

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.9199, 29.2823, 33.1235)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.9199, 29.2823, 33.1235)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(22.9874, 29.3651,  
33.3106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	649E96
RGB	100, 158, 150
RGB Percent	39%, 62%, 59%
CMY	0.6078, 0.3804, 0.4118
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.05, 0.38
HSL	172°, 23%, 51%
HSV	172°, 37%, 62%
XYZ	22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106
YIQ	139.7460, -32.0000, -14.7840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

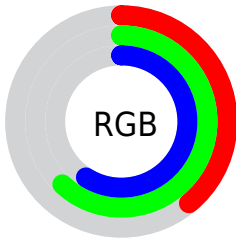
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	100, 131, 158
Decimal	6594198
CIELab	61.10, -20.82, -1.83
CIElCh	61, 20.898, 185.017
Yxy	29.3651, 0.2683, 0.3428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284784278 (0xFF649E96)
YUV	139.7460, 5.0552, -34.8572
Hunter-Lab	54.1896, -19.1115, 1.4868

# Details

The XYZ color **22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **21.3655, 17.4669, 16.4338**, and the grayscale version is **24.8193, 26.1118, 28.4358**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.8302, 58.7204, 65.9400**, and **8.6251, 11.8373, 13.6346** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.2328, 28.4814, 32.3212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.0859, 30.4272, 34.3344**.

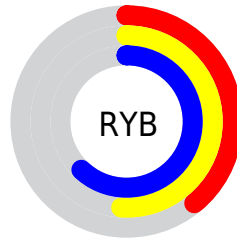
# Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (62%)

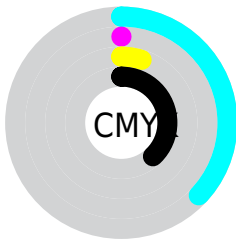
Blue (59%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (62%)

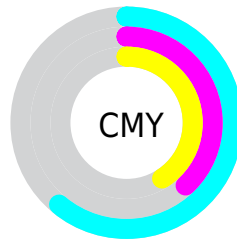


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.9874, 29.3651,  
33.3106

■ 22.9874, 29.3651,  
33.3106

260.1968,  
298.9337, 331.7218

■ 14.7048, 19.3572,  
22.0914

■ 47.8394, 58.6567,  
65.9817

■ 8.6975, 11.9287,  
13.7251

■ 65.1397, 78.7091,  
88.2708

■ 4.5999, 6.6951,  
7.7932

■ 86.1765, 102.8785,  
115.0869

■ 2.0468, 3.2722,  
3.8770

■ 111.3152,  
131.5492, 146.8485

■ 0.6600, 1.2754,  
1.5581

140.9213,  
165.1057, 183.9743

■ 0.0000, 0.1221,  
0.2607

175.3600,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

203.9324, 226.8828

0.0000

214.9967,  
248.4136, 275.9924

■ 22.9874, 29.3651,  
33.3106

■ 22.9874, 29.3651,  
33.3106

■ 21.2328, 28.4814,  
32.3212

■ 25.0859, 30.4272,  
34.3344

■ 19.7998, 27.7624,  
31.3632

■ 27.5439, 31.6735,  
35.3915

■ 18.6677, 27.1981,  
30.4361

■ 30.3790, 33.1138,  
36.4835

■ 17.8119, 26.7759,  
29.5388

■ 33.6071, 34.7563,  
37.6113

■ 17.2043, 26.4813,  
28.6697

■ 37.2428, 36.6086,  
38.7755

■ 16.8022, 26.2923,  
27.8269

■ 41.3005, 38.6780,  
39.9769

■ 16.6859, 26.2382,  
27.5539

■ 45.7933, 40.9714,  
41.2163

■ 50.7342, 43.4953,  
42.4943

■ 56.1354, 46.2562,  
43.8116

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.4050, 29.3651, 26.0186



22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106



23.8169, 29.3651, 41.4302

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106



31.0422, 29.3651, 45.9810



30.1939, 29.3651, 20.1607

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106



21.3655, 17.4669, 16.4338

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4485, 29.3651, 24.0780



22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106



32.9603, 29.3651, 38.7742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106



28.3737, 29.3651, 49.4697



33.4910, 29.3651, 30.6729



27.4527, 29.3651, 19.1820



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106



24.9995, 29.3651, 45.9877



33.4910, 29.3651, 30.6729



31.0394, 29.3651, 21.1420

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.9882, 29.3663, 33.3113



52.7594, 58.9088, 65.3496



20.7978, 28.6073, 16.4827



11.7480, 13.2065, 14.6765



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.9882, 29.3663, 33.3113



39.1013, 51.9938, 59.0207



20.4734, 23.2699, 35.7617



6.7825, 7.4937, 8.2891



13.3738, 21.0175, 22.1232



0.2490, 0.3797, 0.4474



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3655, 17.4669, 16.4338



35.7236, 27.1790, 23.8566



23.1544, 21.6953, 15.0243



6.6685, 6.6603, 7.1054



11.4167, 5.8713, 1.1795

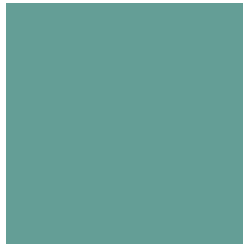


0.2135, 0.1087, 0.0703



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

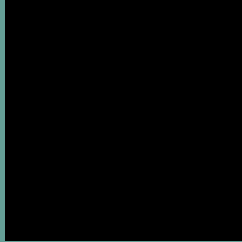
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106.



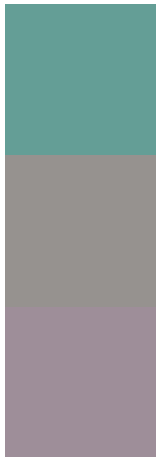
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.9874, 29.3651,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106

### Protanopia

27.8145, 29.0250, 30.1230

### Deuteranopia

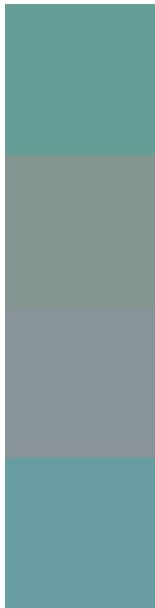
29.5233, 28.9150, 34.1621



## Tritanopia

24.4981, 29.2129, 41.3933

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106

## Protanomaly

25.6104, 28.7935, 31.4020

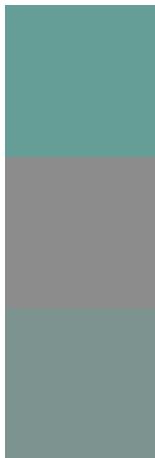
## Deuteranomaly

26.5739, 28.7652, 33.8574

## Tritanomaly

23.9150, 29.2337, 38.1004

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

23.9252, 27.2410, 30.3826

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 158, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 158, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 158, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 158, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 158, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 158, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 158, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 158, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 158, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 158,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.9874, 29.3651, 33.3106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 158, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
158, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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