

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.2949, 30.9587,  
62.4528)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A4CD
RGB	0, 164, 205
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 80%
CMY	0.9998, 0.3569, 0.1961
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	192°, 100%, 40%
HSV	192°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528
YIQ	119.6380, -110.9050, -22.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

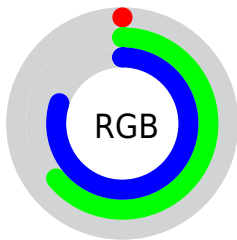
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	0, 91, 205
Decimal	42189
CIELab	62.47, -20.93, -30.88
CIELCh	62, 37.298, 235.872
Yxy	30.9587, 0.2064, 0.2630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232269 (0xFF00A4CD)
YUV	119.6380, 42.0835, -104.9225
Hunter-Lab	55.6405, -19.4307, -27.6007

# Details

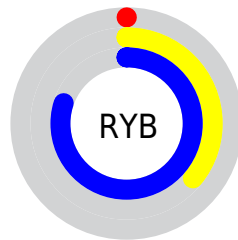
The XYZ color **24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **25.9718, 14.5683, 1.4444**, and the grayscale version is **17.6373, 18.5558, 20.2073**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.7483, 60.6497, 103.7450**, and **11.3801, 13.8227, 31.3464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.2938, 30.9562, 62.4530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.3409, 32.6056, 62.7162**.

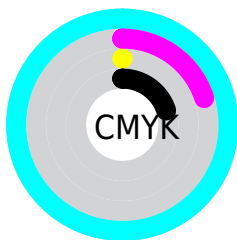
# Distribution



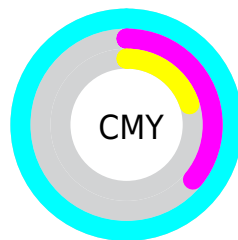
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.2949, 30.9587,  
62.4528

■ 24.2949, 30.9587,  
62.4528

266.7209,  
306.3480, 451.6340

■ 15.6784, 20.5674,  
44.9605

■ 49.9622, 61.1750,  
109.9576

■ 9.3863, 12.8082,  
31.0836

■ 67.7437, 81.7689,  
140.8072

■ 5.0531, 7.2966,  
20.4035

■ 89.3110, 106.5323,  
176.9464

■ 2.3135, 3.6483,  
12.5017

■ 115.0294,  
135.8498, 218.7936

■ 0.8016, 1.4788,  
6.9597

■ 145.2642,  
170.1058, 266.7675

■ 0.0000, 0.2737,  
3.3588

180.3808,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

209.6845, 321.2864

1.2806

220.7446,  
254.9704, 382.7691

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0459

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.2949, 30.9587,  
62.4528

■ 24.2949, 30.9587,  
62.4528

■ 24.2938, 30.9562,  
62.4530

■ 25.3409, 32.6056,  
62.7162

■ 26.7272, 34.4628,  
63.0016

■ 28.5629, 36.5875,  
63.3149

■ 30.9064, 39.0101,  
63.6590

■ 33.8069, 41.7562,  
64.0362

■ 37.3077, 44.8485,  
64.4486

■ 41.4474, 48.3071,  
64.8980

■ 46.2617, 52.1508,  
65.3861

■ 51.7833, 56.3968,  
65.9147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5070, 30.9587, 47.3959



24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



28.7302, 30.9587, 69.8609

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



40.2413, 30.9587, 35.7556



25.3788, 30.9587, 14.3323

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



25.9718, 14.5683, 1.4444

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1316, 30.9587, 12.8477



24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



39.0817, 30.9587, 22.9484

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



38.2411, 30.9587, 51.8934



35.2315, 30.9587, 15.4972



22.0806, 30.9587, 20.3623



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



32.1686, 30.9587, 68.2631



35.2315, 30.9587, 15.4972



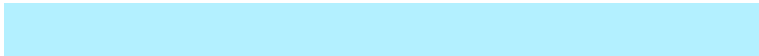
26.8426, 30.9587, 13.3755

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.2960, 30.9598, 62.4536



67.5960, 78.8862, 106.2716



22.2330, 43.8238, 9.3882



13.8244, 16.3533, 22.6778



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

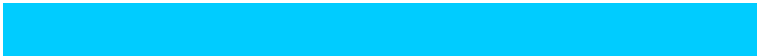


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.2960, 30.9598, 62.4536



39.6405, 50.4011, 102.2468



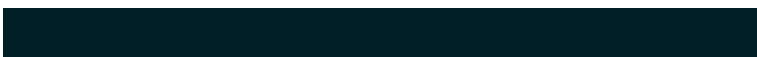
12.7174, 7.8027, 58.5941



11.3452, 12.3309, 14.3525



15.1920, 19.4080, 38.9017



0.8335, 1.1007, 2.0235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.8786, 15.6607, 36.4655



52.1379, 25.6192, 59.3176



35.0772, 32.7791, 4.4795



11.5876, 11.3638, 13.6290



19.8791, 9.7622, 22.8800



1.0506, 0.5137, 1.3125



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

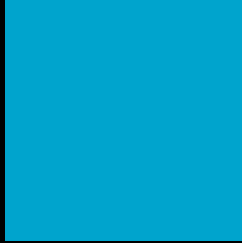
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

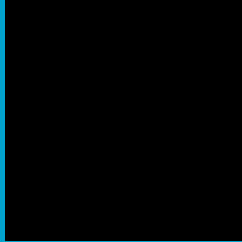
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528.



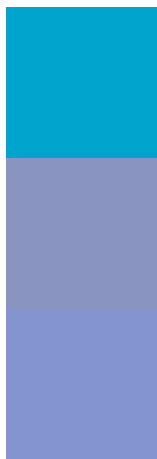
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.2949, 30.9587,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528

### Protanopia

30.6968, 30.4333, 54.7084

### Deuteranopia

31.4586, 30.6086, 64.5716



## Tritanopia

22.0569, 30.9327, 47.9881

# Trichromacy



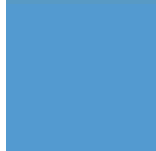
## Original Color

24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



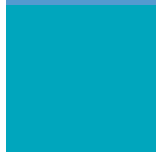
## Protanomaly

25.6581, 29.2171, 57.1105



## Deuteranomaly

26.5080, 29.5043, 63.9723



## Tritanomaly

22.8215, 30.9466, 52.9146

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528



## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537



## Achromatomaly

17.3706, 21.3792, 32.4892

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 164, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 164, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 164, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 164, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 164, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 164, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 164, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 164, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 164, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 164,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.2949, 30.9587, 62.4528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 164, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 164,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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