

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.7344, 21.4073, 27.8090)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.7344, 21.4073, 27.8090)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.7249, 21.4767,  
27.7059)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	95778C
RGB	149, 119, 140
RGB Percent	58%, 47%, 55%
CMY	0.4157, 0.5333, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.06, 0.42
HSL	318°, 12%, 53%
HSV	318°, 20%, 58%
XYZ	23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059
YIQ	130.3640, 11.1390, 12.8910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

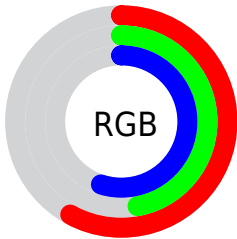
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 119, 140
Decimal	9795468
CIE Lab	53.47, 15.39, -6.96
CIE LCh	53, 16.892, 335.649
Yxy	21.4767, 0.3254, 0.2946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287985548 (0xFF95778C)
YUV	130.3640, 4.7505, 16.3438
Hunter-Lab	46.3430, 10.2814, -3.0061

# Details

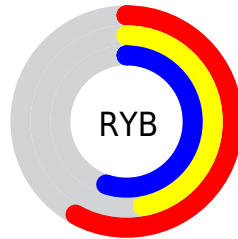
The XYZ color **23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **22.2524, 26.9760, 24.4575**, and the grayscale version is **21.3285, 22.4392, 24.4363**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.9291, 45.7174, 57.2844**, and **9.0726, 7.7152, 10.6839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.7659, 18.0754, 25.4596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.9765, 25.4413, 30.1163**.

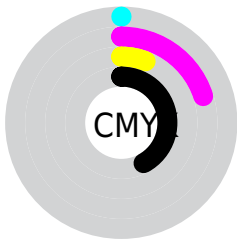
# Distribution



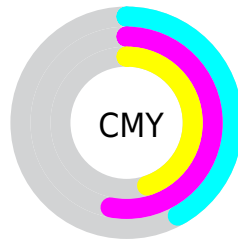
- Red (58%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.7249, 21.4767,  
27.7059

■ 23.7249, 21.4767,  
27.7059

263.8931,  
259.8011, 304.9265

■ 15.2533, 13.4729,  
17.8670

■ 49.0389, 45.8796,  
57.0320

■ 9.0848, 7.7550,  
10.6861

■ 66.6119, 63.0474,  
77.3562

■ 4.8541, 3.9386,  
5.7447

■ 87.9495, 84.0387,  
102.0127

■ 2.1958, 1.6393,  
2.6242

113.4170,  
109.2379, 131.4198

■ 0.7405, 0.3839,  
0.9049

143.3798,  
139.0293, 165.9962

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

178.2031,

173.7974, 206.1605

218.2524,  
213.9266, 252.3310

■ 23.7249, 21.4767,  
27.7059

■ 23.7249, 21.4767,  
27.7059

■ 21.7659, 18.0754,  
25.4596

■ 25.9765, 25.4413,  
30.1163

■ 20.0847, 15.2086,  
23.3709

■ 28.5312, 29.9906,  
32.6944

■ 18.6677, 12.8494,  
21.4349

■ 31.4010, 35.1483,  
35.4451

■ 17.4996, 10.9673,  
19.6455

■ 34.5969, 40.9359,  
38.3729

■ 16.5633, 9.5284,  
17.9963

■ 38.1292, 47.3741,  
41.4818

■ 15.8395, 8.4945,  
16.4800

■ 42.0079, 54.4823,  
44.7760

■ 15.3058, 7.8208,  
15.0883

■ 46.2424, 62.2793,  
48.2592

■ 14.9083, 7.3951,  
13.8172

■ 50.8419, 70.7831,  
51.9353

■ 55.8151, 80.0111,  
55.8078

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.4934, 21.4767, 32.3811



23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059



24.0476, 21.4767, 22.4240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059



20.0748, 21.4767, 14.8556



17.7324, 21.4767, 29.6380

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059



22.2524, 26.9760, 24.4575

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1644, 21.4767, 24.3720



23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059



18.4649, 21.4767, 16.2307

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059



21.8708, 21.4767, 15.4791



17.4245, 21.4767, 19.5375



19.0214, 21.4767, 33.6062



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059



23.6883, 21.4767, 19.3578



17.4245, 21.4767, 19.5375



17.4543, 21.4767, 27.9340

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.7255, 21.4776, 27.7064



48.2884, 48.7006, 55.7488



20.9247, 19.9539, 31.1828



10.6446, 10.6917, 12.2970



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.7255, 21.4776, 27.7064



40.8978, 35.6890, 47.8303



22.6937, 21.0649, 22.2729



5.9619, 5.8798, 6.9057



12.5608, 6.2294, 11.7000



0.1668, 0.0815, 0.2120



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.7255, 21.4776, 27.7064



40.8978, 35.6890, 47.8303



23.3139, 27.4006, 30.0472



5.9619, 5.8798, 6.9057



12.5608, 6.2294, 11.7000



0.1668, 0.0815, 0.2120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

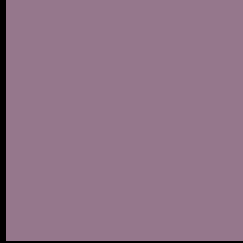
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7249, 21.4767,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059

### Protanopia

21.1577, 21.5831, 29.8389

### Deuteranopia

21.8595, 21.4303, 27.4104



## Tritanopia

23.0794, 21.5823, 24.0685

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059

## Protanomaly

21.9971, 21.4668, 28.9707

## Deuteranomaly

22.4350, 21.3586, 27.3663

## Tritanomaly

23.2323, 21.4501, 25.4701

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059

## Achromatopsia

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095

## Achromatomaly

22.0805, 21.9613, 25.6294

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 119, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 119, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 119, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 119, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 119, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 119, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 119, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 119, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 119, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 119,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.7249, 21.4767, 27.7059 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 119, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
119, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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