

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.5885, 32.1556, 5.2029)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.5885, 32.1556, 5.2029)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.6095, 32.1648,  
5.2178)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FA707
RGB	127, 167, 7
RGB Percent	50%, 65%, 3%
CMY	0.5020, 0.3451, 0.9725
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.96, 0.35
HSL	75°, 92%, 34%
HSV	75°, 96%, 65%
XYZ	22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178
YIQ	136.8000, 27.5200, -58.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

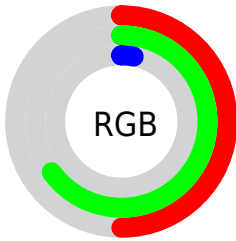
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	7, 167, 47
Decimal	8365831
CIELab	63.48, -32.78, 64.39
CIELCh	63, 72.250, 116.979
Yxy	32.1648, 0.3769, 0.5362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286555911 (0xFF7FA707)
YUV	136.8000, -63.9914, -8.5946
Hunter-Lab	56.7140, -28.0891, 34.2450

# Details

The XYZ color **22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **8.2248, 3.5473, 36.8123**, and the grayscale version is **23.9305, 25.1767, 27.4174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.2280, 62.9687, 16.6862**, and **8.8032, 13.6392, 2.1686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.3128, 32.0173, 5.0040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.3687, 32.5430, 5.8985**.

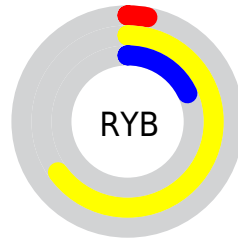
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (65%)

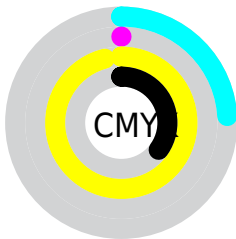
Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (18%)

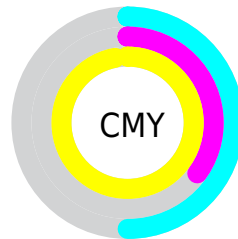


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.6095, 32.1648,  
5.2178

■ 22.6095, 32.1648,  
5.2178

258.2859,  
311.8693, 160.9277

■ 14.4245, 21.4874,  
2.3146

■ 47.2227, 63.0694,  
16.7331

■ 8.5002, 13.4807,  
0.7394

■ 64.3817, 84.0653,  
26.1823

■ 4.4711, 7.7604,  
0.0000

■ 85.2627, 109.2696,  
38.6506

■ 1.9720, 3.9420,  
0.0000

■ 110.2311,  
139.0665, 54.5566

■ 0.6181, 1.6412,  
0.0000

■ 139.6523,  
173.8406, 74.3188

■ 0.0000, 0.3851,  
0.0000

■ 173.8916,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

213.9761, 98.3556

0.0000

213.3143,  
259.8576, 127.0858

22.6095, 32.1648,  
5.2178

22.6095, 32.1648,  
5.2178

22.3128, 32.0173,  
5.0040

23.3687, 32.5430,  
5.8985

24.2579, 32.9750,  
7.1311

25.2966, 33.4699,  
9.0133

26.4991, 34.0334,  
11.6188

27.8779, 34.6705,  
15.0115

■ 29.4439, 35.3857,  
19.2484

■ 31.2073, 36.1830,  
24.3809

■ 33.1774, 37.0662,  
30.4567

■ 35.3628, 38.0387,  
37.5197

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.6025, 32.1648, 3.7176



22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178



17.0524, 32.1648, 12.6770

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178



21.1959, 32.1648, 105.0290



54.2410, 32.1648, 38.0237

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178



8.2248, 3.5473, 36.8123

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8268, 32.1648, 74.7145



22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178



29.5635, 32.1648, 124.5788

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178



16.3708, 32.1648, 66.6431



40.2130, 32.1648, 111.2187



51.2521, 32.1648, 15.4230



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178



15.3335, 32.1648, 23.9646



40.2130, 32.1648, 111.2187



53.5544, 32.1648, 49.0449

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.6102, 32.1662, 5.2185



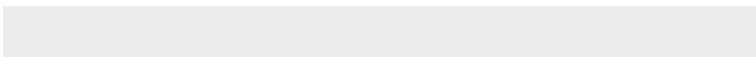
54.6685, 64.2485, 40.0448



16.9926, 10.2653, 1.2873



11.9458, 14.2473, 8.1276



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.6102, 32.1662, 5.2185



39.7614, 57.2364, 8.9521



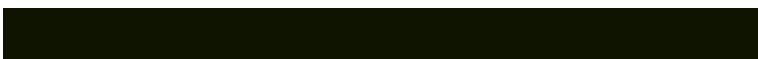
15.0307, 28.2589, 4.8638



7.9610, 8.6780, 8.0447



17.1195, 24.5227, 3.8311



0.4592, 0.6186, 0.0952



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2248, 3.5473, 36.8123



14.0238, 5.7865, 65.8530



15.8050, 7.4550, 37.1670



7.3011, 7.3878, 9.4595



6.0997, 2.5279, 28.1419



0.1937, 0.0849, 0.6868



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.6095, 32.1648,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178

### Protanopia

28.7892, 31.9954, 4.6584

### Deuteranopia

32.3650, 31.6872, 5.7067



## Tritanopia

29.9446, 32.0206, 41.6481

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178

## Protanomaly

26.1249, 31.8708, 4.8609

## Deuteranomaly

27.8982, 31.2754, 5.3254

## Tritanomaly

25.4750, 31.2188, 19.1511

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178

## Achromatopsia

23.7775, 25.0158, 27.2422

## Achromatomaly

22.1082, 26.9045, 13.7007

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 167, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 167, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 167, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 167, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 167, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 167, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 167, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 167, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 167, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 167,  
7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.6095, 32.1648, 5.2178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 167, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
167, 7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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