

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.3814, 23.0638, 49.3176)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.3814, 23.0638, 49.3176)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.3613, 23.0061,  
49.0556)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7980B9
RGB	121, 128, 185
RGB Percent	47%, 50%, 73%
CMY	0.5255, 0.4980, 0.2745
CMYK	0.35, 0.31, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	233°, 31%, 60%
HSV	233°, 35%, 73%
XYZ	24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556
YIQ	132.4050, -22.4690, 16.2430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

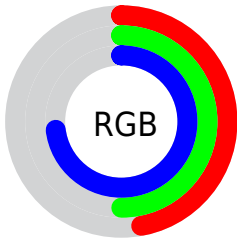
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 127, 185
Decimal	7962809
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.08, 11.23, -30.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 32.760, 290.055
Yxy	23.0061, 0.2527, 0.2386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286152889 (0xFF7980B9)
YUV	132.4050, 25.9293, -10.0022
Hunter-Lab	47.9647, 6.7221, -27.0632

# Details

The XYZ color **24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **39.3797, 43.5361, 24.4178**, and the grayscale version is **21.9941, 23.1395, 25.1989**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.0803, 48.5126, 89.9434**, and **9.4151, 8.5231, 22.9787** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.0357, 17.8411, 48.2870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.5347, 29.1272, 49.9648**.

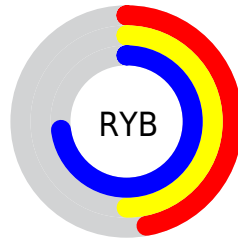
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (50%)

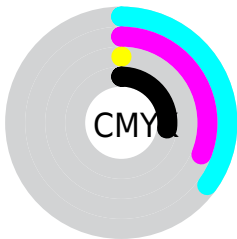
Blue (73%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (73%)

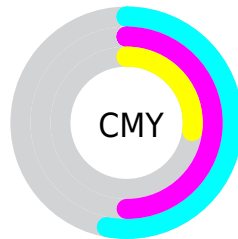


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.3613, 23.0061,  
49.0556

■ 24.3613, 23.0061,  
49.0556

267.0487,  
267.7563, 399.5899

■ 15.7280, 14.5980,  
34.2977

■ 50.0695, 48.4033,  
90.1559

■ 9.4215, 8.5378,  
22.8432

■ 67.8752, 66.1613,  
117.3353

■ 5.0764, 4.4409,  
14.2735

■ 89.4691, 87.8046,  
149.4923

■ 2.3274, 1.9231,  
8.1702

115.2165,  
113.7178, 187.0454

■ 0.8086, 0.5622,  
4.1147

145.4828,  
144.2851, 230.4132

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.6885

180.6334,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

179.8911, 280.0142

0.3528

221.0336,  
220.9200, 336.2669

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.3613, 23.0061,  
49.0556

■ 24.3613, 23.0061,  
49.0556

■ 20.0357, 17.8411,  
48.2870

■ 29.5347, 29.1272,  
49.9648

■ 16.5101, 13.5811,  
47.6506

■ 35.5953, 36.2465,  
51.0196

■ 13.7357, 10.1744,  
47.1393

■ 42.5832, 44.4071,  
52.2264

■ 11.6573, 7.5629,  
46.7448

■ 50.5351, 53.6485,  
53.5911

■ 10.2120, 5.6812,  
46.4577

■ 59.4858, 64.0082,  
55.1190

■ 9.3251, 4.4531,  
46.2674

■ 69.4683, 75.5221,  
56.8152

■ 9.0113, 4.0114,  
46.1987

■ 80.5142, 88.2242,  
58.6848

■ 85.7570, 96.2828,  
59.9639

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6774, 23.0061, 50.5038



24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556



27.6972, 23.0061, 40.2881

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556



26.6865, 23.0061, 12.5892



15.6597, 23.0061, 21.7381

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556



39.3797, 43.5361, 24.4178

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.9177, 23.0061, 14.2388



24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556



23.1005, 23.0061, 10.0155

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556



29.1397, 23.0061, 18.7730



19.5483, 23.0061, 10.5210



15.9172, 23.0061, 32.5895



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556



29.1453, 23.0061, 32.5462



19.5483, 23.0061, 10.5210



15.9135, 23.0061, 18.8030

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.3621, 23.0070, 49.0561



69.0855, 71.1567, 92.2980



33.2239, 41.9591, 48.2226



14.5239, 14.9080, 19.8337



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.3621, 23.0070, 49.0561



37.2477, 33.5892, 86.7248



27.3664, 23.2467, 48.9441



8.5981, 8.8734, 11.3390



6.1634, 2.7864, 31.4661



0.2435, 0.1507, 1.1180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.7419, 25.5484, 23.7340



50.5778, 39.1488, 33.7606



35.3915, 43.6007, 24.6405



9.0435, 9.0278, 9.5764



13.7247, 7.0636, 1.1709



0.4971, 0.2543, 0.1110



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

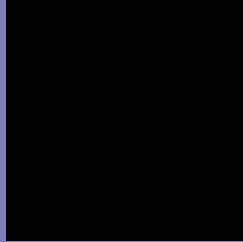
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.3613, 23.0061,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556

### Protanopia

23.7850, 23.0878, 49.6572

### Deuteranopia

23.5496, 22.9788, 49.0931



## Tritanopia

20.6746, 23.1284, 30.5687

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556

## Protanomaly

24.0493, 23.0276, 49.6316

## Deuteranomaly

23.8097, 22.9163, 49.0673

## Tritanomaly

21.8029, 22.9580, 36.5399

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556

## Achromatopsia

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

## Achromatomaly

22.6043, 23.0562, 32.5371

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 128, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 128, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 128, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 128, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 128, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 128, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 128, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 128, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 128, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 128,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.3613, 23.0061, 49.0556 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 128, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
128, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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