

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.5681, 17.0219,  
27.2427)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A35A8D
RGB	163, 90, 141
RGB Percent	64%, 35%, 55%
CMY	0.3608, 0.6470, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.13, 0.36
HSL	318°, 29%, 50%
HSV	318°, 45%, 64%
XYZ	23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427
YIQ	117.6410, 27.1370, 31.3370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

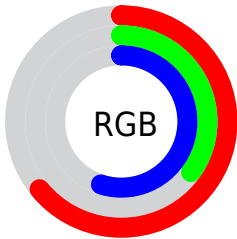
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	163, 90, 141
Decimal	10705549
CIE Lab	48.29, 37.02, -15.19
CIE LCh	48, 40.014, 337.697
Yxy	17.0219, 0.3474, 0.2509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288895629 (0xFFA35A8D)
YUV	117.6410, 11.5160, 39.7798
Hunter-Lab	41.2576, 29.7660, -10.2693

# Details

The XYZ color **23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **20.2390, 29.5384, 19.9651**, and the grayscale version is **17.0675, 17.9563, 19.5544**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.7367, 38.3462, 56.4626**, and **8.9538, 5.5241, 10.4919** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.9836, 14.4248, 24.9510**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.4713, 20.2301, 29.7210**.

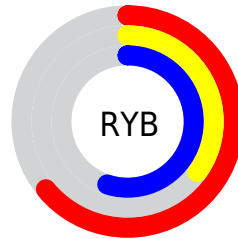
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (35%)

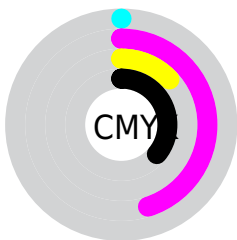
Blue (55%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (55%)

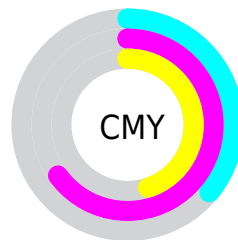


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (65%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.5681, 17.0219,  
27.2427


 23.5681, 17.0219,  
27.2427


263.1108,  
235.2986, 302.6276

 15.1365, 10.2501,  
17.5215


 48.7843, 38.3634,  
56.2815


 9.0022, 5.5651,  
10.4412


 66.2997, 53.7019,  
76.4363

 4.7997, 2.5825,  
5.5830

 87.5737, 72.6648,  
100.9060

 2.1638, 0.9179,  
2.5286

 112.9717, 95.6365,  
130.1092

 0.7236, 0.0000,  
0.8552

142.8590,  
123.0013, 164.4644

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

177.6011,

155.1436, 204.3902

217.5632,  
192.4479, 250.3051

■ 23.5681, 17.0219,  
27.2427

■ 23.5681, 17.0219,  
27.2427

■ 21.9836, 14.4248,  
24.9510

■ 25.4713, 20.2301,  
29.7210

■ 20.6962, 12.3964,  
22.8371

■ 27.7101, 24.0832,  
32.3920

■ 19.6838, 10.8928,  
20.8928

■ 30.3017, 28.6155,  
35.2627

■ 18.9205, 9.8626,  
19.1085

■ 33.2620, 33.8582,  
38.3392

■ 18.3746, 9.2424,  
17.4723

■ 36.6056, 39.8405,  
41.6274

■ 18.1345, 8.9986,  
16.6634

■ 40.3466, 46.5898,  
45.1329

■ 44.4981, 54.1324,  
48.8611

■ 49.0728, 62.4931,  
52.8170

■ 54.0826, 71.6958,  
57.0055

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8541, 17.0219, 39.3850



23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427



24.1657, 17.0219, 15.9734

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427



15.2581, 17.0219, 4.9100



11.2426, 17.0219, 33.7169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427



20.2390, 29.5384, 19.9651

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1797, 17.0219, 21.3545



23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427



12.2603, 17.0219, 6.7563

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427



18.9870, 17.0219, 5.4752



10.5221, 17.0219, 11.9124



13.6621, 17.0219, 43.9980



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427



23.2117, 17.0219, 10.6822



10.5221, 17.0219, 11.9124



10.7328, 17.0219, 29.5167

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.5686, 17.0227, 27.2430



55.0414, 52.6113, 63.9776



16.9372, 13.3957, 36.3435



12.1236, 11.3963, 14.1143



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.5686, 17.0227, 27.2430



39.3148, 25.7435, 44.5989



21.2903, 16.1114, 15.2456



7.2730, 7.1656, 8.4238



14.1145, 7.0019, 13.0597



0.3159, 0.1549, 0.3763



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5686, 17.0227, 27.2430



39.3148, 25.7435, 44.5989



22.6912, 30.5193, 32.8786



7.2730, 7.1656, 8.4238



14.1145, 7.0019, 13.0597



0.3159, 0.1549, 0.3763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

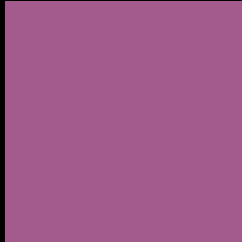
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

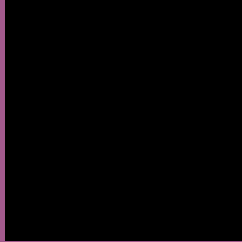
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.5681, 17.0219,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427

### Protanopia

17.6684, 17.3280, 34.7612

### Deuteranopia

17.5120, 17.1075, 26.0460



## Tritanopia

21.1226, 16.9402, 15.5211

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427

## Protanomaly

19.0313, 16.6552, 31.9175

## Deuteranomaly

19.2106, 16.7222, 26.2599

## Tritanomaly

21.7699, 16.7870, 19.2324

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427

## Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

## Achromatomaly

18.9600, 17.2998, 22.0786

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 90, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 90, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 90, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 90, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 90, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 90, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 90, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 90, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 90, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 90,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.5681, 17.0219, 27.2427 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 90, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 90,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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