

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.3207, 11.8645, 76.0958)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.3207, 11.8645, 76.0958)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.3255, 11.8838,  
75.9273)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7A2FE6
RGB	122, 47, 230
RGB Percent	48%, 18%, 90%
CMY	0.5215, 0.8157, 0.0980
CMYK	0.47, 0.80, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	265°, 79%, 54%
HSV	265°, 80%, 90%
XYZ	23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273
YIQ	90.2870, -14.0430, 72.8130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

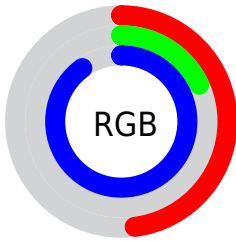
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	122, 47, 230
Decimal	8007654
CIE Lab	41.03, 67.22, -79.03
CIE LCh	41, 103.746, 310.384
Yxy	11.8838, 0.2099, 0.1069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286197734 (0xFF7A2FE6)
YUV	90.2870, 68.8785, 27.8123
Hunter-Lab	34.4729, 60.4515, -106.4565

# Details

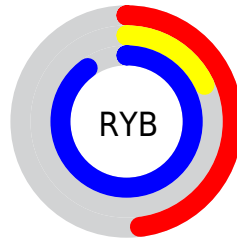
The XYZ color **23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **42.3266, 63.7671, 12.7667**, and the grayscale version is **9.6356, 10.1374, 11.0396**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.3298, 26.7900, 97.5477**, and **9.1737, 3.8579, 39.7963** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.8466, 9.5817, 75.6139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.5581, 15.2924, 76.4152**.

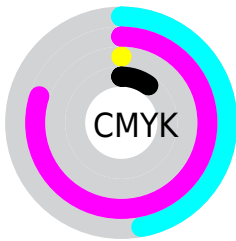
# Distribution



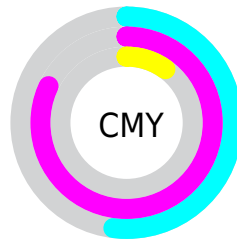
- Red (48%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.3255, 11.8838,  
75.9273

 23.3255, 11.8838,  
75.9273


261.8967,  
203.6345, 500.4390


 14.9561, 6.6646,  
55.8666


 48.3900, 29.2833,  
129.3833


 8.8747, 3.2532,  
39.6927


 65.8157, 42.2324,  
163.6156


 4.7160, 1.2653,  
26.9871


 86.9909, 58.5269,  
203.4090

 2.1146, 0.1141,  
17.3312

 112.2810, 78.5512,  
249.1818

 0.6971, 0.0000,  
10.3064

 142.0513,  
102.6897, 301.3527

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
5.4943

 176.6670,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

131.3269, 360.3401

2.4764

216.4937,  
164.8470, 426.5627

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8276

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 23.3255, 11.8838,  
75.9273

■ 23.3255, 11.8838,  
75.9273

■ 20.8466, 9.5817,  
75.6139

■ 26.5581, 15.2924,  
76.4152

■ 18.9985, 8.1602,  
75.4369

■ 30.6193, 19.9456,  
77.0993

■ 18.9267, 8.1071,  
75.4305

■ 35.5762, 25.9613,  
77.9992

■ 41.4874, 33.4431,  
79.1317

■ 48.4062, 42.4842,  
80.5122

■ 56.3815, 53.1699,  
82.1544

■ 65.4591, 65.5791,  
84.0712

■ 75.6817, 79.7857,  
86.2745

■ 87.0896, 95.8590,  
88.7757

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0739, 11.8838, 109.4988



23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



30.8312, 11.8838, 32.1346

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



16.8086, 11.8838, 0.0000



2.2599, 11.8838, 21.8147

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



42.3266, 63.7671, 12.7667

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.4698, 11.8838, 3.4849



23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



8.9086, 11.8838, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



26.0657, 11.8838, 0.2464



4.3322, 11.8838, 0.0000



3.5285, 11.8838, 61.7498



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



32.4802, 11.8838, 12.6668



4.3322, 11.8838, 0.0000



2.1808, 11.8838, 13.2159

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.3262, 11.8841, 75.9276



66.4757, 60.7566, 102.8313



27.4784, 30.3638, 79.2757



13.4699, 11.9912, 21.8545



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.3262, 11.8841, 75.9276



24.8779, 10.9488, 95.4099



42.3645, 21.6987, 76.8186



14.1395, 14.1741, 18.1350



10.8460, 4.6572, 42.7105



0.9048, 0.3974, 3.1610



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.5657, 21.2224, 33.0191



47.3570, 23.9320, 33.4474



31.0099, 57.9331, 12.2371



14.7321, 14.5100, 16.7895



21.0423, 10.5511, 14.3837

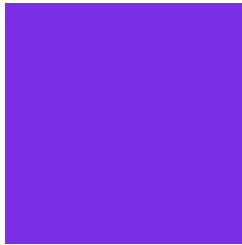


1.6008, 0.7980, 1.3045



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

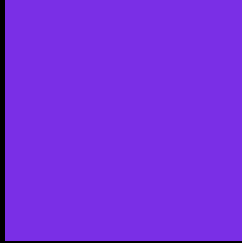
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

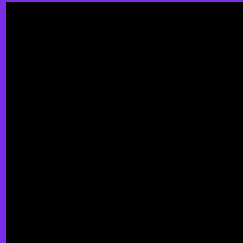
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3255, 11.8838,

75.9273.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273

### Protanopia

13.9924, 11.8599, 54.3750

### Deuteranopia

11.6233, 11.7883, 39.1989



## Tritanopia

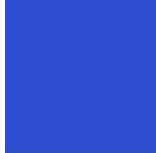
11.1339, 11.9289, 15.0803

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



## Protanomaly

15.1318, 10.3078, 61.5137



## Deuteranomaly

13.3113, 10.0344, 50.5255



## Tritanomaly

13.7805, 10.6188, 30.1775

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273



## Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341



## Achromatomaly

12.7360, 9.6454, 26.3898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 47, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 47, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 47, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 47, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 47, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 47, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 47, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 47, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 47, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 47,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.3255, 11.8838, 75.9273 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 47, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 47,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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