

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.5109, 41.0441, 29.7414)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.5109, 41.0441, 29.7414)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.1131, 41.2291,  
29.6088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C487
RGB	0, 196, 135
RGB Percent	0%, 77%, 53%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2314, 0.4706
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.31, 0.23
HSL	161°, 100%, 38%
HSV	161°, 100%, 77%
XYZ	24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088
YIQ	130.4420, -97.2350, -60.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

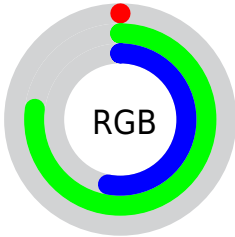
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 116, 196
Decimal	50311
CIELab	70.34, -55.61, 19.28
CIELCh	70, 58.861, 160.878
Yxy	41.2291, 0.2540, 0.4342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240391 (0xFF00C487)
YUV	130.4420, 2.2471, -114.3976
Hunter-Lab	64.2099, -45.3342, 17.6068

# Details

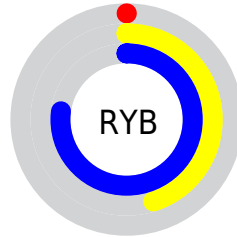
The XYZ color **24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **23.6088, 12.0738, 5.5039**, and the grayscale version is **21.3943, 22.5085, 24.5117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.6645, 77.1671, 59.8541**, and **11.1646, 19.7056, 11.8095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.1135, 41.2304, 29.6075**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.8368, 41.5522, 31.9507**.

# Distribution



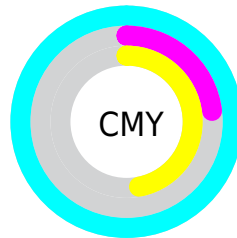
- Red (0%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.1131, 41.2291,  
29.6088


 24.1131, 41.2291,  
29.6088


265.8216,  
351.2772, 314.2271


 15.5427, 28.4981,  
19.2923


 49.6680, 77.0316,  
60.0966


 9.2900, 18.7015,  
11.7027


 67.3833, 100.8718,  
81.1051


 4.9894, 11.4548,  
6.4215


 88.8776, 129.1840,  
106.5146

 2.2757, 6.3736,  
3.0302

 114.5162,  
162.3525, 136.7437

 0.7822, 3.0736,  
1.1101

 144.6646,  
200.7617, 172.2110

 0.0000, 1.1703,  
0.0000

179.6881,

 0.0000, 0.0372,

244.7959, 213.3349

0.0000

219.9520,  
294.8396, 260.5341

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.1131, 41.2291,  
29.6088

■ 24.1131, 41.2291,  
29.6088

■ 24.1135, 41.2304,  
29.6075

■ 24.8368, 41.5522,  
31.9507

■ 25.8681, 42.0299,  
34.4367

■ 27.3086, 42.7156,  
37.0745

■ 29.2103, 43.6361,  
39.8684

■ 31.6176, 44.8142,  
42.8226

■ 34.5692, 46.2698,  
45.9408

■ 38.1000, 48.0210,  
49.2263

■ 42.2421, 50.0841,  
52.6826

■ 47.0250, 52.4744,  
56.3129

# Harmonies

## Analogous

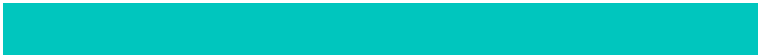
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.2340, 41.2291, 15.4650



24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



23.6160, 41.2291, 55.7101

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



42.8020, 41.2291, 120.1246



54.9949, 41.2291, 18.2808

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



23.6088, 12.0738, 5.5039

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.4307, 41.2291, 35.5728



24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



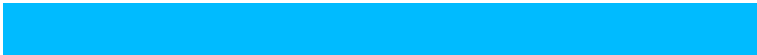
52.6595, 41.2291, 98.3951

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



33.4060, 41.2291, 116.3459



59.5120, 41.2291, 64.6935



45.5993, 41.2291, 11.0333



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



25.2964, 41.2291, 78.1435



59.5120, 41.2291, 64.6935



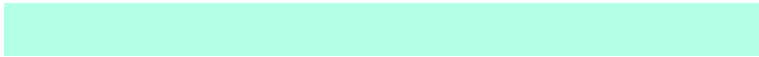
57.4106, 41.2291, 22.7322

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.1142, 41.2307, 29.6098



68.6855, 86.8244, 88.8799



21.7324, 40.5081, 6.6740



14.0918, 18.2812, 18.4717



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.1142, 41.2307, 29.6098



43.5599, 74.6399, 52.9935



22.5478, 29.1527, 56.6651



10.2308, 11.3733, 12.2184



15.5336, 26.5075, 19.2349



0.7010, 1.1572, 0.9882



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.6088, 12.0738, 5.5039



42.6648, 21.8299, 9.4329



23.3952, 12.9949, 1.2758



10.1994, 10.1284, 11.1408



15.2033, 7.7711, 3.7167

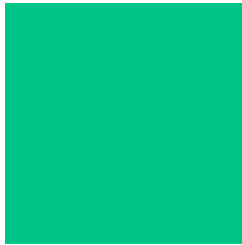


0.6885, 0.3484, 0.3273



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

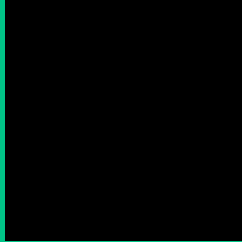
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088.



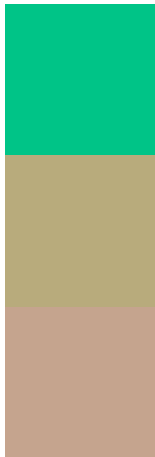
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.1131, 41.2291,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088

**Protanopia**

37.9682, 40.7714, 24.9373

**Deuteranopia**

41.1839, 40.3742, 31.2136



## Tritanopia

30.8646, 41.0457, 62.7958

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



## Protanomaly

27.5537, 37.9829, 26.3013



## Deuteranomaly

28.6430, 37.2747, 30.1112



## Tritanomaly

27.4456, 40.5549, 48.5008

# Monochromacy



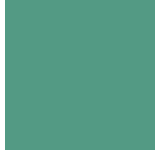
## Original Color

24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088



## Achromatopsia

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095



## Achromatomaly

19.2877, 26.6161, 25.9507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 196, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 196, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 196, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 196, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 196, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 196, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 196, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 196, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 196, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 196,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.1131, 41.2291, 29.6088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 196, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 196,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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