

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.6377, 28.1233, 39.9622)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.6377, 28.1233, 39.9622)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.6133, 28.0566,  
39.7682)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6798A5
RGB	103, 152, 165
RGB Percent	40%, 60%, 65%
CMY	0.5961, 0.4039, 0.3529
CMYK	0.38, 0.08, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	193°, 26%, 53%
HSV	193°, 38%, 65%
XYZ	23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682
YIQ	138.8310, -33.3770, -6.3450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

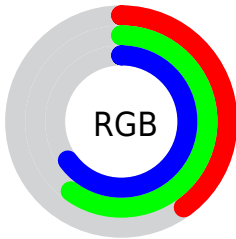
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	103, 130, 165
Decimal	6789285
CIELab	59.94, -13.00, -12.03
CIELCh	60, 17.716, 222.776
Yxy	28.0566, 0.2582, 0.3068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284979365 (0xFF6798A5)
YUV	138.8310, 12.9013, -31.4238
Hunter-Lab	52.9685, -13.1197, -7.4364

# Details

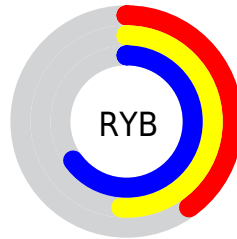
The XYZ color **23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **24.2112, 21.4699, 15.7009**, and the grayscale version is **24.4375, 25.7101, 27.9983**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.6999, 56.3778, 76.0254**, and **8.9996, 11.2034, 17.3109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.3512, 26.0697, 39.5044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.2670, 30.2710, 40.0563**.

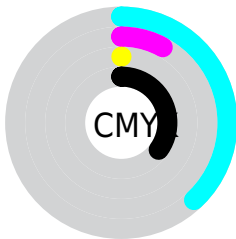
# Distribution



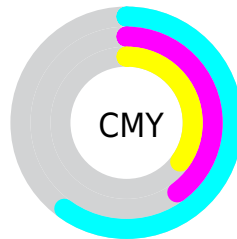
- Red (40%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.6133, 28.0566,  
39.7682

■ 23.6133, 28.0566,  
39.7682

263.3365,  
292.7373, 360.6686

■ 15.1702, 18.3683,  
27.0454

■ 48.8577, 56.5748,  
76.0436

■ 9.0260, 11.2148,  
17.3746

■ 66.3897, 76.1735,  
100.4334

■ 4.8154, 6.2115,  
10.3372

■ 87.6821, 99.8445,  
129.5492

■ 2.1730, 2.9741,  
5.5146

■ 113.1001,  
127.9721, 163.8097

■ 0.7285, 1.1182,  
2.4883

143.0092,  
160.9408, 203.6333

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8339

177.7748,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

199.1350, 249.4387

0.0000

217.7621,  
242.9390, 301.6442

■ 23.6133, 28.0566,  
39.7682

■ 23.6133, 28.0566,  
39.7682

■ 21.3512, 26.0697,  
39.5044

■ 26.2670, 30.2710,  
40.0563

■ 19.4558, 24.2952,  
39.2618

■ 29.3301, 32.7204,  
40.3676

■ 17.9036, 22.7216,  
39.0399

■ 32.8225, 35.4158,  
40.7038

■ 16.6668, 21.3343,  
38.8373

■ 36.7618, 38.3664,  
41.0657

■ 15.7134, 20.1166,  
38.6525

■ 41.1647, 41.5812,  
41.4541

■ 14.9911, 19.0413,  
38.4830

■ 46.0472, 45.0685,  
41.8699

■ 14.8285, 18.7904,  
38.4431

■ 51.4242, 48.8363,  
42.3138

■ 57.3102, 52.8921,  
42.7864

■ 63.7189, 57.2432,  
43.2885

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.6632, 28.0566, 33.3740



23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682



25.4053, 28.0566, 43.9902

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682



31.0202, 28.0566, 34.3699



25.7208, 28.0566, 19.9809

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682



24.2112, 21.4699, 15.7009

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.9697, 28.0566, 20.1692



23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682



31.1165, 28.0566, 27.8878

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682



29.7170, 28.0566, 40.5851



29.9731, 28.0566, 22.8773



23.8331, 28.0566, 22.3207



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682



26.8772, 28.0566, 44.6844



29.9731, 28.0566, 22.8773



26.4578, 28.0566, 19.7613

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.6142, 28.0577, 39.7689



56.4224, 61.6234, 72.6731



22.1669, 31.0415, 21.1647



12.1598, 13.3371, 15.8710



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.6142, 28.0577, 39.7689



38.8984, 47.2831, 70.8287



19.2963, 19.4221, 38.3296



7.1495, 7.7579, 9.0237



11.2545, 14.2883, 29.0945



0.2664, 0.3602, 0.6213



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0355, 19.9677, 32.1888



43.9826, 31.1330, 54.7247



28.3065, 29.6606, 17.0660



7.3004, 7.1766, 8.5684



14.8262, 7.2865, 16.8073

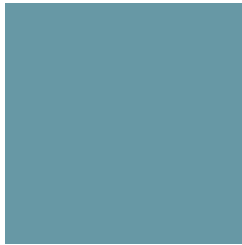


0.3267, 0.1592, 0.4328



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

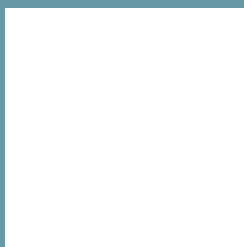
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.6133, 28.0566,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682

### Protanopia

27.2358, 27.8989, 36.7504

### Deuteranopia

28.3858, 27.7492, 40.4193



## Tritanopia

23.5226, 28.0204, 39.2907

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682

## Protanomaly

25.6140, 27.7202, 37.7187

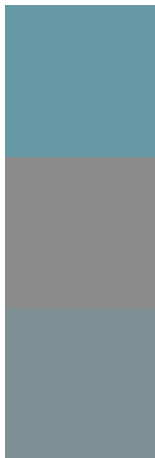
## Deuteranomaly

26.2163, 27.5250, 40.0075

## Tritanomaly

23.5226, 28.0204, 39.2907

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

23.9227, 26.5203, 31.8750

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 152, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 152, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 152, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 152, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 152, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 152, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 152, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 152, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 152, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 152,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.6133, 28.0566, 39.7682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 152, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
152, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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