

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.5870, 19.2485, 18.1830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.5870, 19.2485, 18.1830)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.6476, 19.2703,  
18.0432)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | AC6571                     |
| RGB           | 172, 101, 113              |
| RGB Percent   | 67%, 40%, 44%              |
| CMY           | 0.3255, 0.6039, 0.5569     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.41, 0.34, 0.33     |
| HSL           | 350°, 30%, 54%             |
| HSV           | 350°, 41%, 67%             |
| XYZ           | 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432  |
| YIQ           | 123.5970, 38.4640, 18.7840 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

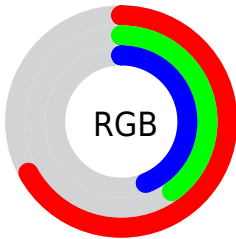
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 172, 101, 113                 |
| Decimal                             | 11298161                      |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 51.00, 30.05, 5.67            |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 51, 30.575, 10.681            |
| Yxy                                 | 19.2703, 0.3978,<br>0.3110    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4289488241<br>(0xFFAC6571)    |
| YUV                                 | 123.5970, -5.2243,<br>42.4494 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 43.8979, 23.4019,<br>6.3588   |

# Details

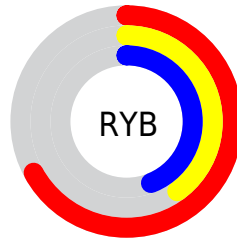
The XYZ color **24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **26.4655, 34.8103, 38.5839**, and the grayscale version is **19.0326, 20.0237, 21.8059**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.4959, 42.1571, 41.0730**, and **9.5182, 6.6195, 5.7771** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.4066, 15.9763, 13.6338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.3659, 23.3158, 23.2375**.

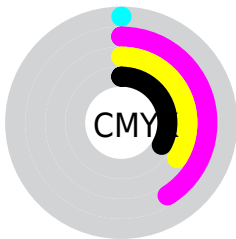
# Distribution



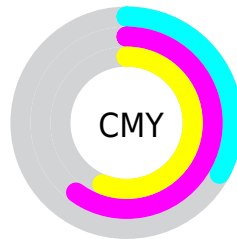
- Red (67%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 24.6476, 19.2703,  
18.0432

 24.6476, 19.2703,  
18.0432


268.4585,  
247.9369, 253.3587

 15.9420, 11.8658,  
10.8112


 50.5320, 42.1903,  
40.9259


 9.5737, 6.6523,  
5.8275


 68.4415, 58.4746,  
57.4136

 5.1773, 3.2456,  
2.6734

 90.1497, 78.4876,  
77.8238

 2.3875, 1.2613,  
0.9300

 116.0219,  
102.6137, 102.5748

 0.8389, 0.1109,  
0.0000

146.4236,  
131.2373, 132.0853

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

181.7200,

164.7428, 166.7737

222.2765,  
203.5145, 207.0587

■ 24.6476, 19.2703,  
18.0432

■ 24.6476, 19.2703,  
18.0432

■ 22.4066, 15.9763,  
13.6338

■ 27.3659, 23.3158,  
23.2375

■ 20.6135, 13.3847,  
9.9696

■ 30.5855, 28.1525,  
29.2513

■ 19.2379, 11.4450,  
7.0092


■ 34.3307, 33.8203,  
36.1187

■ 18.2449, 10.0986,  
4.7066


■ 38.6238, 40.3560,  
43.8713

■ 17.5938, 9.2763,  
3.0100


■ 43.4857, 47.7938,  
52.5391

 17.2358, 8.8597,  
1.9681

 48.9363, 56.1665,  
62.1510

 54.9943, 65.5047,  
72.7341

 61.6779, 75.8381,  
84.3148

 68.7470, 86.6802,  
96.8327

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.3722, 19.2703, 26.9903



24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432



23.0910, 19.2703, 11.8881

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432



14.7795, 19.2703, 10.7141



16.4580, 19.2703, 40.9579

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432



26.4655, 34.8103, 38.5839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.2491, 19.2703, 33.8233



24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432



13.3564, 19.2703, 15.9391

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432



17.2587, 19.2703, 8.4995



13.1735, 19.2703, 24.2239



19.4153, 19.2703, 41.9806



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432



21.3146, 19.2703, 9.5503



13.1735, 19.2703, 24.2239



15.6125, 19.2703, 39.1182

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.6481, 19.2712, 18.0436



61.6015, 60.3238, 64.2876



26.3955, 19.6562, 41.4327



13.1946, 12.8173, 13.6196



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.6481, 19.2712, 18.0436



40.7883, 29.1868, 25.0127



26.5060, 23.9973, 15.5481



8.0584, 8.0366, 8.6184



12.8407, 6.5988, 1.5406



0.3735, 0.1901, 0.1284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6481, 19.2712, 18.0436



40.7883, 29.1868, 25.0127



23.6434, 27.4048, 43.0733



8.0584, 8.0366, 8.6184



12.8407, 6.5988, 1.5406

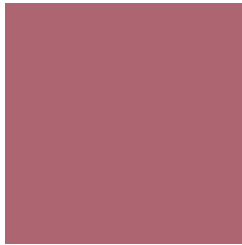


0.3735, 0.1901, 0.1284



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

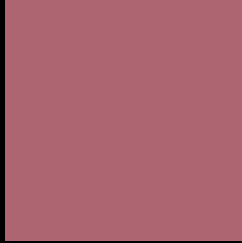
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

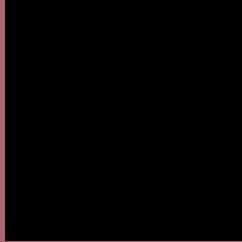
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.6476, 19.2703,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432

### Protanopia

18.6438, 19.3409, 21.8193

### Deuteranopia

19.7741, 19.4859, 17.4708



## Tritanopia

24.5249, 19.3775, 16.9156

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432

## Protanomaly

20.3920, 19.0534, 20.3722

## Deuteranomaly

21.2411, 19.2201, 17.6292

## Tritanomaly

24.5791, 19.3992, 17.2008

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432

## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

## Achromatomaly

20.6201, 19.5096, 20.4482

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 101, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 101, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 101, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 101, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 101, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 101, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 101, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 101, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 101, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 101,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.6476, 19.2703, 18.0432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 101, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
101, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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