

Converting Colors

XYZ(23.3686, 32.0927, 52.9364)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(23.3686, 32.0927, 52.9364)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(23.3733, 32.0501,
53.0985)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex | 00A9BD |
| RGB | 0, 169, 189 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 66%, 74% |
| CMY | 0.9998, 0.3372, 0.2588 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.26 |
| HSL | 186°, 100%, 37% |
| HSV | 186°, 100%, 74% |
| XYZ | 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 |
| YIQ | 120.7490, -107.1440, -29.6080 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

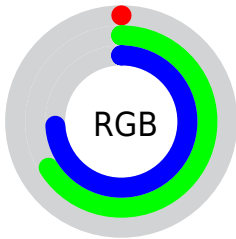
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 89, 189 |
| Decimal | 43453 |
| CIELab | 63.38, -28.92, -20.55 |
| CIELCh | 63, 35.480, 215.404 |
| Yxy | 32.0501, 0.2154, 0.2953 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278233533 (0xFF00A9BD) |
| YUV | 120.7490, 33.6477, -105.8969 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.6128, -25.3765, -15.9805 |

Details

The XYZ color **23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **21.2376, 11.3207, 1.0669**, and the grayscale version is **18.0169, 18.9552, 20.6422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.5522, 63.0956, 96.0059**, and **10.6893, 14.2684, 25.4832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.3731, 32.0495, 53.0990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.0162, 32.9388, 53.2368**.

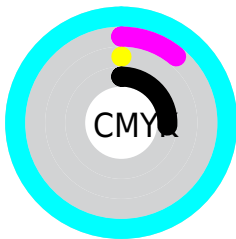
Distribution



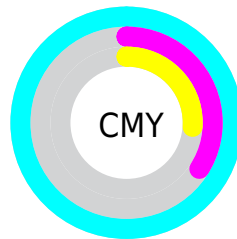
- Red (0%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 23.3733, 32.0501,
53.0985


 23.3733, 32.0501,
53.0985


262.1363,
311.3474, 415.7399


 14.9916, 21.3998,
37.4931


 48.4677, 62.8896,
96.1923


 8.8998, 13.4165,
25.2908


 65.9112, 83.8476,
124.5178


 4.7324, 7.7160,
16.0728


 87.1059, 109.0103,
157.9205

 2.1243, 3.9138,
9.4208

 112.4172,
138.7620, 196.8189

 0.7024, 1.6254,
4.9161

 142.2106,
173.4872, 241.6315

 0.0000, 0.3747,
2.1402

176.8513,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

213.5702, 292.7768

0.6396

216.7048,
259.3955, 350.6734

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 23.3733, 32.0501,
53.0985

■ 23.3733, 32.0501,
53.0985

■ 23.3731, 32.0495,
53.0990

■ 24.0162, 32.9388,
53.2368

■ 24.9230, 33.9715,
53.3883

■ 26.1886, 35.1976,
53.5583

■ 27.8602, 36.6416,
53.7489

■ 29.9779, 38.3242,
53.9620

■ 32.5769, 40.2635,
54.1994

■ 35.6888, 42.4759,
54.4624

■ 39.3425, 44.9764,
54.7525

■ 43.5647, 47.7786,
55.0708

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.9692, 32.0501, 37.5156



23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



26.6863, 32.0501, 65.8461

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



39.9166, 32.0501, 47.4553



29.5790, 32.0501, 14.2521

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



21.2376, 11.3207, 1.0669

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5794, 32.0501, 15.5804



23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



40.9038, 32.0501, 32.4034

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



36.2887, 32.0501, 62.0203



38.8576, 32.0501, 21.4179



25.2961, 32.0501, 17.1215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



29.7096, 32.0501, 69.5399



38.8576, 32.0501, 21.4179



31.2284, 32.0501, 14.2337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.3743, 32.0513, 53.0993



63.6162, 75.8631, 97.5163



18.3153, 36.4427, 6.6820



13.1546, 15.9439, 20.9267



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



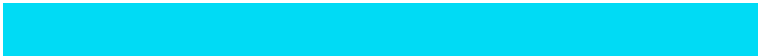
18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.3743, 32.0513, 53.0993



41.7542, 57.1869, 95.0637



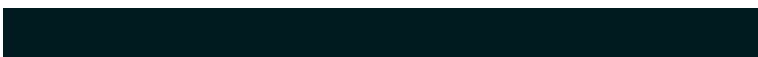
11.7445, 8.7916, 49.2227



9.7200, 10.6323, 12.2121



15.7593, 21.6304, 35.7374



0.6424, 0.8974, 1.4082

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.1486, 13.6845, 38.6951



50.3584, 24.4853, 69.0151



26.9384, 22.7224, 2.9672



9.8853, 9.6784, 11.7848



18.9554, 9.2133, 26.1222



0.7551, 0.3659, 1.0898

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

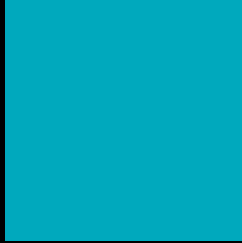
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

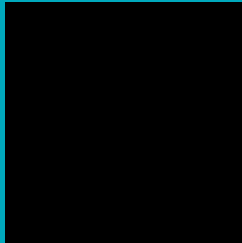
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

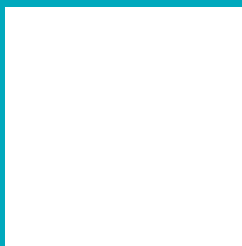
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985.

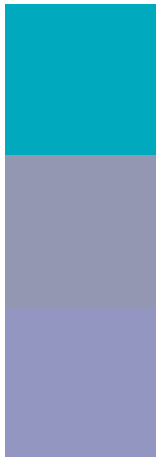


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3733, 32.0501,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

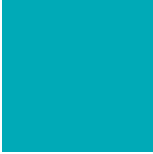
23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985

Protanopia

31.2152, 31.6034, 46.0498

Deuteranopia

32.3860, 31.7739, 54.8781



Tritanopia

22.9220, 32.1683, 49.8007

Trichromacy



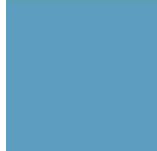
Original Color

23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



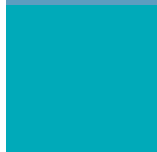
Protanomaly

25.1834, 30.1696, 48.2121



Deuteranomaly

26.0856, 30.2469, 54.3325



Tritanomaly

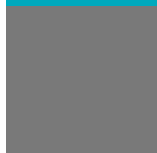
23.1317, 32.2522, 50.9051

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985



Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



Achromatomaly

17.3374, 21.8301, 30.4940

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 169, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 169, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 169, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 169, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 169, 189) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 169, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 169, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 169, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 169, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 169,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.3733, 32.0501, 53.0985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 169, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 169,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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