

# Converting Colors

XYZ(23.8016, 17.1056, 9.2271)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(23.8016, 17.1056, 9.2271)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(23.7590, 17.0294,  
9.2425)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B5564E
RGB	181, 86, 78
RGB Percent	71%, 34%, 31%
CMY	0.2902, 0.6627, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.57, 0.29
HSL	5°, 41%, 51%
HSV	5°, 57%, 71%
XYZ	23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425
YIQ	113.4930, 59.1880, 17.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

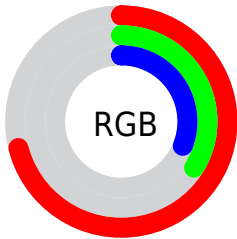
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 87, 78
Decimal	11884110
CIELab	48.30, 37.83, 22.96
CIElCh	48, 44.249, 31.258
Yxy	17.0294, 0.4749, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290074190 (0xFFB5564E)
YUV	113.4930, -17.4980, 59.2036
Hunter-Lab	41.2667, 30.5534, 15.6075

# Details

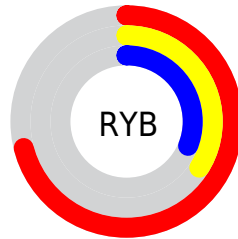
The XYZ color **23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **26.4249, 34.8410, 49.0481**, and the grayscale version is **15.8813, 16.7084, 18.1955**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.1949, 38.4100, 24.8997**, and **9.0581, 5.5285, 2.1031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.0164, 14.4437, 5.8888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.9923, 20.3109, 13.6411**.

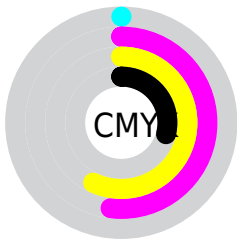
# Distribution



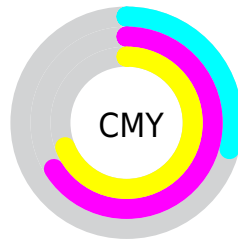
- Red (71%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.7590, 17.0294,  
9.2425


 23.7590, 17.0294,  
9.2425


264.0629,  
235.3417, 195.4610

 15.2787, 10.2555,  
4.8007


 49.0942, 38.3763,  
24.9458


 9.1028, 5.5687,  
2.0741


 66.6798, 53.7181,  
37.0443

 4.8660, 2.5846,  
0.6003

 88.0312, 72.6846,  
52.5323

 2.2028, 0.9189,  
0.0000

 113.5138, 95.6602,  
71.8281

 0.7442, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 143.4929,  
123.0293, 95.3503

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

178.3339,

155.1764, 123.5175

218.4021,  
192.4857, 156.7482

■ 23.7590, 17.0294,  
9.2425

■ 23.7590, 17.0294,  
9.2425

■ 22.0164, 14.4437,  
5.8888

■ 25.9923, 20.3109,  
13.6411

■ 20.7262, 12.5011,  
3.4924

■ 28.7483, 24.3304,  
19.1606

■ 19.8464, 11.1457,  
1.9532

■ 32.0577, 29.1304,  
25.8709

■ 19.3235, 10.3097,  
1.1323

■ 35.9484, 34.7488,  
33.8361

■ 19.2139, 10.1396,  
0.9445

■ 40.4466, 41.2215,  
43.1156

■ 45.5767, 48.5820,  
53.7650

■ 51.3618, 56.8621,  
65.8367

■ 57.8241, 66.0921,  
79.3805

■ 64.9843, 76.3007,  
94.4437

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.2399, 17.0294, 18.0590



23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425



20.2076, 17.0294, 5.0928

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425



10.2956, 17.0294, 9.7834



16.3567, 17.0294, 50.7766

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425



26.4249, 34.8410, 49.0481

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.7368, 17.0294, 45.6178



23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425



9.6064, 17.0294, 19.0338

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425



12.4872, 17.0294, 5.3015



10.4219, 17.0294, 32.6141



20.5512, 17.0294, 44.7353



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425



17.3931, 17.0294, 4.1160



10.4219, 17.0294, 32.6141



15.0360, 17.0294, 50.2838

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.7594, 17.0303, 9.2428



64.0999, 61.8264, 60.0180



29.4334, 18.3338, 42.0999



13.5419, 12.9124, 12.3307



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.7594, 17.0303, 9.2428



38.8479, 24.9960, 9.4467



29.2871, 28.0856, 11.0854



8.5477, 8.6079, 8.8635



13.2670, 7.0326, 0.6582



0.4349, 0.2561, 0.0265



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.4249, 34.8410, 49.0481



44.0198, 59.8235, 87.5216



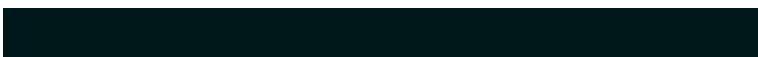
18.5200, 19.0311, 46.4131



8.6850, 9.5163, 10.8854



15.2907, 21.3818, 33.4582



0.4977, 0.7059, 1.0583



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

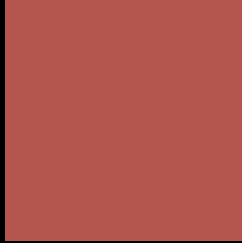
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 23.7590, 17.0294,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425

### Protanopia

16.1446, 17.2106, 12.1439

### Deuteranopia

17.4594, 17.1352, 8.8658



## Tritanopia

24.3072, 17.0239, 11.6777

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425

## Protanomaly

18.1316, 16.5018, 11.0336

## Deuteranomaly

19.2501, 16.6854, 8.8626

## Tritanomaly

24.2196, 17.1140, 10.8309

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

17.6317, 16.0239, 14.2202

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 86, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 86, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 86, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 86, 78) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 86, 78) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 86, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 86, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 86, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 86, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 86,  
78) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 23.7590, 17.0294, 9.2425 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 86, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 86,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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