

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.0701, 25.4382, 16.4736)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.0701, 25.4382, 16.4736)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.1540, 25.5751,  
16.5481)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F8C67
RGB	143, 140, 103
RGB Percent	56%, 55%, 40%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4510, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.28, 0.44
HSL	56°, 16%, 48%
HSV	56°, 28%, 56%
XYZ	23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481
YIQ	136.6790, 13.6650, -10.8710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

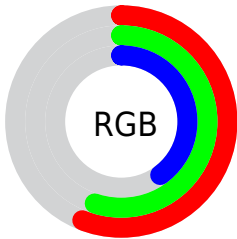
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	106, 143, 103
Decimal	9407591
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.63, -5.11, 20.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 20.854, 104.172
Yxy	25.5751, 0.3547, 0.3918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287597671 (0xFF8F8C67)
YUV	136.6790, -16.6037, 5.5435
Hunter-Lab	50.5718, -6.7756, 15.9994

# Details

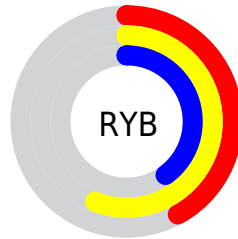
The XYZ color **23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **15.7055, 15.1745, 28.0880**, and the grayscale version is **23.7143, 24.9493, 27.1698**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.9287, 52.3433, 38.1490**, and **8.7836, 9.8732, 5.1841** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.3413, 25.0016, 13.0338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.0924, 26.2031, 20.7106**.

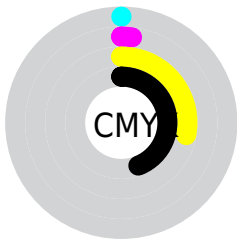
# Distribution



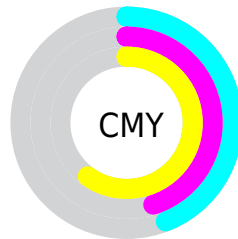
- Red (56%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.1540, 25.5751,  
16.5481

■ 23.1540, 25.5751,  
16.5481

261.0356,  
280.6900, 244.5097

■ 14.8286, 16.5060,  
9.7543

■ 48.1109, 52.5887,  
38.3271

■ 8.7847, 9.8829,  
5.1329

■ 65.4730, 71.3020,  
54.1494

■ 4.6570, 5.3214,  
2.2653

■ 86.5781, 93.9988,  
73.8182

■ 2.0801, 2.4371,  
0.7117

■ 111.7916,  
121.0636, 97.7521

■ 0.6784, 0.8449,  
0.0000

141.4787,  
152.8807, 126.3697

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

176.0048,

189.8346, 160.0895

215.7353,  
232.3095, 199.3300

■ 23.1540, 25.5751,  
16.5481

■ 23.1540, 25.5751,  
16.5481

■ 22.3413, 25.0016,  
13.0338

■ 24.0924, 26.2031,  
20.7106

■ 21.6459, 24.4766,  
10.1333

■ 25.1602, 26.8843,  
25.5502

■ 21.0619, 23.9986,  
7.8111

■ 26.3636, 27.6223,  
31.0961

■ 20.5816, 23.5645,  
6.0279

■ 27.7077, 28.4190,  
37.3753

■ 20.1966, 23.1709,  
4.7392

■ 29.1973, 29.2764,  
44.4133

■ 19.8971, 22.8139,  
3.8934

■ 30.8371, 30.1964,  
52.2345

■ 19.6635, 22.4857,  
3.3871

■ 32.6315, 31.1806,  
60.8620

■ 19.6180, 22.4202,  
3.2935

■ 34.5847, 32.2309,  
70.3183

■ 36.7008, 33.3488,  
80.6246

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.6389, 25.5751, 16.6208



23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481



21.1200, 25.5751, 19.1181

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481



21.0309, 25.5751, 38.5456



29.2160, 25.5751, 31.7602

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481



15.7055, 15.1745, 28.0880

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8025, 25.5751, 38.8952



23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481



23.0247, 25.5751, 43.2462

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481



19.9522, 25.5751, 31.3436



25.5005, 25.5751, 43.3841



29.2565, 25.5751, 24.6205



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481



20.2454, 25.5751, 22.2858



25.5005, 25.5751, 43.3841



28.8815, 25.5751, 34.2639

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.1547, 25.5763, 16.5486



45.0176, 48.1203, 45.5726



18.7971, 16.5880, 15.9382



10.2594, 10.9948, 10.1581



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.1547, 25.5763, 16.5486



40.4595, 45.0985, 25.2651



20.9243, 25.0854, 16.5715



5.8055, 6.2172, 5.7834



17.3526, 19.8368, 2.9143



0.1726, 0.2030, 0.0301



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7055, 15.1745, 28.0880



24.6943, 23.0865, 49.6926



17.5080, 15.6533, 28.0854



5.1601, 5.3159, 6.7829



4.4936, 1.9733, 23.1211



0.0481, 0.0292, 0.2228



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

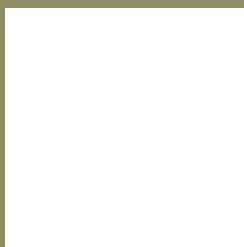
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.1540, 25.5751,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481

### Protanopia

23.6995, 25.4322, 16.2302

### Deuteranopia

26.0416, 25.5815, 16.9298



## Tritanopia

25.8487, 25.3904, 30.3265

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481

## Protanomaly

23.4850, 25.5355, 16.2614

## Deuteranomaly

25.0132, 25.6757, 16.7343

## Tritanomaly

24.6875, 25.3310, 24.7073

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481

## Achromatopsia

23.7775, 25.0158, 27.2422

## Achromatomaly

23.4376, 25.1466, 23.0205

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 140, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 140, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 140, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 140, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 140, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 140, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 140, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 140, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 140, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 140,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.1540, 25.5751, 16.5481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 140, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
140, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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