

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.7372, 17.7431, 25.9182)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.7372, 17.7431, 25.9182)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.7118, 17.7771,  
25.8485)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A35F89
RGB	163, 95, 137
RGB Percent	64%, 37%, 54%
CMY	0.3608, 0.6274, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.16, 0.36
HSL	323°, 27%, 51%
HSV	323°, 42%, 64%
XYZ	23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485
YIQ	120.1200, 27.0460, 27.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

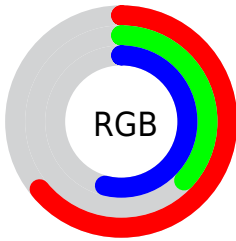
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	163, 95, 137
Decimal	10706825
CIELab	49.22, 33.62, -11.38
CIELCh	49, 35.493, 341.296
Yxy	17.7771, 0.3521, 0.2640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288896905 (0xFFA35F89)
YUV	120.1200, 8.3218, 37.6058
Hunter-Lab	42.1629, 26.6007, -6.8345

# Details

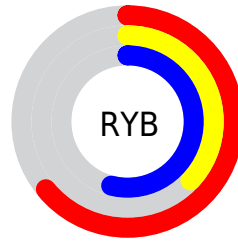
The XYZ color **23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **21.2685, 30.0082, 22.7617**, and the grayscale version is **17.8596, 18.7897, 20.4620**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.9414, 39.6452, 53.7880**, and **9.1277, 5.9571, 9.6856** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.9601, 14.9684, 23.1221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.7977, 21.2122, 28.8140**.

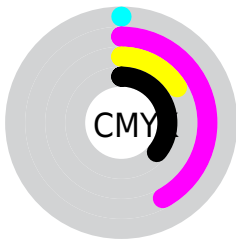
# Distribution



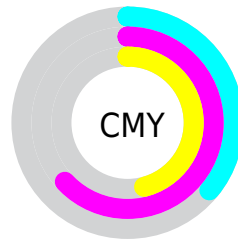
- Red (64%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (46%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.7118, 17.7771,  
25.8485


 23.7118, 17.7771,  
25.8485


263.8278,  
239.6117, 295.6194


 15.2435, 10.7901,  
16.4856


 49.0176, 39.6571,  
54.0115

 9.0779, 5.9259,  
9.7104


 66.5859, 55.3189,  
73.6487

 4.8496, 2.8000,  
5.1043

 87.9182, 74.6411,  
97.5477

 2.1931, 1.0283,  
2.2488

 113.3799, 98.0081,  
126.1271

 0.7391, 0.0000,  
0.7023

143.3363,  
125.8042, 159.8055

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

178.1529,

158.4140, 199.0012

218.1949,  
196.2216, 244.1330

■ 23.7118, 17.7771,  
25.8485

■ 23.7118, 17.7771,  
25.8485

■ 21.9601, 14.9684,  
23.1221

■ 25.7977, 21.2122,  
28.8140

■ 20.5211, 12.7448,  
20.6252

■ 28.2341, 25.3068,  
32.0258

■ 19.3734, 11.0639,  
18.3484

■ 31.0384, 30.0943,  
35.4917

■ 18.4922, 9.8766,  
16.2814

■ 34.2261, 35.6053,  
39.2190

■ 17.8478, 9.1247,  
14.4119

■ 37.8120, 41.8687,  
43.2145

■ 17.4373, 8.7198,  
12.9923

■ 41.8098, 48.9116,  
47.4847

■ 46.2330, 56.7598,  
52.0359

■ 51.0939, 65.4380,  
56.8741

■ 56.4048, 74.9696,  
62.0052

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4815, 17.7771, 36.6492



23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485



23.9811, 17.7771, 15.9837

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485



15.6739, 17.7771, 6.3724



12.5302, 17.7771, 34.1457

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485



21.2685, 30.0082, 22.7617

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3660, 17.7771, 23.1726



23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485



13.0154, 17.7771, 8.5936

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485



19.0330, 17.7771, 6.6691



11.5311, 17.7771, 14.0537



14.9264, 17.7771, 42.4227



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485



22.9760, 17.7771, 11.3114



11.5311, 17.7771, 14.0537



11.9970, 17.7771, 30.5228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.7123, 17.7779, 25.8489



54.7771, 52.5055, 62.5856



18.4404, 14.8181, 36.5388



12.0554, 11.3690, 13.7551



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.7123, 17.7779, 25.8489



39.5550, 27.1645, 41.7794



21.6992, 16.9727, 15.2479



7.2490, 7.1560, 8.2974



13.5746, 6.7859, 10.2165



0.3072, 0.1514, 0.3304



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.7123, 17.7779, 25.8489



39.5550, 27.1645, 41.7794



23.6443, 30.9585, 35.2725



7.2490, 7.1560, 8.2974



13.5746, 6.7859, 10.2165

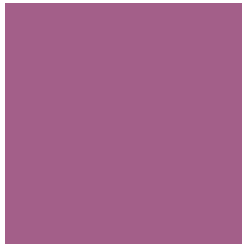


0.3072, 0.1514, 0.3304



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

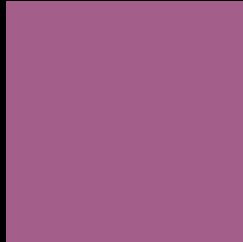
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

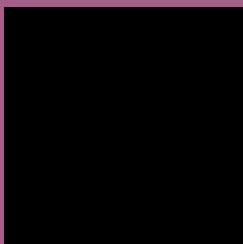
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7118, 17.7771,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485

### Protanopia

18.0972, 17.9459, 32.2158

### Deuteranopia

18.2055, 17.8208, 25.0345



## Tritanopia

21.8577, 17.8637, 16.4834

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485

## Protanomaly

19.5311, 17.4209, 29.9369

## Deuteranomaly

19.7842, 17.4989, 25.2566

## Tritanomaly

22.4896, 17.8327, 19.7095

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485

## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

## Achromatomaly

19.6037, 18.1095, 22.2009

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 95, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 95, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 95, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 95, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 95, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 95, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 95, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 95, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 95, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 95,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.7118, 17.7771, 25.8485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 95, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 95,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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