

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.7681, 22.3678,  
72.8767)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4781DF
RGB	71, 129, 223
RGB Percent	28%, 51%, 87%
CMY	0.7215, 0.4941, 0.1255
CMYK	0.68, 0.42, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	217°, 70%, 58%
HSV	217°, 68%, 87%
XYZ	23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767
YIQ	122.3740, -64.7420, 16.9380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

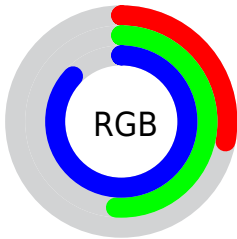
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	71, 113, 223
Decimal	4686303
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.42, 11.49, -53.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 54.762, 282.117
Yxy	22.3678, 0.1997, 0.1879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282876383 (0xFF4781DF)
YUV	122.3740, 49.6086, -45.0550
Hunter-Lab	47.2946, 6.9403, -58.2543

# Details

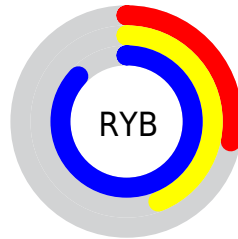
The XYZ color **23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **45.0262, 43.0569, 11.9006**, and the grayscale version is **18.4801, 19.4425, 21.1728**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.4054, 45.3361, 101.0181**, and **9.9175, 8.6749, 37.7109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.7267, 18.2828, 72.2490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.6564, 27.2538, 73.6154**.

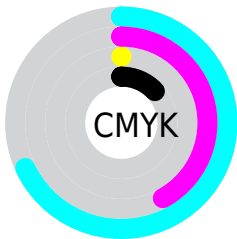
# Distribution



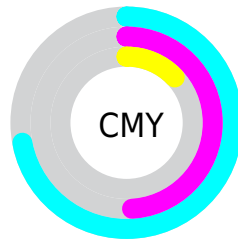
- Red (28%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23.7681, 22.3678,  
72.8767

■ 23.7681, 22.3678,  
72.8767

264.1083,  
264.4610, 489.6467

■ 15.2855, 14.1274,  
53.3839

■ 49.1089, 47.3531,  
125.0214

■ 9.1076, 8.2093,  
37.7195

■ 66.6979, 64.8669,  
158.5105

■ 4.8691, 4.2292,  
25.4649

■ 88.0530, 86.2405,  
197.5021

■ 2.2046, 1.8026,  
16.2016

■ 113.5396,  
111.8584, 242.4147

■ 0.7452, 0.4888,  
9.5110

143.5231,  
142.1051, 293.6670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
4.9747

178.3688,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

177.3648, 351.6774

2.1739

218.4420,  
218.0220, 416.8644

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6593

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 23.7681, 22.3678,  
72.8767

■ 23.7681, 22.3678,  
72.8767

■ 20.7267, 18.2828,  
72.2490

■ 27.6564, 27.2538,  
73.6154

■ 18.4503, 14.9415,  
71.7241

■ 32.4569, 32.9876,  
74.4691

■ 16.8299, 12.2725,  
71.2943

■ 38.2311, 39.6140,  
75.4438

■ 16.5745, 11.8380,  
71.2239

■ 45.0340, 47.1737,  
76.5444

■ 52.9163, 55.7046,  
77.7756

■ 61.9252, 65.2424,  
79.1417

■ 72.1049, 75.8208,  
80.6470

■ 83.4972, 87.4718,  
82.2955

■ 89.7244, 96.9177,  
83.7905

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9184, 22.3678, 71.1095



23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767



29.9489, 22.3678, 57.8929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767



30.9893, 22.3678, 8.2643



12.0812, 22.3678, 15.5716

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767



45.0262, 43.0569, 11.9006

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4386, 22.3678, 7.1755



23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767



24.9930, 22.3678, 4.5276

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767



34.6125, 22.3678, 18.0711



18.9347, 22.3678, 4.2539



11.8769, 22.3678, 31.9483



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767



33.1398, 22.3678, 43.2473



18.9347, 22.3678, 4.2539



12.6243, 22.3678, 11.9647

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.7690, 22.3685, 72.8773



69.4622, 73.0782, 105.0522



35.7548, 56.8227, 44.5556



14.2060, 14.9281, 22.3826



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.7690, 22.3685, 72.8773



26.5923, 22.6387, 97.5759



19.6684, 11.9466, 71.0818



13.3786, 14.0962, 17.4034



9.8466, 7.1627, 41.9119



0.7671, 0.6657, 2.9333



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.6480, 21.7808, 23.0418



45.9584, 24.7043, 21.9769



52.7765, 66.2481, 15.9685



13.9225, 13.7867, 15.3623



18.9103, 9.6311, 6.1934



1.3535, 0.6847, 0.6541



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

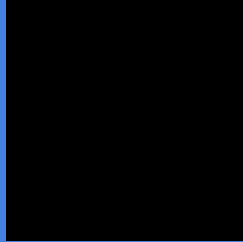
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

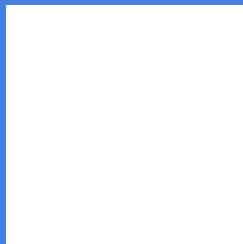
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7681, 22.3678,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767

### Protanopia

24.4989, 22.2129, 70.7064

### Deuteranopia

23.1805, 22.4599, 72.9255



## Tritanopia

15.9898, 22.3647, 34.4844

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767

## Protanomaly

24.1202, 22.1930, 71.4190

## Deuteranomaly

23.3518, 22.3497, 72.8952

## Tritanomaly

18.0359, 22.0518, 46.4859

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767

## Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939

## Achromatomaly

19.1851, 20.0540, 35.6605

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 129, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 129, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 129, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 129, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 129, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 129, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 129, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 129, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 129, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 129,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.7681, 22.3678, 72.8767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 129, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 129,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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