

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.6745, 19.4688, 16.2068)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.6745, 19.4688, 16.2068)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.7681, 19.5550,  
16.2101)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A16D6A
RGB	161, 109, 106
RGB Percent	63%, 43%, 42%
CMY	0.3686, 0.5725, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.34, 0.37
HSL	3°, 23%, 52%
HSV	3°, 34%, 63%
XYZ	22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101
YIQ	124.2060, 31.9550, 10.0910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

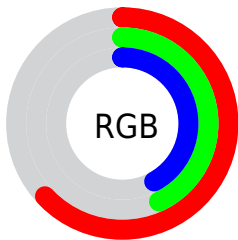
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	161, 109, 106
Decimal	10579306
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.33, 20.31, 10.09
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 22.677, 26.411
Yxy	19.5550, 0.3890, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288769386 (0xFFA16D6A)
YUV	124.2060, -8.9756, 32.2683
Hunter-Lab	44.2210, 14.5175, 9.2208

# Details

The XYZ color **22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **24.6031, 30.0898, 38.2294**, and the grayscale version is **19.2489, 20.2514, 22.0537**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.4459, 42.6758, 37.6349**, and **8.6425, 6.8414, 5.0027** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.5227, 16.2806, 11.7115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.4529, 23.4565, 21.6311**.

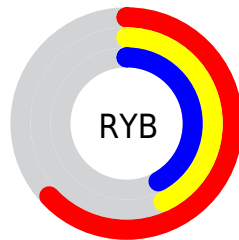
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (43%)

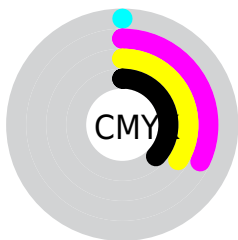
Blue (42%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (42%)

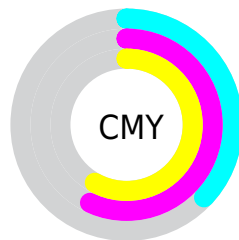


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (57%)


Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 22.7681, 19.5550,  
16.2101


 22.7681, 19.5550,  
16.2101


259.0893,  
249.4958, 242.4662


 14.5421, 12.0720,  
9.5170


 47.4817, 42.6698,  
37.7344


 8.5829, 6.7927,  
4.9785


 64.7001, 59.0705,  
53.4027

 4.5250, 3.3328,  
2.1761

 85.6466, 79.2124,  
72.8998

 2.0032, 1.3079,  
0.6605

 110.6867,  
103.4801, 96.6442

 0.6358, 0.1473,  
0.0000

140.1856,  
132.2578, 125.0545

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

174.5088,

165.9301, 158.5493

214.0216,  
204.8813, 197.5470

■ 22.7681, 19.5550,  
16.2101

■ 22.7681, 19.5550,  
16.2101

■ 20.5227, 16.2806,  
11.7115

■ 25.4529, 23.4565,  
21.6311

■ 18.6918, 13.5980,  
8.0829

■ 28.5972, 28.0125,  
28.0207

■ 17.2506, 11.4726,  
5.2684

■ 32.2217, 33.2520,  
35.4233

■ 16.1707, 9.8653,  
3.2051

■ 36.3452, 39.2017,  
43.8803

■ 15.4200, 8.7317,  
1.8209

■ 40.9857, 45.8866,  
53.4307

■ 14.9606, 8.0200,  
1.0295

■ 46.1603, 53.3308,  
64.1117

■ 14.7934, 7.7680,  
0.7197

■ 51.8853, 61.5568,  
75.9584

■ 58.1761, 70.5868,  
89.0047

■ 65.0478, 80.4416,  
103.2831

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.2828, 19.5550, 22.0828



22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101



21.1025, 19.5550, 12.4973

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101



15.1881, 19.5550, 15.1080



18.3150, 19.5550, 36.3313

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101



24.6031, 30.0898, 38.2294

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2787, 19.5550, 33.4698



22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101



14.5683, 19.5550, 20.5205

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101



16.7150, 19.5550, 11.9577



14.9510, 19.5550, 27.3386



20.5926, 19.5550, 34.5370



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101



19.6290, 19.5550, 11.3206



14.9510, 19.5550, 27.3386



17.5814, 19.5550, 35.8695

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.7686, 19.5559, 16.2105



53.6895, 53.7472, 55.2289



26.0451, 20.3625, 35.0183



11.5920, 11.5231, 11.7393



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.7686, 19.5559, 16.2105



37.6470, 30.4610, 22.7556



26.1389, 26.2966, 17.3339



7.1034, 7.1452, 7.3849



11.8250, 6.2239, 0.5781



0.2572, 0.1483, 0.0151



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6031, 30.0898, 38.2294



41.4345, 52.2312, 68.2843



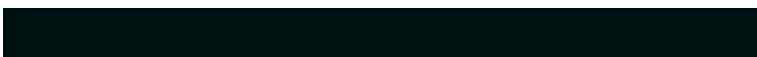
20.4598, 21.8030, 36.8483



7.2428, 7.9447, 9.0548



14.1421, 20.0637, 30.0571



0.3065, 0.4402, 0.6347



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

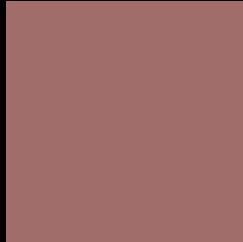
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.7681, 19.5550,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101

### Protanopia

18.6926, 19.6233, 18.4253

### Deuteranopia

19.9616, 19.6191, 15.8315



## Tritanopia

23.4152, 19.6675, 19.0851

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101

## Protanomaly

19.8232, 19.3373, 17.4395

## Deuteranomaly

20.8933, 19.5773, 16.0422

## Tritanomaly

23.1875, 19.5764, 17.8857

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101

## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

## Achromatomaly

20.1242, 19.7964, 19.5900

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 109, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 109, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 109, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 109, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 109, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 109, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 109, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 109, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 109, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 109,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.7681, 19.5550, 16.2101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 109, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
109, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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