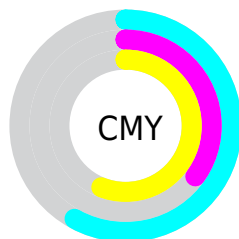
- Red (42%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.2682, 31.1221,  
19.8724

■ 22.2682, 31.1221,  
19.8724

256.5498,  
307.1004, 263.8049

■ 14.1718, 20.6918,  
12.1192

■ 46.6644, 61.4323,  
44.0593

■ 8.3228, 12.8989,  
6.7014

■ 63.6950, 82.0809,  
61.3301

■ 4.3557, 7.3590,  
3.2004

■ 84.4343, 106.9046,  
82.6104

■ 1.9053, 3.6876,  
1.1979

■ 109.2477,  
136.2875, 108.3189

■ 0.5799, 1.5004,  
0.0000

138.5007,  
170.6142, 138.8740

■ 0.0000, 0.2890,  
0.0000

172.5584,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

210.2689, 174.6944

0.0000

211.7863,  
255.6362, 216.1985

■ 22.2682, 31.1221,  
19.8724

■ 22.2682, 31.1221,  
19.8724

■ 19.7304, 29.9028,  
15.7741

■ 25.3255, 32.5947,  
24.7303

■ 17.6810, 28.9190,  
12.3949

■ 28.9264, 34.3298,  
30.3812

■ 16.0891, 28.1565,  
9.6942


■ 33.0966, 36.3405,  
36.8590


■ 14.9194, 27.5980,  
7.6259


■ 37.8592, 38.6382,  
44.1953


■ 14.1314, 27.2239,  
6.1386


■ 43.2361, 41.2337,  
52.4196


 13.6731, 27.0085,  
5.1727

 49.2482, 44.1369,  
61.5605

 13.5349, 26.9431,  
4.9021

 55.9152, 47.3576,  
71.6449

 63.2561, 50.9049,  
82.6988

 71.2892, 54.7878,  
94.7471

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.7143, 31.1221, 14.0669



22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724



20.7968, 31.1221, 31.0954

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724



28.5892, 31.1221, 70.5697



39.5450, 31.1221, 23.5648

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724



27.0172, 20.8461, 35.8586

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5436, 31.1221, 36.8402



22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724



33.8163, 31.1221, 66.8266

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724



24.1646, 31.1221, 62.4117



38.3406, 31.1221, 53.3010



35.7509, 31.1221, 15.7262



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724



20.9951, 31.1221, 41.3036



38.3406, 31.1221, 53.3010



40.2358, 31.1221, 27.4155

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.2690, 31.1234, 19.8731



55.0771, 63.0579, 59.5074



30.5718, 35.4346, 18.8641



11.8367, 13.6872, 12.6919



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.2690, 31.1234, 19.8731



36.1592, 53.9479, 29.5913



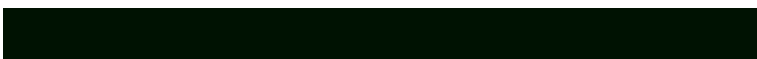
24.1643, 31.8815, 29.8534



7.0088, 7.9043, 7.6581



10.2473, 20.3853, 3.7528



0.2222, 0.4311, 0.1149



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.0172, 20.8461, 35.8586



45.9495, 32.7438, 62.5418



24.7405, 19.9354, 23.8695



7.3383, 7.1918, 8.7680



15.9746, 7.7459, 22.8546



0.3427, 0.1656, 0.5174



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.2682, 31.1221,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724

### Protanopia

28.7207, 30.9397, 17.8228

### Deuteranopia

31.3514, 30.8357, 20.5191



## Tritanopia

26.9538, 31.2076, 42.6333

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724

## Protanomaly

25.6976, 30.5893, 18.4598

## Deuteranomaly

27.0280, 30.2507, 20.3340

## Tritanomaly

25.1091, 31.2371, 33.1397

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

23.8377, 28.0136, 25.2699

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 165, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 165, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 165, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 165, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 165, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 165, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 165, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 165, 111); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 165, 111); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 165, 111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.2682, 31.1221, 19.8724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 165, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
165, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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