

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.4551, 14.9215, 1.6439)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.4551, 14.9215, 1.6439)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.3762, 14.8570,  
1.6356)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF4100
RGB	191, 65, 0
RGB Percent	75%, 25%, 0%
CMY	0.2510, 0.7451, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 1.00, 0.25
HSL	20°, 100%, 37%
HSV	20°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356
YIQ	95.2640, 95.9610, 6.4970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

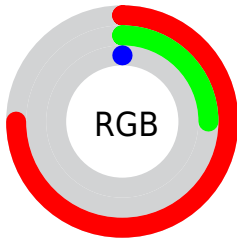
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	191, 99, 0
Decimal	12534016
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.44, 48.45, 56.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 74.489, 49.426
Yxy	14.8570, 0.5863, 0.3726
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290724096 (0xFFBF4100)
YUV	95.2640, -46.9652, 83.9605
Hunter-Lab	38.5448, 40.8013, 24.4654

# Details

The XYZ color **23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. A complement of this color would be **16.8639, 18.6814, 52.0070**, and the grayscale version is **11.0346, 11.6093, 12.6425**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.4570, 34.5123, 7.9785**, and **9.0533, 4.6671, 0.4237** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.3764, 14.8577, 1.6358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.3007, 16.5169, 2.5279**.

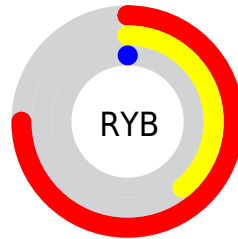
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (25%)

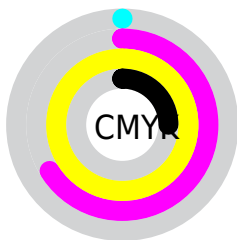
Blue (0%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (0%)

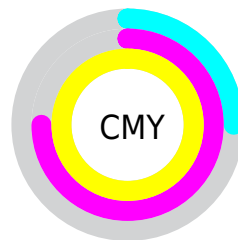


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (75%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.3762, 14.8570,  
1.6356


 23.3762, 14.8570,  
1.6356


 262.1508,  
222.4990, 116.4340


 14.9938, 8.7191,  
0.3160


 48.4724, 34.6021,  
8.0182


 8.9013, 4.5584,  
0.0000


 65.9169, 48.9781,  
14.0528


 4.7334, 1.9906,  
0.0000

 87.1128, 66.8689,  
22.5410

 2.1249, 0.6020,  
0.0000

 112.4255, 88.6590,  
33.9012


 0.7027, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 142.2203,  
114.7326, 48.5521


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 176.8625,


145.4742, 66.9121


 216.7176,  
181.2682, 89.3999


 23.3762, 14.8570,  
1.6356


 23.3762, 14.8570,  
1.6356

 23.3764, 14.8577,  
1.6358

 24.3007, 16.5169,  
2.5279

 25.5125, 18.5648,  
4.0895

 27.0628, 21.0367,  
6.5446

 28.9813, 23.9578,  
10.0078

 31.2939, 27.3512,  
14.5763

■ 34.0239, 31.2381,  
20.3360

■ 37.1925, 35.6382,  
27.3638

■ 40.8194, 40.5702,  
35.7305

■ 44.9230, 46.0518,  
45.5013

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.6035, 14.8570, 7.2742



23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356



16.4226, 14.8570, 0.3578

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356



5.3478, 14.8570, 10.6877



18.4666, 14.8570, 74.4226

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356



16.8639, 18.6814, 52.0070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0454, 14.8570, 78.2577



23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356



5.6008, 14.8570, 30.3885

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356



6.8661, 14.8570, 2.5844



7.7021, 14.8570, 58.4091



25.2437, 14.8570, 50.0744



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356



12.2581, 14.8570, 0.3396



7.7021, 14.8570, 58.4091



16.1640, 14.8570, 78.5978

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.3765, 14.8579, 1.6358



66.3240, 63.4323, 48.3568



25.3383, 12.6174, 21.2928



14.0142, 13.1695, 9.3866



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.3765, 14.8579, 1.6358



41.6661, 26.2075, 2.8625



33.9125, 35.9299, 5.1478



9.7885, 10.0529, 10.0011



15.4306, 9.8999, 1.0976



0.6662, 0.5113, 0.0636



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.8639, 18.6814, 52.0070



29.9688, 32.9895, 93.0672



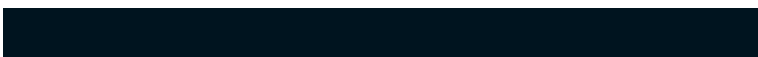
9.9160, 4.7857, 49.6910



9.5277, 10.2477, 12.1480



11.1597, 12.4312, 34.2042



0.4955, 0.6037, 1.3593



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.3762, 14.8570,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356

### Protanopia

13.6209, 15.1254, 2.8634

### Deuteranopia

15.1668, 15.0189, 2.0996



## Tritanopia

24.3324, 14.9141, 6.4467

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356

## Protanomaly

16.0196, 14.0608, 2.2505

## Deuteranomaly

17.4770, 14.3129, 1.8415

## Tritanomaly

23.8611, 14.8118, 3.6992

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356

## Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620

## Achromatomaly

13.1919, 11.4127, 5.7826

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 65, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 65, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 65, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 65, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 65, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 65, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 65, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 65, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 65, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 65, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.3762, 14.8570, 1.6356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 65, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 65,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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