

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(24.1859, 16.2625,  
3.7837)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BE4C27
RGB	190, 76, 39
RGB Percent	75%, 30%, 15%
CMY	0.2549, 0.7019, 0.8471
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.79, 0.25
HSL	15°, 66%, 45%
HSV	15°, 79%, 75%
XYZ	24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837
YIQ	105.8680, 79.8210, 12.6610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

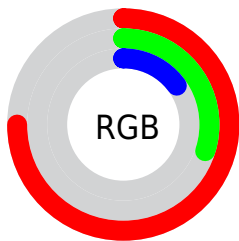
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	190, 88, 39
Decimal	12471335
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.32, 43.93, 43.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 62.103, 44.985
Yxy	16.2625, 0.5468, 0.3677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290661415 (0xFFBE4C27)
YUV	105.8680, -32.9659, 73.7838
Hunter-Lab	40.3268, 36.4831, 22.6658

# Details

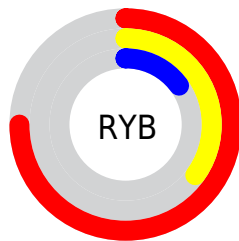
The XYZ color **24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **21.5212, 26.9296, 52.7786**, and the grayscale version is **13.7362, 14.4515, 15.7377**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.7154, 37.0841, 13.5545**, and **9.3214, 5.2035, 0.5131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.0658, 14.4064, 2.2269**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.6847, 18.6242, 6.2443**.

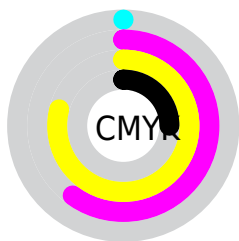
# Distribution



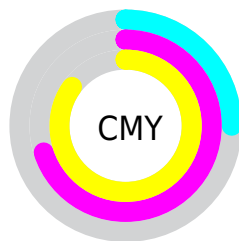
- Red (75%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.1859, 16.2625,  
3.7837

 24.1859, 16.2625,  
3.7837


266.1820,  
230.8857, 145.7900


 15.5971, 9.7101,  
1.5074


 49.7859, 37.0533,  
13.5078


 9.3285, 5.2072,  
0.2235


 67.5277, 52.0605,  
21.7926

 5.0149, 2.3693,  
0.0000

 89.0512, 70.6548,  
32.9175

 2.2909, 0.8100,  
0.0000

 114.7218, 93.2205,  
47.3008

 0.7900, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 144.9049,  
120.1420, 65.3612

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 179.9657,

151.8038, 87.5172

220.2696,  
188.5903, 114.1872

■ 24.1859, 16.2625,  
3.7837

■ 24.1859, 16.2625,  
3.7837

■ 23.0658, 14.4064,  
2.2269

■ 25.6847, 18.6242,  
6.2443

■ 22.2699, 13.0080,  
1.3658

■ 27.5952, 21.5239,  
9.7215

■ 22.2343, 12.9454,  
1.3268

■ 29.9478, 24.9943,  
14.3126

■ 32.7695, 29.0646,  
20.1029

■ 36.0851, 33.7619,  
27.1695

■ 39.9174, 39.1118,  
35.5829

■ 44.2879, 45.1382,  
45.4086

■ 49.2168, 51.8638,  
56.7075

■ 54.7232, 59.3104,  
69.5373

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.0548, 16.2625, 10.9864



24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837



18.3551, 16.2625, 1.6194

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837



7.3413, 16.2625, 10.9751



18.3490, 16.2625, 65.8798

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837



21.5212, 26.9296, 52.7786

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8813, 16.2625, 65.8699



24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837



7.3404, 16.2625, 26.7265

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837



9.1333, 16.2625, 3.7797



9.1305, 16.2625, 48.8128



24.1806, 16.2625, 48.8350



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837



14.5582, 16.2625, 1.4402



9.1305, 16.2625, 48.8128



16.3921, 16.2625, 68.0972

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.1863, 16.2634, 3.7840



68.8031, 65.9604, 56.6744



27.8575, 14.7570, 32.2878



14.5712, 13.7324, 11.2711



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.1863, 16.2634, 3.7840



40.7373, 24.2400, 2.8914



32.4652, 32.8213, 6.5436



9.7150, 9.9060, 9.9766



14.8374, 8.7137, 0.8999



0.6345, 0.4479, 0.0530



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5212, 26.9296, 52.7786



35.3614, 43.5419, 94.8198



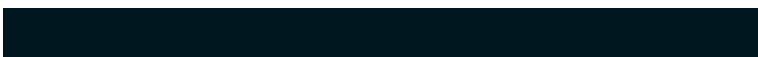
12.9463, 9.7797, 49.9203



9.6051, 10.4026, 12.1739



12.8192, 15.7502, 34.7573

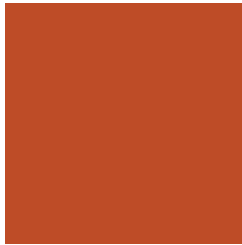


0.5505, 0.7136, 1.3776



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.1859, 16.2625,

3.7837.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837

### Protanopia

14.9170, 16.3920, 5.2835

### Deuteranopia

16.6348, 16.3549, 3.4425



## Tritanopia

25.1077, 16.2329, 8.6474

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837

## Protanomaly

17.4253, 15.6934, 4.5933

## Deuteranomaly

18.7555, 15.8465, 3.5090

## Tritanomaly

24.7656, 16.2003, 6.5243

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837

## Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956

## Achromatomaly

15.9317, 14.1120, 9.8668

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 76, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 76, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 76, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 76, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 76, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 76, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 76, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 76, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 76, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 76,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.1859, 16.2625, 3.7837 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 76, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 76,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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