

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.1932, 25.1937, 48.3881)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.1932, 25.1937, 48.3881)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.2103, 25.1991,  
48.3876)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E8BB7
RGB	110, 139, 183
RGB Percent	43%, 55%, 72%
CMY	0.5686, 0.4549, 0.2823
CMYK	0.40, 0.24, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	216°, 34%, 57%
HSV	216°, 40%, 72%
XYZ	24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876
YIQ	135.3450, -31.4080, 7.5360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

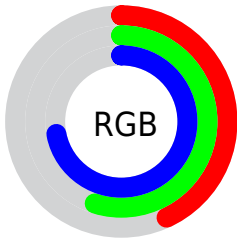
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 131, 183
Decimal	7244727
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.27, 1.14, -26.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 26.322, 272.473
Yxy	25.1991, 0.2476, 0.2577
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285434807 (0xFF6E8BB7)
YUV	135.3450, 23.4939, -22.2276
Hunter-Lab	50.1987, -1.7591, -22.0118

# Details

The XYZ color **24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **33.8993, 34.3052, 19.5878**, and the grayscale version is **23.0817, 24.2838, 26.4450**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.7395, 51.8238, 89.0428**, and **9.3466, 9.6560, 22.4903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6469, 21.1100, 47.7866**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.4067, 29.8548, 49.0655**.

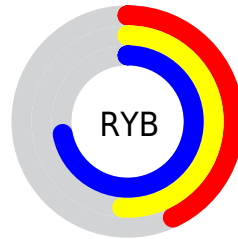
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (55%)

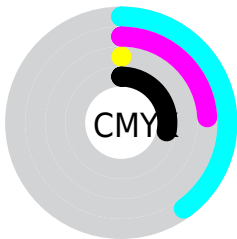
Blue (72%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (72%)

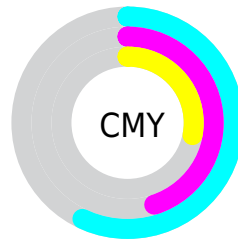


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.2103, 25.1991,  
48.3876

■ 24.2103, 25.1991,  
48.3876

266.3028,  
278.8280, 396.8794

■ 15.6153, 16.2255,  
33.7718

■ 49.8253, 51.9800,  
89.1528

■ 9.3414, 9.6838,  
22.4424

■ 67.5761, 70.5561,  
116.1392

■ 5.0234, 5.1898,  
13.9809

■ 89.1094, 93.1018,  
148.0862

■ 2.2959, 2.3591,  
7.9688

■ 114.7907,  
120.0015, 185.4124

■ 0.7926, 0.8047,  
3.9875

144.9854,  
151.6395, 228.5362

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.6185

180.0587,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

188.4004, 277.8763

0.3040

220.3760,  
230.6684, 333.8512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.2103, 25.1991,  
48.3876

■ 24.2103, 25.1991,  
48.3876

■ 20.6469, 21.1100,  
47.7866

■ 28.4067, 29.8548,  
49.0655

■ 17.6802, 17.5602,  
47.2578

■ 33.2649, 35.0971,  
49.8213

■ 15.2735, 14.5239,  
46.7986

■ 38.8147, 40.9484,  
50.6583

■ 13.3848, 11.9716,  
46.4055

■ 45.0833, 47.4291,  
51.5788

■ 11.9651, 9.8700,  
46.0746

■ 52.0965, 54.5584,  
52.5852

■ 10.9206, 8.1618,  
45.8000

■ 59.8786, 62.3547,  
53.6799

■ 10.9101, 8.1444,  
45.7972

■ 68.4530, 70.8356,  
54.8649

■ 77.3233, 79.7509,  
56.1182

■ 80.4419, 85.9880,  
57.1578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.2884, 25.1991, 45.6307



24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876



27.3124, 25.1991, 44.5999

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876



29.3670, 25.1991, 19.2208



19.0231, 25.1991, 20.2496

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876



33.8993, 34.3052, 19.5878

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.8774, 25.1991, 15.3624



24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876



26.8268, 25.1991, 14.8652

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876



30.4462, 25.1991, 26.7042



23.6935, 25.1991, 13.6218



18.4522, 25.1991, 28.1842



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876



29.0213, 25.1991, 39.2672



23.6935, 25.1991, 13.6218



19.5085, 25.1991, 18.2599

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.2111, 25.2001, 48.3882



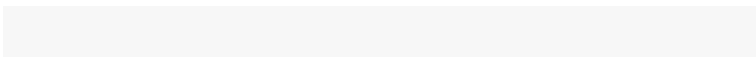
67.1079, 70.8185, 90.3681



29.1808, 39.5090, 36.5735



14.5303, 15.3353, 19.9158



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.2111, 25.2001, 48.3882



37.6242, 38.5621, 85.6959



21.5006, 18.3746, 47.2136



8.8060, 9.2892, 11.4083



7.6741, 5.8079, 31.9696



0.3315, 0.3267, 1.1473



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7653, 23.0842, 27.3139



49.2158, 35.1226, 41.4947



37.5853, 44.1885, 21.3012



9.1484, 9.0697, 10.1290



14.4872, 7.3686, 5.1865

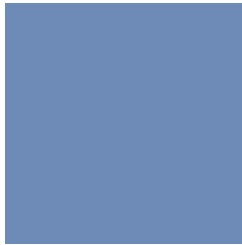


0.5415, 0.2721, 0.3449



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

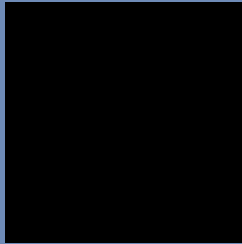
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

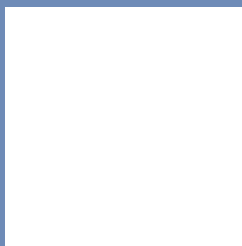
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.2103, 25.1991,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876

### Protanopia

25.3596, 24.9832, 46.6657

### Deuteranopia

25.6279, 25.0737, 48.8364



## Tritanopia

21.5675, 25.2304, 35.1857

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876

## Protanomaly

24.8904, 24.9376, 47.2176

## Deuteranomaly

25.0636, 24.9909, 48.8501

## Tritanomaly

22.4998, 25.1633, 39.7475

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876

## Achromatopsia

23.0288, 24.2281, 26.3844

## Achromatomaly

23.0758, 24.3109, 33.1820

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 139, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 139, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 139, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 139, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 139, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 139, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 139, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 139, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 139, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 139,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.2103, 25.1991, 48.3876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 139, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
139, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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