

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.7761, 46.8655, 73.5896)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.7761, 46.8655, 73.5896)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(37.0803, 54.1215,  
74.1378)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D8D9
RGB	0, 216, 217
RGB Percent	0%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.9998, 0.1529, 0.1490
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	180°, 100%, 43%
HSV	180°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378
YIQ	151.5300, -129.0570, -45.4810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

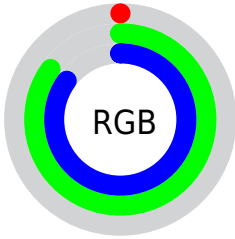
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 108, 217
Decimal	55513
CIELab	78.53, -42.12, -12.96
CIELCh	79, 44.071, 197.106
Yxy	54.1215, 0.2243, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278245593 (0xFF00D8D9)
YUV	151.5300, 32.2767, -132.8918
Hunter-Lab	73.5673, -38.7730, -8.2526

# Details

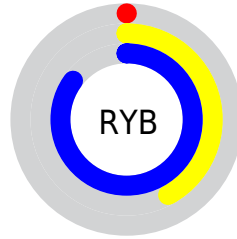
The XYZ color **37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **28.6275, 14.7750, 1.3447**, and the grayscale version is **29.5560, 31.0953, 33.8627**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.2404, 82.0550, 107.2709**, and **19.0924, 27.7502, 38.5325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.0812, 54.1230, 74.1391**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4324, 54.3422, 74.1628**.

# Distribution



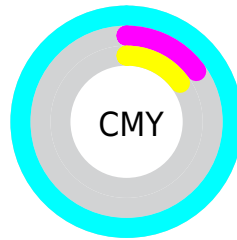
- Red (0%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



37.0803, 54.1215,  
74.1378

37.0803, 54.1215,  
74.1378

325.0075,  
402.5732, 494.1249

25.4436, 38.6988,  
54.4094

70.0093, 96.2526,  
126.8270

16.5384, 26.5255,  
38.5336

92.0323, 123.7298,  
160.6248

9.9992, 17.2172,  
26.0921

118.2482,  
155.9940, 199.9495

5.4607, 10.3895,  
16.6662

149.0223,  
193.4295, 245.2196

2.5575, 5.6579,  
9.8373

184.7199,  
236.4208, 296.8536

0.9244, 2.6382,  
5.1870

225.7064,

0.0000, 0.9459,

285.3523, 355.2702

2.2968

272.3472,  
340.6082, 420.8878

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7294

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 37.0803, 54.1215,  
74.1378

■ 37.0803, 54.1215,  
74.1378

■ 37.0812, 54.1230,  
74.1391

■ 37.4324, 54.3422,  
74.1628

■ 38.1480, 54.7491,  
74.2037

■ 39.3485, 55.4060,  
74.2672

■ 41.1009, 56.3475,  
74.3566

■ 43.4618, 57.6027,  
74.4744

■ 46.4806, 59.1970,  
74.6230

■ 50.2018, 61.1535,  
74.8045

■ 54.6660, 63.4930,  
75.0208

■ 59.9106, 66.2349,  
75.2736

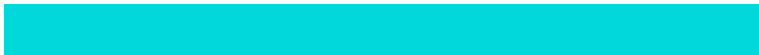
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.8256, 54.1215, 48.8929



37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



40.8959, 54.1215, 101.3455

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



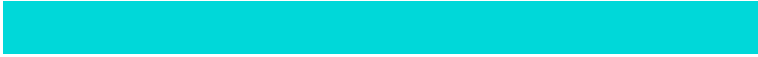
64.6637, 54.1215, 97.8209



55.2561, 54.1215, 23.5349

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



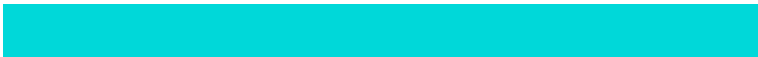
28.6275, 14.7750, 1.3447

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.6585, 54.1215, 30.3877



37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



69.4869, 54.1215, 70.2526

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



56.5083, 54.1215, 117.4412



69.0996, 54.1215, 45.9571



46.6858, 54.1215, 24.0315



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



45.2169, 54.1215, 114.8462



69.0996, 54.1215, 45.9571



58.2112, 54.1215, 24.9508

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.0819, 54.1235, 74.1391



72.1728, 88.0398, 107.7972



24.8143, 49.6270, 8.2728



14.9352, 18.5748, 23.0481



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.0819, 54.1235, 74.1391



53.4368, 77.9935, 106.8456



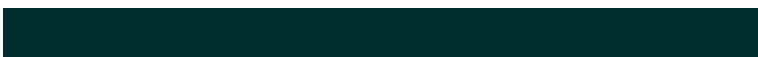
17.9439, 15.8474, 67.7597



13.4395, 14.8188, 16.8041



22.4490, 32.7674, 44.8800



1.4561, 2.1262, 2.9081



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0114, 19.7112, 66.6109



59.1016, 28.4046, 95.9879



34.0346, 25.5892, 3.1470



13.6117, 13.2738, 16.4825



24.8265, 11.9317, 40.3281



1.6092, 0.7733, 2.6172



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

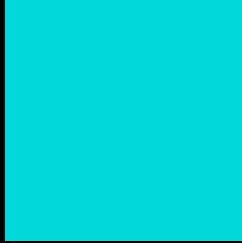
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

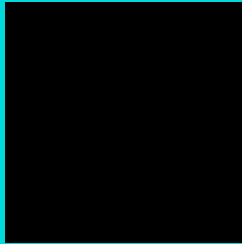
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

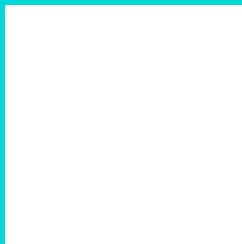
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378.



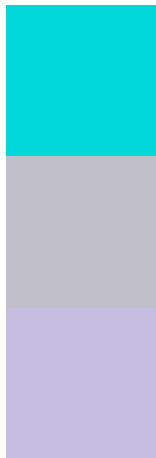
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.0803, 54.1215,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378

### Protanopia

51.5026, 53.3010, 63.4508

### Deuteranopia

54.3285, 53.1645, 77.2104



## **Tritanopia**

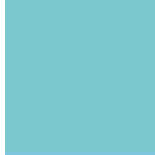
39.2697, 54.2747, 84.0076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



## Protanomaly

40.3175, 50.4892, 66.6519



## Deuteranomaly

41.7027, 49.9686, 75.8536



## Tritanomaly

38.4046, 54.2861, 80.4056

# Monochromacy



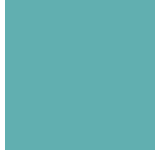
## Original Color

37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378



## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934



## Achromatomaly

28.0962, 36.3359, 46.6070

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 216, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 216, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 216, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 216, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 216, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 216, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 216, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 216, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 216, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 216,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.0803, 54.1215, 74.1378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 216, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 216,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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