

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.8830, 26.2491,  
50.8742)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5293BB
RGB	82, 147, 187
RGB Percent	32%, 58%, 73%
CMY	0.6784, 0.4235, 0.2667
CMYK	0.56, 0.21, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	203°, 44%, 53%
HSV	203°, 56%, 73%
XYZ	22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742
YIQ	132.1250, -51.5800, -1.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

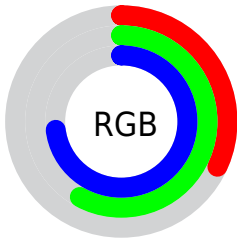
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	82, 122, 187
Decimal	5411771
CIE Lab	58.27, -9.09, -27.14
CIE LCh	58, 28.621, 251.477
Yxy	26.2491, 0.2288, 0.2625
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283601851 (0xFF5293BB)
YUV	132.1250, 27.0534, -43.9596
Hunter-Lab	51.2339, -9.9344, -23.0101

# Details

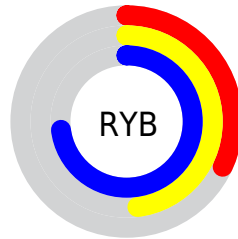
The XYZ color **22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **28.9769, 25.0941, 11.3000**, and the grayscale version is **21.8968, 23.0372, 25.0875**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.7118, 53.7333, 92.6509**, and **8.7158, 10.3418, 24.0910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.3995, 23.3753, 50.4509**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.8800, 29.4904, 51.3424**.

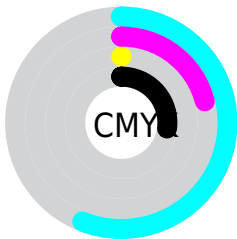
# Distribution



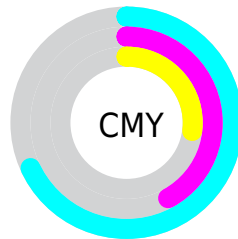
- Red (32%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.8830, 26.2491,  
50.8742

■ 22.8830, 26.2491,  
50.8742

259.6701,  
284.0028, 406.9074

■ 14.6274, 17.0101,  
35.7325

■ 47.6692, 53.6765,  
92.8784

■ 8.6429, 10.2417,  
23.9396

■ 64.9305, 72.6337,  
120.5779

■ 4.5642, 5.5595,  
15.0770

■ 85.9244, 95.5991,  
153.3005

■ 2.0260, 2.5791,  
8.7262

■ 111.0162,  
122.9571, 191.4646

■ 0.6485, 0.9162,  
4.4687

140.5713,  
155.0921, 235.4888

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.8858

174.9551,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

192.3884, 285.7917

0.4837

214.5329,  
235.2305, 342.7917

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 22.8830, 26.2491,  
50.8742

■ 22.8830, 26.2491,  
50.8742

■ 20.3995, 23.3753,  
50.4509

■ 25.8800, 29.4904,  
51.3424

■ 18.3885, 20.8447,  
50.0684

■ 29.4218, 33.1157,  
51.8555

■ 16.8070, 18.6336,  
49.7250

■ 33.5401, 37.1436,  
52.4159

■ 15.5982, 16.7109,  
49.4176

■ 38.2634, 41.5905,  
53.0252

■ 15.1877, 16.0239,  
49.3066

■ 43.6181, 46.4715,  
53.6852

■ 49.6290, 51.8012,  
54.3971

■ 56.3195, 57.5931,  
55.1624

■ 63.7118, 63.8603,  
55.9825

■ 71.8271, 70.6151,  
56.8586

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2640, 26.2491, 43.2445



22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742



26.3041, 26.2491, 51.7749

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742



32.0978, 26.2491, 24.9350



20.7745, 26.2491, 16.4931

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742



28.9769, 25.0941, 11.3000

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6412, 26.2491, 13.6137



22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742



30.3056, 26.2491, 17.6747

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742



31.8467, 26.2491, 35.1114



27.1357, 26.2491, 13.9889



19.1270, 26.2491, 22.9148



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742



28.6085, 26.2491, 48.2377



27.1357, 26.2491, 13.9889



21.6157, 26.2491, 15.1546

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.8839, 26.2501, 50.8748



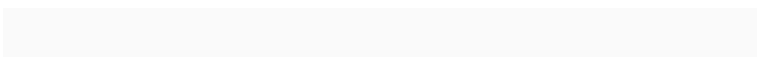
67.5194, 73.5512, 94.8396



24.6714, 38.7034, 24.1001



14.4795, 15.8341, 20.8357



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.8839, 26.2501, 50.8748



35.7738, 40.9404, 90.2182



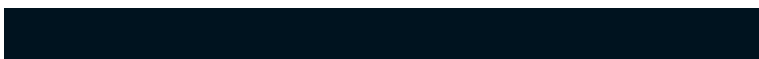
16.6331, 13.7485, 48.7912



9.4950, 10.1822, 12.1371



10.5358, 11.1833, 33.9962



0.4740, 0.5606, 1.3521



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.7780, 18.7069, 29.6987



47.8492, 27.9628, 46.2792



36.9607, 41.0618, 13.9613



9.7717, 9.6330, 11.1867



16.3188, 8.1587, 12.2381



0.6702, 0.3320, 0.6423



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

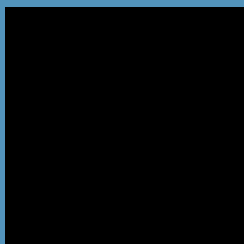
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

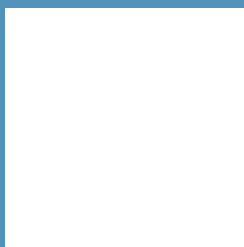
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742.



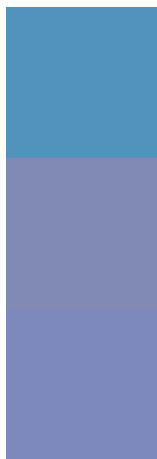
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.8830, 26.2491,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742

### Protanopia

26.2288, 26.0614, 46.8280

### Deuteranopia

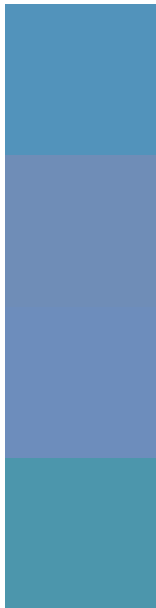
26.5884, 25.9254, 51.7469



## Tritanopia

20.4251, 26.1940, 38.6298

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742

## Protanomaly

24.6277, 25.8482, 48.4909

## Deuteranomaly

24.9087, 25.9318, 51.2695

## Tritanomaly

21.3332, 26.3277, 42.9871

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742

## Achromatopsia

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

## Achromatomaly

21.5526, 23.7357, 33.1513

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 147, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 147, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 147, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 147, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 147, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 147, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 147, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 147, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 147, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 147,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.8830, 26.2491, 50.8742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 147, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 147,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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