

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.1031, 15.2059, 67.2985)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.1031, 15.2059, 67.2985)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.0308, 15.1323,  
67.3526)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7554D9
RGB	117, 84, 217
RGB Percent	46%, 33%, 85%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6706, 0.1490
CMYK	0.46, 0.61, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	255°, 64%, 59%
HSV	255°, 61%, 85%
XYZ	23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526
YIQ	109.0290, -23.0250, 48.3590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

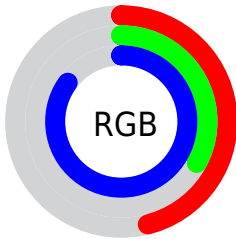
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	117, 84, 217
Decimal	7689433
CIE Lab	45.81, 45.27, -63.83
CIE LCh	46, 78.258, 305.346
Yxy	15.1323, 0.2183, 0.1434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285879513 (0xFF7554D9)
YUV	109.0290, 53.2297, 6.9906
Hunter-Lab	38.9003, 37.6050, -75.4256

# Details

The XYZ color **23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **46.1797, 60.4561, 17.6230**, and the grayscale version is **14.4032, 15.1533, 16.5020**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.3932, 33.6619, 98.7654**, and **8.6948, 4.6757, 34.1625** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.5955, 11.2366, 66.7821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.3711, 20.2689, 68.1156**.

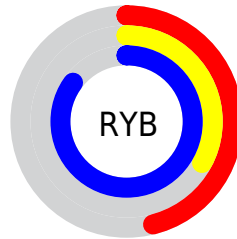
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (33%)

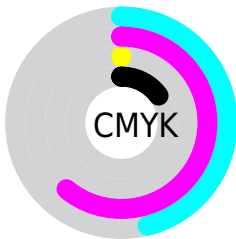
Blue (85%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (85%)

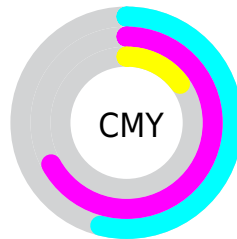


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.0308, 15.1323,  
67.3526

■ 23.0308, 15.1323,  
67.3526

260.4155,  
224.1656, 469.7344

■ 14.7371, 8.9123,  
48.9078

■ 47.9102, 35.0851,  
117.0709

■ 8.7202, 4.6840,  
34.1813

■ 65.2265, 49.5867,  
149.1816

■ 4.6148, 2.0631,  
22.7544

■ 86.2812, 67.6176,  
186.6846

■ 2.0555, 0.6437,  
14.2087

■ 111.4394, 89.5622,  
229.9986

■ 0.6648, 0.0000,  
8.1255

■ 141.0666,  
115.8049, 279.5420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
4.0865

175.5281,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

146.7301, 335.7334

1.6729

215.1893,  
182.7222, 398.9914

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3421

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 23.0308, 15.1323,  
67.3526

■ 23.0308, 15.1323,  
67.3526

■ 19.5955, 11.2366,  
66.7821

■ 27.3711, 20.2689,  
68.1156

■ 16.9934, 8.4703,  
66.3853

■ 32.6763, 26.7418,  
69.0854

■ 15.1436, 6.7032,  
66.1417

■ 39.0033, 34.6383,  
70.2761

■ 14.0376, 5.7898,  
66.0237

■ 46.4039, 44.0379,  
71.7004

■ 54.9264, 55.0143,  
73.3699

■ 64.6157, 67.6361,  
75.2954

■ 75.5147, 81.9679,  
77.4873

■ 86.8281, 96.3998,  
79.6767

■ 89.5244, 97.7898,  
79.8028

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5962, 15.1323, 85.4715



23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



29.2490, 15.1323, 36.7271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



20.3433, 15.1323, 0.5500



5.0950, 15.1323, 20.0949

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



46.1797, 60.4561, 17.6230

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.6658, 15.1323, 5.5004



23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



13.2340, 15.1323, 0.0751

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



27.3942, 15.1323, 3.1357



8.2264, 15.1323, 1.0630



6.3244, 15.1323, 47.6564



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



31.0728, 15.1323, 19.6002



8.2264, 15.1323, 1.0630



5.0883, 15.1323, 13.7037

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.0315, 15.1328, 67.3530



70.5387, 68.1622, 104.0466



33.7327, 41.9987, 71.9746



14.3608, 13.6439, 22.1266



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.0315, 15.1328, 67.3530



26.8420, 14.6706, 96.0247



34.8763, 21.2390, 67.9073



12.6399, 12.7725, 16.4513



8.5791, 3.5468, 39.9708



0.6344, 0.2703, 2.5932



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.4372, 24.5532, 47.9538



54.6125, 29.7543, 62.6521



34.0853, 54.2212, 17.0569



13.4691, 13.2167, 15.7315



21.3764, 10.5516, 22.1600

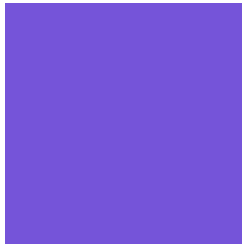


1.4184, 0.6970, 1.6120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

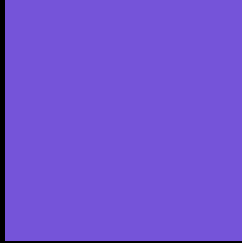
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

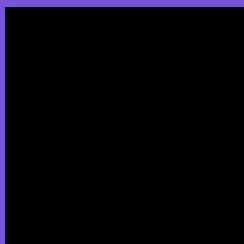
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.0308, 15.1323,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526

### Protanopia

18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

### Deuteranopia

15.3101, 15.2191, 52.5827



## Tritanopia

13.3890, 14.9491, 19.9491

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



## Protanomaly

18.1892, 14.2303, 69.4982



## Deuteranomaly

16.3106, 14.0852, 57.7362



## Tritanomaly

15.8256, 14.3832, 32.9525

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526



## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537



## Achromatomaly

16.5846, 14.6972, 29.9797

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 84, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 84, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 84, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 84, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 84, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 84, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 84, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 84, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 84, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 84,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.0308, 15.1323, 67.3526 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 84, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 84,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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