

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.5875, 30.7311,  
131.1653)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.5875, 30.7311, 131.1653)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(32.8025, 36.7250,  
99.9675)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00ACFF
RGB	0, 172, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3255, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 100%, 50%
HSV	200°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675
YIQ	130.0340, -129.1550, -10.6510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 103, 255
Decimal	44287
CIELab	67.07, -7.34, -51.16
CIELCh	67, 51.685, 261.833
Yxy	36.7250, 0.1935, 0.2167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234367 (0xFF00ACFF)
YUV	130.0340, 61.6082, -114.0398
Hunter-Lab	60.6012, -9.4326, -55.3838

# Details

The XYZ color **32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **44.3394, 27.4581, 2.9652**, and the grayscale version is **21.0604, 22.1572, 24.1292**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.2012, 65.6029, 104.5191**, and **16.9095, 17.5102, 55.9147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7981, 36.7162, 99.9660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.8479, 40.1994, 100.5303**.

# Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.8025, 36.7250,  
99.9675

■ 32.8025, 36.7250,  
99.9675

306.4396,  
332.1184, 581.3343

■ 22.1337, 24.9946,  
75.6567

■ 63.4238, 70.1496,  
163.1640

■ 14.0723, 16.0731,  
55.6461

■ 84.1070, 92.6127,  
202.8868

■ 8.2530, 9.5759,  
39.5171

■ 108.8591,  
119.4221, 248.5839

■ 4.3104, 5.1187,  
26.8513

■ 138.0454,  
150.9623, 300.6740

■ 1.8792, 2.3171,  
17.2302

■ 172.0312,  
187.6176, 359.5755

■ 0.5647, 0.7827,  
10.2350

211.1819,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

229.7725, 425.7070

5.4474

255.8630,  
277.8113, 499.4871

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.4488

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8128

■ 32.8025, 36.7250,  
99.9675

■ 32.8025, 36.7250,  
99.9675

■ 32.7981, 36.7162,  
99.9660

■ 34.8479, 40.1994,  
100.5303

■ 37.5321, 44.1518,  
101.1517

■ 41.0220, 48.6712,  
101.8401

■ 45.4199, 53.8128,  
102.6008

■ 50.8120, 59.6235,  
103.4381

■ 57.2736, 66.1443,  
104.3562

■ 64.8722, 73.4125,  
105.3586

■ 73.6698, 81.4622,  
106.4487

■ 83.7233, 90.3249,  
107.6295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3737, 36.7250, 84.5923



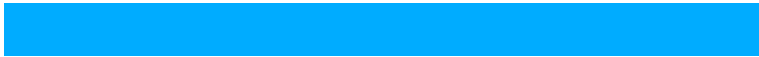
32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675



40.8348, 36.7250, 95.1364

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675



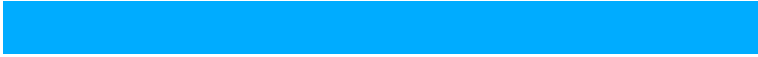
50.9015, 36.7250, 25.9515



24.3195, 36.7250, 18.7581

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675



44.3394, 27.4581, 2.9652

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5808, 36.7250, 11.7605



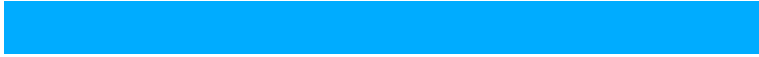
32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675



45.1047, 36.7250, 14.6952

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675



52.1080, 36.7250, 46.4574



37.0976, 36.7250, 10.6203

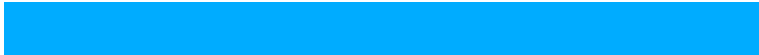


21.9797, 36.7250, 34.1476



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675



45.9894, 36.7250, 81.6921



37.0976, 36.7250, 10.6203



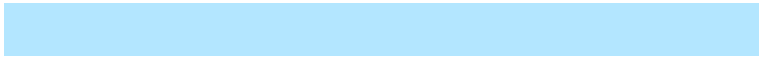
25.7639, 36.7250, 15.6277

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.8038, 36.7261, 99.9676



64.8477, 73.3896, 105.3555



37.2387, 72.1116, 19.7020



13.1641, 15.0327, 22.4577



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

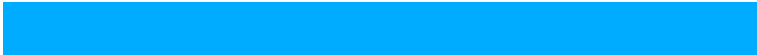


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

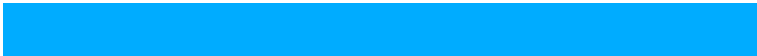


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.8038, 36.7261, 99.9676



32.7981, 36.7162, 99.9660



19.0600, 9.2385, 95.3864



18.0272, 19.4259, 23.0494



17.2795, 19.4685, 52.2817



1.7820, 2.0947, 5.1237



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6874, 24.2403, 41.1432



48.6842, 24.2377, 41.1304



63.8607, 66.5008, 9.4723



18.5264, 18.1939, 21.3889



25.5101, 12.6933, 21.8683



2.5341, 1.2560, 2.3938



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

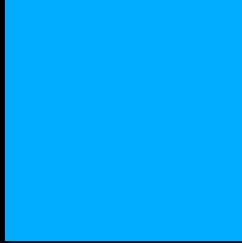
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

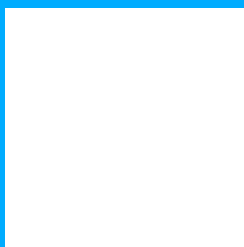
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675.



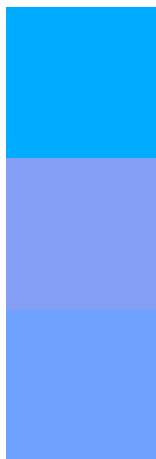
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 32.8025, 36.7250,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675

### Protanopia

38.4001, 36.3145, 90.5734

### Deuteranopia

37.5259, 36.4402, 99.6636



## Tritanopia

25.9469, 36.4928, 56.1283

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675

**Protanomaly**

33.9650, 35.2595, 93.8226

**Deuteranomaly**

34.2848, 35.8320, 99.7170

**Tritanomaly**

28.1168, 36.4021, 70.5102

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675

**Achromatopsia**

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095

**Achromatomaly**

21.4305, 25.1849, 44.2891

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 172, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 172, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 172, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 172, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 172, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 172, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 172, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 172, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 172, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 172,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 32.8025, 36.7250, 99.9675 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 172, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 172,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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