

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.6828, 24.1438, 26.7114)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.6828, 24.1438, 26.7114)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.6393, 24.0387,  
26.6339)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	948288
RGB	148, 130, 136
RGB Percent	58%, 51%, 53%
CMY	0.4196, 0.4902, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.42
HSL	340°, 8%, 55%
HSV	340°, 12%, 58%
XYZ	24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339
YIQ	136.0660, 8.8020, 5.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

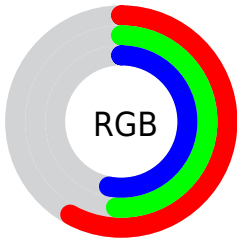
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	148, 130, 136
Decimal	9732744
CIE Lab	56.13, 7.92, -0.72
CIE LCh	56, 7.954, 354.777
Yxy	24.0387, 0.3272, 0.3192
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287922824 (0xFF948288)
YUV	136.0660, -0.0325, 10.4661
Hunter-Lab	49.0293, 3.9026, 2.1127

# Details

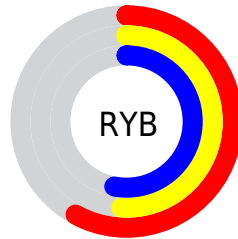
The XYZ color **24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **24.6792, 27.8792, 29.6729**, and the grayscale version is **23.4248, 24.6447, 26.8381**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.4759, 50.0977, 55.1536**, and **9.5519, 9.0981, 10.0568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.1413, 20.1137, 22.4991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.4864, 28.5580, 31.2043**.

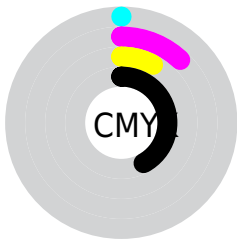
# Distribution



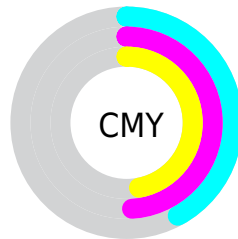
- Red (58%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.6393, 24.0387,  
26.6339


 24.6393, 24.0387,  
26.6339


268.4177,  
273.0161, 299.5840


 15.9358, 15.3623,  
17.0685


 50.5186, 50.0933,  
55.2924

 9.5693, 9.0741,  
10.1208


 68.4251, 68.2404,  
75.2226

 5.1744, 4.7895,  
5.3725


 90.1300, 90.3132,  
99.4447

 2.3858, 2.1243,  
2.4049

115.9986,  
116.6960, 128.3774

 0.8380, 0.6782,  
0.7891

146.3964,  
147.7733, 162.4391

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

181.6886,

183.9295, 202.0484

222.2406,  
225.5490, 247.6239

■ 24.6393, 24.0387,  
26.6339

■ 24.6393, 24.0387,  
26.6339

■ 22.1413, 20.1137,  
22.4991

■ 27.4864, 28.5580,  
31.2043

■ 19.9767, 16.7550,  
18.7851

■ 30.6936, 33.6918,  
36.2213

■ 18.1313, 13.9373,  
15.4787

■ 34.2738, 39.4630,  
41.6974

■ 16.5894, 11.6318,  
12.5653

■ 38.2387, 45.8927,  
47.6442

■ 15.3337, 9.8072,  
10.0292

■ 42.5997, 53.0007,  
54.0727

■ 14.3451, 8.4288,  
7.8538

■ 47.3672, 60.8063,  
60.9939

■ 13.6021, 7.4571,  
6.0209

■ 52.5518, 69.3279,  
68.4181

■ 13.0795, 6.8454,  
4.5103

■ 58.1633, 78.5830,  
76.3553

■ 12.7741, 6.5204,  
3.5267

■ 61.5379, 83.2420,  
83.9242

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.3108, 24.0387, 29.1789



24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339



24.4775, 24.0387, 24.1252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339



22.1210, 24.0387, 21.8738



21.8515, 24.0387, 30.4950

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339



24.6792, 27.8792, 29.6729

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.2925, 24.0387, 28.3358



24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339



21.4452, 24.0387, 23.3829

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339



23.0081, 24.0387, 21.4844



21.1458, 24.0387, 25.7195



22.6888, 24.0387, 31.5008



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339



24.1156, 24.0387, 22.7936



21.1458, 24.0387, 25.7195



21.6257, 24.0387, 29.8733

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.6400, 24.0398, 26.6344



47.4851, 48.7754, 53.4495



24.4841, 23.8553, 31.3314



10.7566, 11.0020, 12.0688



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.6400, 24.0398, 26.6344



42.0266, 40.1314, 44.6226



24.6303, 24.6837, 24.5866



5.8758, 5.8454, 6.4520



10.9226, 5.5741, 3.0735



0.1463, 0.0733, 0.1040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6400, 24.0398, 26.6344



42.0266, 40.1314, 44.6226



24.6774, 27.1354, 31.9543



5.8758, 5.8454, 6.4520



10.9226, 5.5741, 3.0735



0.1463, 0.0733, 0.1040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.6393, 24.0387,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339

### Protanopia

23.2659, 24.1194, 27.4740

### Deuteranopia

24.4592, 23.9459, 26.6254



## Tritanopia

24.7966, 23.8899, 28.1152

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339

## Protanomaly

23.7181, 24.1566, 27.0795

## Deuteranomaly

24.4592, 23.9459, 26.6254

## Tritanomaly

24.7232, 23.8605, 27.7286

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339

## Achromatopsia

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113

## Achromatomaly

23.7842, 24.4032, 26.7493

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 130, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 130, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 130, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 130, 136) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 130, 136) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 130, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 130, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 130, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 130, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 130,  
136) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.6393, 24.0387, 26.6339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 130, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
130, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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