

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.5922, 22.9986, 15.7116)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.5922, 22.9986, 15.7116)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.6430, 23.0494,  
15.8259)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	958166
RGB	149, 129, 102
RGB Percent	58%, 51%, 40%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4941, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.32, 0.42
HSL	34°, 19%, 49%
HSV	34°, 32%, 58%
XYZ	22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259
YIQ	131.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

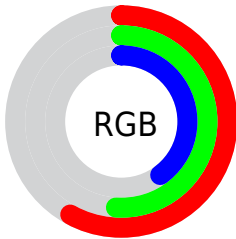
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	137, 149, 102
Decimal	9797990
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.12, 3.39, 17.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 17.797, 79.013
Yxy	23.0494, 0.3681, 0.3747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287988070 (0xFF958166)
YUV	131.9020, -14.7417, 14.9949
Hunter-Lab	48.0098, 0.1694, 14.0626

# Details

The XYZ color **22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **17.8637, 18.9133, 31.1431**, and the grayscale version is **21.9436, 23.0863, 25.1410**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.3796, 48.5932, 37.0192**, and **8.4880, 8.5545, 4.8183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.1603, 21.1622, 12.0079**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.3115, 25.0955, 20.3617**.

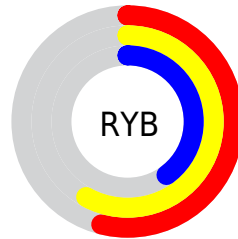
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (51%)

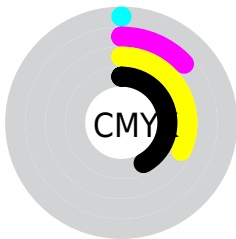
Blue (40%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (40%)

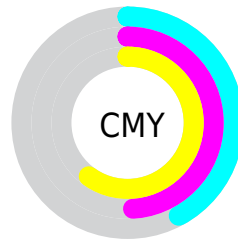


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 22.6430, 23.0494,  
15.8259


 22.6430, 23.0494,  
15.8259

258.4558,  
267.9786, 240.1227


 14.4494, 14.6300,  
9.2480


 47.2774, 48.4744,  
37.0583


 8.5177, 8.5601,  
4.8043


 64.4490, 66.2488,  
52.5498

 4.4825, 4.4554,  
2.0762

 85.3438, 87.9104,  
71.8497

 1.9786, 1.9314,  
0.6015

 110.3274,  
113.8434, 95.3765

 0.6219, 0.5672,  
0.0000

139.7650,  
144.4324, 123.5486

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

174.0221,

180.0616, 156.7846

213.4638,  
221.1156, 195.5032

■ 22.6430, 23.0494,  
15.8259

■ 22.6430, 23.0494,  
15.8259

■ 21.1603, 21.1622,  
12.0079

■ 24.3115, 25.0955,  
20.3617

■ 19.8537, 19.4259,  
8.8685

■ 26.1716, 27.3018,  
25.6489

■ 18.7149, 17.8368,  
6.3668

■ 28.2309, 29.6736,  
31.7206

■ 17.7344, 16.3892,  
4.4570

■ 30.4961, 32.2148,  
38.6076

■ 16.9013, 15.0772,  
3.0870

■ 32.9734, 34.9295,  
46.3390

■ 16.2029, 13.8942,  
2.1953

■ 35.6689, 37.8212,  
54.9423

■ 15.6909, 12.9824,  
1.6789

■ 38.5883, 40.8936,  
64.4441

■ 41.7372, 44.1501,  
74.8694

■ 45.1209, 47.5942,  
86.2426

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.5067, 23.0494, 17.7192



22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259



20.6882, 23.0494, 16.1188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259



18.4949, 23.0494, 28.8276



24.9159, 23.0494, 32.9676

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259



17.8637, 18.9133, 31.1431

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.1744, 23.0494, 36.9100



22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259



19.4994, 23.0494, 34.2817

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259



18.3717, 23.0494, 23.0714



21.1886, 23.0494, 37.4243



25.8707, 23.0494, 27.2375



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259



19.5927, 23.0494, 17.5281



21.1886, 23.0494, 37.4243



24.3984, 23.0494, 34.5805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.6436, 23.0505, 15.8264



47.7077, 49.8694, 48.3716



20.6816, 17.3068, 20.7825



10.4674, 10.9294, 10.4130



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.6436, 23.0505, 15.8264



38.5992, 38.8083, 23.2753



24.9763, 28.5532, 16.7656



6.0608, 6.3353, 6.1439



13.2358, 10.9861, 1.4229



0.1913, 0.1930, 0.0272



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8637, 18.9133, 31.1431



28.6280, 30.1812, 55.2379



16.0178, 14.6843, 30.4241



5.6902, 6.0144, 7.3307



6.1085, 4.9119, 24.5572



0.1030, 0.1166, 0.3100



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

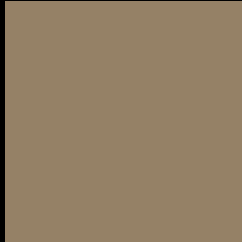
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.6430, 23.0494,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259

### Protanopia

21.6840, 23.1445, 16.1564

### Deuteranopia

23.5052, 23.1066, 15.7915



## Tritanopia

24.7736, 23.1608, 25.7190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259

## Protanomaly

22.0661, 23.1412, 16.1356

## Deuteranomaly

23.2543, 23.1700, 15.8170

## Tritanomaly

23.9226, 23.0022, 21.5914

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259

## Achromatopsia

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

## Achromatomaly

22.0487, 23.0163, 21.3697

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 129, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 129, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 129, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 129, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 129, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 129, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 129, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 129, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 129, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 129,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.6430, 23.0494, 15.8259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 129, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
129, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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