

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.4354, 25.5321, 16.2107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.4354, 25.5321, 16.2107)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.4808, 25.6229,  
16.2258)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	998966
RGB	153, 137, 102
RGB Percent	60%, 54%, 40%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4627, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.33, 0.40
HSL	41°, 20%, 50%
HSV	41°, 33%, 60%
XYZ	24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258
YIQ	137.7940, 20.7710, -7.4930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

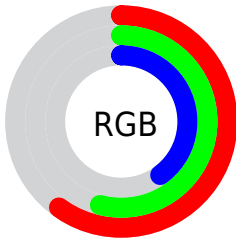
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	125, 153, 102
Decimal	10062182
CIE Lab	57.68, 0.55, 21.00
CIE LCh	58, 21.003, 88.496
Yxy	25.6229, 0.3691, 0.3863
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288252262 (0xFF998966)
YUV	137.7940, -17.6464, 13.3357
Hunter-Lab	50.6191, -2.2558, 16.4281

# Details

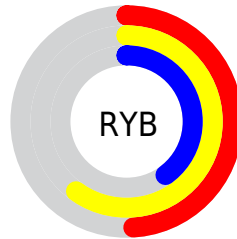
The XYZ color **24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **17.7076, 18.0811, 32.6938**, and the grayscale version is **24.1390, 25.3961, 27.6564**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.1756, 52.5367, 37.6331**, and **9.4646, 9.8589, 5.0186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.1241, 24.0137, 12.3693**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.0092, 27.3512, 20.8311**.

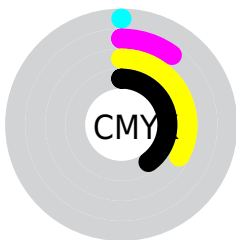
# Distribution



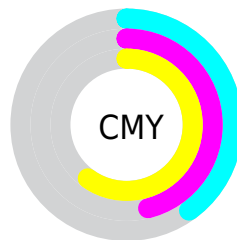
- Red (60%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.4808, 25.6229,  
16.2258


 24.4808, 25.6229,  
16.2258


267.6379,  
280.9260, 242.5615


 15.8173, 16.5417,  
9.5280


 50.2627, 52.6660,  
37.7620


 9.4850, 9.9083,  
4.9857


 68.1117, 71.3967,  
53.4375

 5.1185, 5.3382,  
2.1803

 89.7534, 94.1127,  
72.9426

 2.3524, 2.4470,  
0.6629

 115.5530,  
121.1983, 96.6958

 0.8213, 0.8499,  
0.0000

145.8759,  
153.0381, 125.1158

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

181.0875,

190.0164, 158.6211

221.5530,  
232.5176, 197.6301

■ 24.4808, 25.6229,  
16.2258

■ 24.4808, 25.6229,  
16.2258

■ 23.1241, 24.0137,  
12.3693

■ 26.0092, 27.3512,  
20.8311

■ 21.9291, 22.5162,  
9.2192

■ 27.7150, 29.1986,  
26.2213

■ 20.8875, 21.1274,  
6.7315

■ 29.6056, 31.1698,  
32.4320

■ 19.9895, 19.8427,  
4.8561

■ 31.6879, 33.2680,  
39.4962

■ 19.2239, 18.6569,  
3.5362

■ 33.9679, 35.4962,  
47.4450

■ 18.5775, 17.5641,  
2.7040

■ 36.4517, 37.8575,  
56.3081

■ 18.1895, 16.8775,  
2.2990

■ 39.1450, 40.3546,  
66.1135

■ 42.0531, 42.9903,  
76.8883

■ 45.1814, 45.7672,  
88.6584

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9670, 25.6229, 17.6853



24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258



22.1204, 25.6229, 17.4187

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258



20.3493, 25.6229, 35.0359



28.7103, 25.6229, 35.7730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258



17.7076, 18.0811, 32.6938

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.7327, 25.6229, 41.9137



24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258



21.9151, 25.6229, 41.4392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258



19.8358, 25.6229, 27.5375



24.2272, 25.6229, 44.1451



29.5105, 25.6229, 28.2637



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258



20.9113, 25.6229, 19.6968



24.2272, 25.6229, 44.1451



28.1547, 25.6229, 38.1107

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.4815, 25.6241, 16.2263



50.6595, 53.3739, 50.2853



21.1674, 17.5869, 19.4656



11.0925, 11.6870, 10.7989



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.4815, 25.6241, 16.2263



42.0024, 43.7195, 23.7849



25.2302, 29.6397, 16.9620



6.5454, 6.8959, 6.5919



15.0639, 14.0103, 1.9103



0.2573, 0.2736, 0.0393



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7076, 18.0811, 32.6938



27.9697, 28.1009, 57.9218



17.1011, 15.2052, 32.1707



6.0347, 6.3268, 7.8321



5.6524, 3.7015, 25.3243



0.1145, 0.1152, 0.3886



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

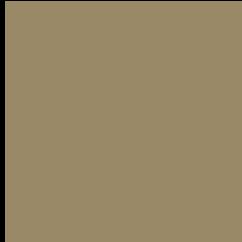
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.4808, 25.6229,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258

### Protanopia

23.9311, 25.5458, 16.5015

### Deuteranopia

26.1456, 25.6468, 16.4043



## Tritanopia

27.2343, 25.7246, 29.1211

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258

## Protanomaly

24.1143, 25.6403, 16.5101

## Deuteranomaly

25.4705, 25.5031, 16.4121

## Tritanomaly

26.0662, 25.6504, 23.6559

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

24.1178, 25.4973, 23.0524

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 137, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 137, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 137, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 137, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 137, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 137, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 137, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 137, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 137, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 137,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.4808, 25.6229, 16.2258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 137, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
137, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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