

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.3444, 38.8347, 25.4940)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.3444, 38.8347, 25.4940)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.2689, 38.7168,  
25.3682)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BF7C
RGB	0, 191, 124
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 49%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2510, 0.5137
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.35, 0.25
HSL	159°, 100%, 37%
HSV	159°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682
YIQ	126.2530, -92.3290, -61.3290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

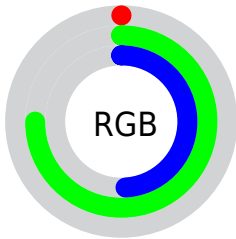
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 116, 191
Decimal	49020
CIELab	68.55, -56.18, 22.70
CIELCh	69, 60.593, 157.997
Yxy	38.7168, 0.2579, 0.4484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239100 (0xFF00BF7C)
YUV	126.2530, -1.1107, -110.7239
Hunter-Lab	62.2228, -45.0067, 19.3835

# Details

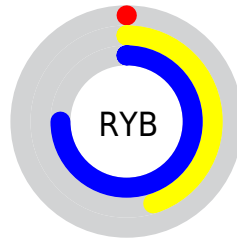
The XYZ color **22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. A complement of this color would be **22.5005, 11.4826, 6.3436**, and the grayscale version is **19.9458, 20.9846, 22.8522**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.8485, 73.5224, 53.3170**, and **10.0742, 18.1163, 9.6224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.2693, 38.7181, 25.3670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9790, 39.0332, 27.6903**.

# Distribution



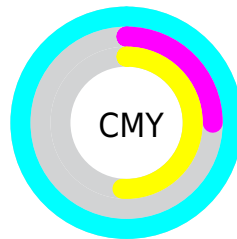
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 22.2689, 38.7168,  
25.3682


 22.2689, 38.7168,  
25.3682


256.5534,  
340.6849, 293.1728


 14.1723, 26.5395,  
16.1301


 46.6656, 73.2055,  
53.2254


 8.3231, 17.2277,  
9.4609


 63.6964, 96.2856,  
72.6816


 4.3559, 10.3969,  
4.9421


 84.4360, 123.7689,  
96.3809

 1.9054, 5.6629,  
2.1552

 109.2498,  
156.0396, 124.7418

 0.5800, 2.6412,  
0.6483

 138.5030,  
193.4821, 158.1830

 0.0000, 0.9474,  
0.0000

 172.5611,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

236.4810, 197.1228

0.0000

211.7895,  
285.4204, 241.9799

■ 22.2689, 38.7168,  
25.3682

■ 22.2689, 38.7168,  
25.3682

■ 22.2693, 38.7181,  
25.3670

■ 22.9790, 39.0332,  
27.6903

■ 23.9832, 39.4969,  
30.1786

■ 25.3791, 40.1590,  
32.8412

■ 27.2155, 41.0447,  
35.6832

■ 29.5340, 42.1754,  
38.7092

■ 32.3713, 43.5699,  
41.9235

■ 35.7603, 45.2450,  
45.3301

■ 39.7310, 47.2164,  
48.9330

■ 44.3115, 49.4983,  
52.7359

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.6160, 38.7168, 12.8170



22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



21.4503, 38.7168, 49.9006

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



39.4124, 38.7168, 118.5857



53.2428, 38.7168, 17.3680

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



22.5005, 11.4826, 6.3436

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1341, 38.7168, 35.2573



22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



49.2957, 38.7168, 98.6367

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



30.3414, 38.7168, 112.0962



56.5768, 38.7168, 65.0787



44.1138, 38.7168, 9.7864



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



22.8543, 38.7168, 71.9625



56.5768, 38.7168, 65.0787



55.5032, 38.7168, 21.9804

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.2699, 38.7183, 25.3691



63.7271, 80.8740, 80.8801



21.1607, 38.5668, 6.3294



13.4023, 17.4664, 17.1809



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.2699, 38.7183, 25.3691



39.7635, 69.2940, 44.8014



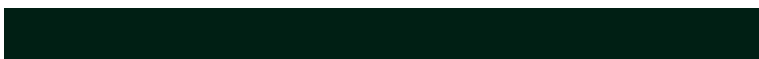
22.9570, 30.8667, 54.0399



9.6626, 10.7511, 11.4725



14.6739, 25.4598, 16.8771



0.6047, 1.0092, 0.8185



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.5005, 11.4826, 6.3436



40.1924, 20.5223, 10.8115



21.8448, 11.7929, 1.1254



9.6647, 9.5902, 10.6232



14.8210, 7.5596, 4.3510

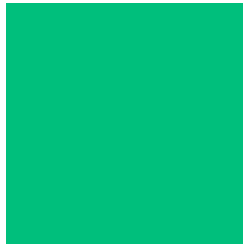


0.6120, 0.3087, 0.3359



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.2689, 38.7168,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682

### Protanopia

35.4392, 38.1680, 21.1221

### Deuteranopia

38.7430, 37.9043, 26.7470



## Tritanopia

29.1207, 38.6804, 58.7546

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



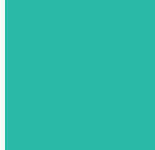
## Protanomaly

25.6111, 35.5891, 22.3492



## Deuteranomaly

26.6276, 34.8953, 25.7541



## Tritanomaly

25.6009, 38.1138, 44.0376

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682



## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206



## Achromatomaly

17.9163, 24.9988, 23.2830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 191, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 191, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 191, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 191, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 191, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 191, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 191, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.2689, 38.7168, 25.3682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 191, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 191,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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