

Converting Colors

XYZ(24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235)
contains.

XYZ(24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(24.5959, 23.3614,
4.0235)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD7C17
RGB	173, 124, 23
RGB Percent	68%, 49%, 9%
CMY	0.3216, 0.5137, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.87, 0.32
HSL	40°, 77%, 38%
HSV	40°, 87%, 68%
XYZ	24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235
YIQ	127.1370, 61.6250, -21.0230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

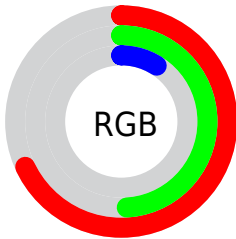
Format	Color
RYB	96, 173, 23
Decimal	11369495
CIELab	55.44, 10.68, 56.56
CIELCh	55, 57.561, 79.306
Yxy	23.3614, 0.4732, 0.4494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289559575 (0xFFAD7C17)
YUV	127.1370, -51.3395, 40.2219
Hunter-Lab	48.3336, 6.2508, 28.8980

Details

The XYZ color **24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **10.2136, 7.8340, 40.5087**, and the grayscale version is **20.3768, 21.4380, 23.3460**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.5048, 48.9244, 13.9892**, and **9.7185, 8.7452, 1.1758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7849, 21.9371, 3.1445**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.5586, 24.9133, 5.4965**.

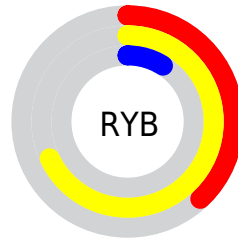
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (49%)

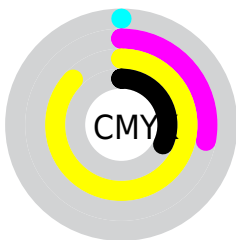
Blue (9%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (9%)

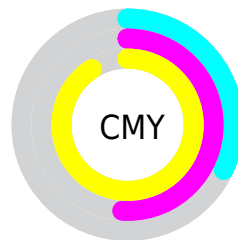


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24.5959, 23.3614,
4.0235

■ 24.5959, 23.3614,
4.0235

268.2044,
269.5758, 148.4862

■ 15.9034, 14.8606,
1.6382

■ 50.4485, 48.9861,
14.0639

■ 9.5462, 8.7216,
0.3179

■ 68.3393, 66.8787,
22.5562

■ 5.1591, 4.5600,
0.0000

■ 90.0269, 88.6708,
33.9212

■ 2.3766, 1.9915,
0.0000

■ 115.8767,
114.7466, 48.5774

■ 0.8334, 0.6025,
0.0000

■ 146.2540,
145.4906, 66.9435

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 181.5241,

181.2873, 89.4380

222.0524,
222.5209, 116.4794

24.5959, 23.3614,
4.0235

24.5959, 23.3614,
4.0235

23.7849, 21.9371,
3.1445

25.5586, 24.9133,
5.4965

23.5355, 21.4883,
2.9072

26.6940, 26.5993,
7.6778

28.0188, 28.4281,
10.6500

29.5471, 30.4064,
14.4840

31.2914, 32.5400,
19.2426

■ 33.2631, 34.8345,
24.9827

■ 35.4726, 37.2951,
31.7567

■ 37.9297, 39.9266,
39.6132

■ 40.6436, 42.7336,
48.5977

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3525, 23.3614, 6.8475



24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235



18.3369, 23.3614, 4.4426

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235



12.4043, 23.3614, 39.1414



33.0461, 23.3614, 56.4912

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235



10.2136, 7.8340, 40.5087

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.5805, 23.3614, 76.1153



24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235



15.0351, 23.3614, 63.1848

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235



12.0789, 23.3614, 19.3767



19.9730, 23.3614, 79.0297



36.8242, 23.3614, 32.6441

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235



15.2139, 23.3614, 6.6186



19.9730, 23.3614, 79.0297



31.0625, 23.3614, 64.2087

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.5964, 23.3626, 4.0239



59.6660, 62.4931, 45.0210



18.7427, 9.9783, 7.2421



12.7000, 13.2757, 8.9919



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.5964, 23.3626, 4.0239



41.9475, 38.0771, 5.1387



27.3110, 36.2448, 6.3674



8.4388, 8.8825, 8.4831



17.3441, 15.8938, 2.1537



0.5295, 0.5362, 0.0756

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.2136, 7.8340, 40.5087



15.9111, 10.2080, 71.9375



9.0684, 4.2586, 39.8789



7.7846, 8.1686, 10.1191



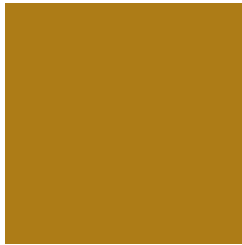
6.6457, 4.4252, 29.5484



0.2355, 0.2244, 0.8389

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.5959, 23.3614,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235

Protanopia

21.1517, 23.3337, 4.3663

Deuteranopia

23.7447, 23.3007, 3.9555



Tritanopia

28.3592, 23.3004, 22.0715

Trichromacy



Original Color

24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235

Protanomaly

22.2587, 23.3046, 4.2448

Deuteranomaly

24.0560, 23.2712, 3.9830

Tritanomaly

26.3302, 22.9921, 12.0670

Monochromacy



Original Color

24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235

Achromatopsia

20.1725, 21.2231, 23.1119

Achromatomaly

20.7656, 21.5723, 12.5206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 124, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 124, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 124, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 124, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 124, 23) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 124, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 124, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 124, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 124, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 124,  
23) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.5959, 23.3614, 4.0235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 124, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
124, 23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor