

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.0686, 36.9375, 5.9042)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.0686, 36.9375, 5.9042)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.0060, 36.9037,  
5.9153)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76B502
RGB	118, 181, 2
RGB Percent	46%, 71%, 1%
CMY	0.5373, 0.2902, 0.9921
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.99, 0.29
HSL	81°, 98%, 36%
HSV	81°, 99%, 71%
XYZ	24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153
YIQ	141.7570, 19.9110, -69.0250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

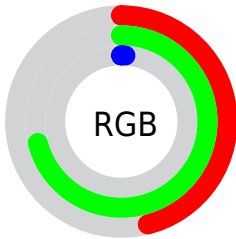
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	2, 181, 65
Decimal	7779586
CIE Lab	67.20, -42.59, 67.71
CIE LCh	67, 79.987, 122.168
Yxy	36.9037, 0.3592, 0.5522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285969666 (0xFF76B502)
YUV	141.7570, -68.9002, -20.8349
Hunter-Lab	60.7484, -35.7717, 36.7506

# Details

The XYZ color **24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. A complement of this color would be **10.5443, 4.5048, 44.0320**, and the grayscale version is **25.8749, 27.2224, 29.6452**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.3385, 70.2324, 18.1635**, and **9.5827, 16.3990, 2.6603** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.8997, 36.8514, 5.8534**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.0179, 37.4131, 6.5702**.

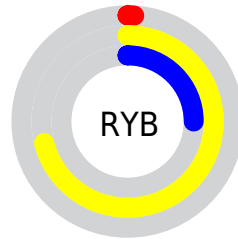
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (71%)

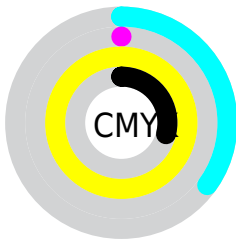
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (25%)

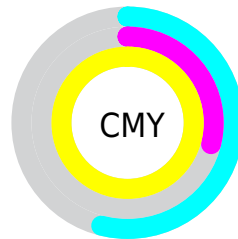


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (99%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.0060, 36.9037,  
5.9153


 24.0060, 36.9037,  
5.9153


265.2907,  
332.8934, 167.5926


 15.4628, 25.1329,  
2.7257


 49.4946, 70.4247,  
18.2295


 9.2333, 16.1761,  
0.9563


 67.1707, 92.9436,  
28.1911


 4.9520, 9.6489,  
0.0000


 88.6219, 119.8141,  
41.2471

 2.2536, 5.1668,  
0.0000

 114.2135,  
151.4206, 57.8161

 0.7708, 2.3454,  
0.0000

 144.3108,  
188.1473, 78.3167

 0.0000, 0.7976,  
0.0000

 179.2792,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

230.3788, 103.1672

0.0000

219.4840,  
278.4993, 132.7863

■ 24.0060, 36.9037,  
5.9153

■ 24.0060, 36.9037,  
5.9153

■ 23.8997, 36.8514,  
5.8534

■ 25.0179, 37.4131,  
6.5702

■ 26.1983, 37.9955,  
7.8054

■ 27.5815, 38.6660,  
9.7920

■ 29.1868, 39.4325,  
12.6259

■ 31.0306, 40.3017,  
16.3883

■ 33.1276, 41.2795,  
21.1513

■ 35.4911, 42.3713,  
26.9796

■ 38.1332, 43.5822,  
33.9327

■ 41.0654, 44.9169,  
42.0654

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.1956, 36.9037, 3.4892



24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153



18.1461, 36.9037, 16.2614

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153



25.2200, 36.9037, 133.7432



64.1429, 36.9037, 37.6928

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153



10.5443, 4.5048, 44.0320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.1921, 36.9037, 80.4406



24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153



35.9711, 36.9037, 151.7194

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153



18.7242, 36.9037, 87.6396



49.1130, 36.9037, 128.1555



58.9287, 36.9037, 13.9692



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153



16.5847, 36.9037, 31.7008



49.1130, 36.9037, 128.1555



63.8411, 36.9037, 50.0548

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.0068, 36.9053, 5.9161



62.8433, 75.5522, 46.4971



20.9391, 13.5707, 1.5737



13.1977, 16.1519, 9.0916



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.0068, 36.9053, 5.9161



42.5462, 65.8650, 10.4708



17.0387, 33.3131, 5.5900



8.9010, 9.7540, 9.0661



16.5524, 25.4431, 4.0386



0.5812, 0.8317, 0.1299



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5443, 4.5048, 44.0320



18.4681, 7.7951, 78.8258



21.7190, 10.2655, 44.5550



8.3148, 8.3708, 10.6838



7.2635, 3.0802, 30.3487



0.2933, 0.1303, 0.9579



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.0060, 36.9037,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153

### Protanopia

32.8644, 36.3847, 5.2908

### Deuteranopia

37.2016, 36.5432, 6.6829



## Tritanopia

32.7627, 36.7010, 49.6132

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153

## Protanomaly

28.8774, 36.2252, 5.4989

## Deuteranomaly

30.6637, 35.4970, 6.0461

## Tritanomaly

27.3604, 35.9173, 22.3203

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

23.4497, 29.5188, 14.3593

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 181, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 181, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 181, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 181, 2) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 181, 2) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 181, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 181, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 181, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 181, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 181,  
2) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.0060, 36.9037, 5.9153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 181, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
181, 2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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