

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.2548, 23.1293, 1.4857)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.2548, 23.1293, 1.4857)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.5385, 23.1646,  
3.1779)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE7B00
RGB	174, 123, 0
RGB Percent	68%, 48%, 0%
CMY	0.3177, 0.5176, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 1.00, 0.32
HSL	42°, 100%, 34%
HSV	42°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779
YIQ	124.2270, 69.8790, -27.4410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

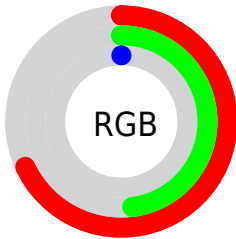
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	72, 174, 0
Decimal	11434752
CIELab	55.24, 11.30, 61.25
CIELCh	55, 62.286, 79.547
Yxy	23.1646, 0.4823, 0.4553
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289624832 (0xFFAE7B00)
YUV	124.2270, -61.2439, 43.6509
Hunter-Lab	48.1296, 6.7800, 29.7759

# Details

The XYZ color **24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **8.8239, 5.4239, 40.6258**, and the grayscale version is **19.4167, 20.4278, 22.2459**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.2748, 48.5576, 12.0330**, and **9.7185, 8.7452, 1.1758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.5387, 23.1651, 3.1780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.2926, 24.5060, 3.9443**.

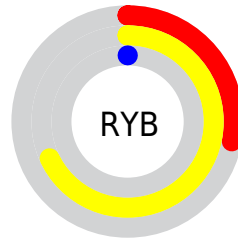
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (48%)

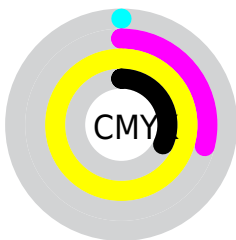
Blue (0%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (0%)

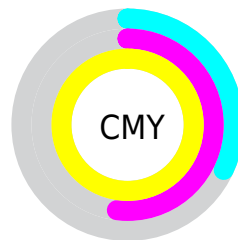


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.5385, 23.1646,  
3.1779

■ 24.5385, 23.1646,  
3.1779

267.9220,  
268.5693, 138.5951

■ 15.8605, 14.7151,  
1.1862

■ 50.3558, 48.6635,  
12.0643

■ 9.5157, 8.6197,  
0.0000

■ 68.2259, 66.4816,  
19.7962

■ 5.1388, 4.4940,  
0.0000

■ 89.8906, 88.1914,  
30.2784

■ 2.3645, 1.9535,  
0.0000

■ 115.7153,  
114.1773, 43.9296


■ 0.8274, 0.5803,  
0.0000


■ 146.0655,  
144.8236, 61.1684


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 181.3064,


180.5148, 82.4132


 221.8035,  
221.6352, 108.0826


 24.5385, 23.1646,  
3.1779


 24.5385, 23.1646,  
3.1779


 24.5387, 23.1651,  
3.1780

 25.2926, 24.5060,  
3.9443

 26.1715, 25.9499,  
5.2047

 27.2121, 27.5127,  
7.1497

 28.4317, 29.2022,  
9.8678

 29.8450, 31.0249,  
13.4340

■ 31.4650, 32.9867,  
17.9143

■ 33.3034, 35.0931,  
23.3684

■ 35.3709, 37.3490,  
29.8506

■ 37.6775, 39.7590,  
37.4114

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.9042, 23.1646, 5.8422



24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779



17.8319, 23.1646, 3.5903

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779



11.6513, 23.1646, 40.3616



33.8666, 23.1646, 59.2068

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779



8.8239, 5.4239, 40.6258

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.8110, 23.1646, 81.4123



24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779



14.4183, 23.1646, 67.1350

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779



11.2952, 23.1646, 18.8818



19.6749, 23.1646, 84.9001



37.9955, 23.1646, 32.8437



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779



14.5410, 23.1646, 5.6964



19.6749, 23.1646, 84.9001



31.6969, 23.1646, 67.8865

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.5390, 23.1658, 3.1783



60.2208, 63.4446, 41.8116



18.0800, 9.2486, 4.1054



13.0694, 13.7444, 8.3442



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.5390, 23.1658, 3.1783



44.3090, 41.6152, 5.6972



25.8170, 35.7781, 5.5454



8.4614, 8.9277, 8.4906



17.8514, 16.9083, 2.3228



0.5408, 0.5588, 0.0794



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.8239, 5.4239, 40.6258



15.8367, 9.5003, 73.6359



8.3266, 3.4101, 40.2633



7.7631, 8.1255, 10.1119



6.4456, 4.0250, 29.4817

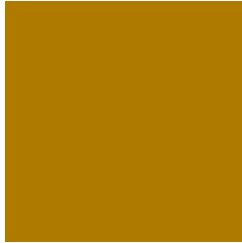


0.2272, 0.2077, 0.8361



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

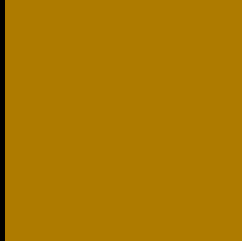
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.5385, 23.1646,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779

### Protanopia

21.0256, 23.2832, 3.7026

### Deuteranopia

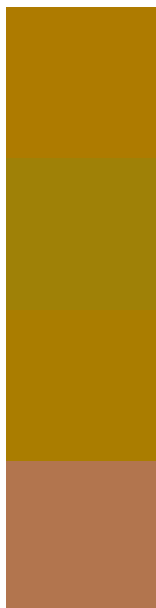
23.6093, 23.2465, 3.2427



## Tritanopia

28.4149, 23.1680, 21.7131

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779

## Protanomaly

22.1867, 23.0868, 3.4878

## Deuteranomaly

23.9112, 23.2133, 3.2204

## Tritanomaly

26.0965, 22.7376, 10.2211

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779

## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

## Achromatomaly

19.7743, 20.7306, 10.3563

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 123, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 123, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 123, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 123, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 123, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 123, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 123, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 123, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 123, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 123,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.5385, 23.1646, 3.1779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 123, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
123, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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