

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.5574, 31.6232, 30.5399)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.5574, 31.6232, 30.5399)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.5390, 31.5689,  
30.4967)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56A78E
RGB	86, 167, 142
RGB Percent	34%, 65%, 56%
CMY	0.6627, 0.3451, 0.4431
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.15, 0.35
HSL	161°, 32%, 50%
HSV	161°, 49%, 65%
XYZ	22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967
YIQ	139.9310, -40.2510, -24.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

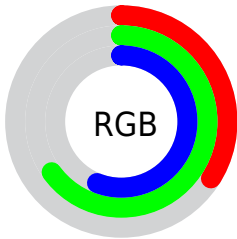
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	86, 134, 167
Decimal	5678990
CIELab	62.98, -30.97, 5.32
CIElCh	63, 31.425, 170.244
Yxy	31.5689, 0.2664, 0.3731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283869070 (0xFF56A78E)
YUV	139.9310, 1.0200, -47.2975
Hunter-Lab	56.1862, -26.7209, 7.1490

# Details

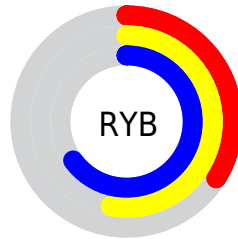
The XYZ color **22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **22.1345, 16.0196, 16.9657**, and the grayscale version is **24.9086, 26.2058, 28.5381**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.3360, 62.4236, 61.7786**, and **8.4280, 13.0542, 12.2007** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.7994, 30.7166, 28.4420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.6575, 32.6161, 32.6640**.

# Distribution



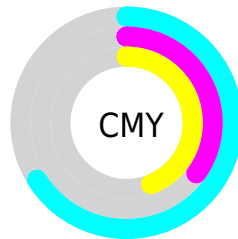
- Red (34%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.5390, 31.5689,  
30.4967

■ 22.5390, 31.5689,  
30.4967

257.9281,  
309.1507, 318.4920

■ 14.3723, 21.0324,  
19.9607

■ 47.1075, 62.1346,  
61.5171

■ 8.4635, 13.1477,  
12.1827

■ 64.2400, 82.9327,  
82.8385

■ 4.4472, 7.5303,  
6.7442

■ 85.0918, 107.9201,  
108.5921

■ 1.9581, 3.7959,  
3.2266

■ 110.0283,  
137.4812, 139.1964

■ 0.6103, 1.5601,  
1.2115

139.4148,  
172.0004, 175.0700

■ 0.0000, 0.3305,  
0.0000

173.6167,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

211.8622, 216.6314

0.0000

212.9993,  
257.4508, 264.2993

■ 22.5390, 31.5689,  
30.4967

■ 22.5390, 31.5689,  
30.4967

■ 20.7994, 30.7166,  
28.4420

■ 24.6575, 32.6161,  
32.6640

■ 19.4105, 30.0422,  
26.4951

■ 27.1755, 33.8663,  
34.9440

■ 18.3441, 29.5321,  
24.6543


■ 30.1151, 35.3317,  
37.3396


■ 17.5665, 29.1689,  
22.9167


■ 33.4961, 37.0226,  
39.8529

■ 17.0162, 28.9210,  
21.2780


■ 37.3368, 38.9482,  
42.4859

 16.9401, 28.8869,  
21.0404

 41.6548, 41.1177,  
45.2407

 46.4664, 43.5395,  
48.1189

 51.7873, 46.2215,  
51.1226

 57.6325, 49.1716,  
54.2535

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.0602, 31.5689, 21.2908



22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967



22.8654, 31.5689, 43.2820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967



32.9731, 31.5689, 61.8813



35.6387, 31.5689, 19.1330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967



22.1345, 16.0196, 16.9657

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.4954, 31.5689, 26.7792



22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967



36.8569, 31.5689, 51.9470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967



28.6193, 31.5689, 63.5624



38.9614, 31.5689, 38.5649



31.4353, 31.5689, 15.8507



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967



24.0996, 31.5689, 52.1521



38.9614, 31.5689, 38.5649



36.8046, 31.5689, 21.1779

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.5399, 31.5702, 30.4974



55.8002, 64.2077, 68.3011



22.1371, 31.7325, 13.7629



12.2225, 14.2363, 15.0830



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.5399, 31.5702, 30.4974



37.0968, 54.9351, 50.7397



22.0664, 27.2749, 40.6623



7.6475, 8.4920, 9.1297



12.9849, 22.1127, 16.2190



0.3372, 0.5465, 0.5069



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.1345, 16.0196, 16.9657



36.3035, 23.8090, 23.7444



22.2562, 18.1666, 11.1382



7.6229, 7.5790, 8.3315



12.6809, 6.4811, 3.1315



0.3312, 0.1668, 0.1955



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

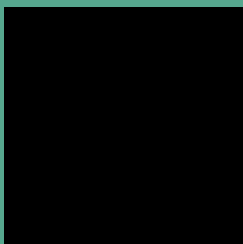
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

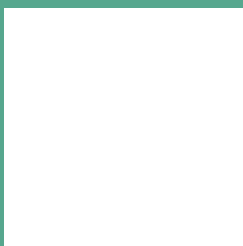
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967.



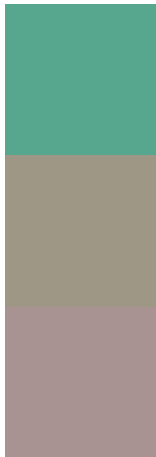
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.5390, 31.5689,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967

### Protanopia

29.4702, 31.1235, 27.0085

### Deuteranopia

31.6156, 30.9579, 31.5033



## Tritanopia

25.4821, 31.4226, 45.2796

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967

**Protanomaly**

26.0880, 30.8256, 28.2419

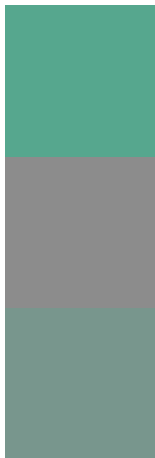
**Deuteranomaly**

27.1477, 30.5588, 31.2557

**Tritanomaly**

24.3000, 31.4706, 39.4440

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967

**Achromatopsia**

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

**Achromatomaly**

23.4598, 27.7288, 29.3150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 167, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 167, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 167, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 167, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 167, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 167, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 167, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 167, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 167, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 167,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.5390, 31.5689, 30.4967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 167, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 167,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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