

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.2993, 17.3467, 77.6058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.2993, 17.3467, 77.6058)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**XYZ(23.3916, 17.4459,  
77.7358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A66E7
RGB	90, 102, 231
RGB Percent	35%, 40%, 91%
CMY	0.6470, 0.6000, 0.0941
CMYK	0.61, 0.56, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	235°, 75%, 63%
HSV	235°, 61%, 91%
XYZ	23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358
YIQ	113.1180, -48.5610, 37.5750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

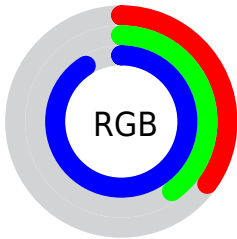
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	90, 101, 231
Decimal	5924583
CIELab	48.82, 33.95, -67.00
CIELCh	49, 75.110, 296.874
Yxy	17.4459, 0.1973, 0.1471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284114663 (0xFF5A66E7)
YUV	113.1180, 58.1158, -20.2745
Hunter-Lab	41.7683, 26.8713, -81.1080

# Details

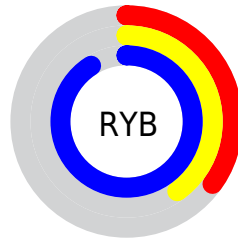
The XYZ color **23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **60.1344, 68.3943, 19.7065**, and the grayscale version is **15.5752, 16.3864, 17.8447**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.3901, 36.6779, 99.4531**, and **9.0062, 5.7884, 40.6870** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6647, 12.8244, 77.0406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.3475, 23.4870, 78.6411**.

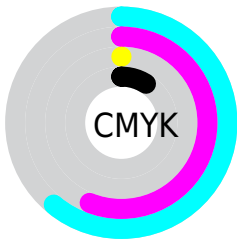
# Distribution



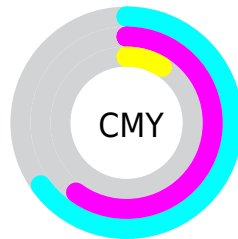
- Red (35%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.3916, 17.4459,  
77.7358

■ 23.3916, 17.4459,  
77.7358

262.2279,  
237.7290, 506.7732

■ 15.0052, 10.5529,  
57.3418

■ 48.4975, 39.0909,  
131.9601

■ 8.9094, 5.7671,  
40.8685

■ 65.9477, 54.6116,  
166.6275

■ 4.7388, 2.7040,  
27.8975

■ 87.1499, 73.7771,  
206.8898

■ 2.1280, 0.9792,  
18.0100

■ 112.4694, 96.9717,  
253.1654

■ 0.7044, 0.0000,  
10.7877

142.2716,  
124.5798, 305.8731

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
5.8119

176.9219,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

156.9858, 365.4313

2.6641

216.7855,  
194.5741, 432.2585

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9253

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 23.3916, 17.4459,  
77.7358

■ 23.3916, 17.4459,  
77.7358

■ 19.6647, 12.8244,  
77.0406

■ 28.3475, 23.4870,  
78.6411

■ 17.0561, 9.5043,  
76.5373

■ 34.6253, 31.0498,  
79.7700

■ 15.4393, 7.3504,  
76.2067

■ 42.3115, 40.2289,  
81.1366

■ 14.6679, 6.2576,  
76.0364

■ 51.4848, 51.1105,  
82.7535

■ 62.2180, 63.7750,  
84.6323

■ 74.5790, 78.2973,  
86.7839

■ 88.6319, 94.7484,  
89.2186

■ 91.4239, 98.5496,  
89.8051

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8632, 17.4459, 88.6472



23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358



30.4928, 17.4459, 48.5552

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358



25.0165, 17.4459, 1.5867



6.4920, 17.4459, 16.9828

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358



60.1344, 68.3943, 19.7065

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.7141, 17.4459, 4.8113



23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358



17.3218, 17.4459, 0.6410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358



31.6005, 17.4459, 6.4095



11.2413, 17.4459, 1.2201



7.2846, 17.4459, 42.1019



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358



33.3137, 17.4459, 29.0884



11.2413, 17.4459, 1.2201



6.6699, 17.4459, 11.5579

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.3925, 17.4464, 77.7363



68.1681, 68.3806, 104.2137



45.3048, 64.3308, 75.6076



13.7936, 13.6940, 22.1661



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.3925, 17.4464, 77.7363



23.7173, 14.9271, 96.2389



30.0068, 19.2313, 77.7322



13.6809, 14.0832, 18.1416



8.2596, 3.5813, 42.6391



0.6446, 0.3332, 3.1623



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0102, 25.2619, 15.3904



44.9861, 26.1487, 11.2048



48.0121, 66.9586, 20.0683



14.4265, 14.3878, 15.1804



18.5626, 9.5592, 1.3256



1.3890, 0.7133, 0.1890



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

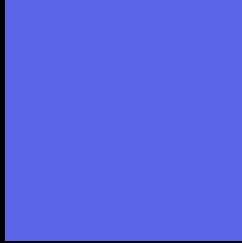
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

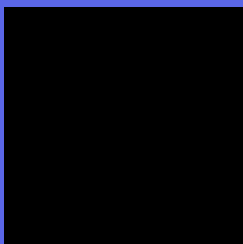
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3916, 17.4459,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358

### Protanopia

20.8248, 17.4250, 81.6227

### Tritanopia

13.1434, 17.5204, 26.3559

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358

## Protanomaly

20.8410, 16.9890, 80.0227

## Tritanomaly

15.7536, 16.8892, 40.9577

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

17.2951, 16.3408, 33.6950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 102, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 102, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 102, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 102, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 102, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 102, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 102, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 102, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 102, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 102,  
231) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.3916, 17.4459, 77.7358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 102, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 102,  
231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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