

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.7389, 27.8341, 32.0446)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.7389, 27.8341, 32.0446)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.8373, 27.9071,  
32.0945)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	809494
RGB	128, 148, 148
RGB Percent	50%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4196, 0.4196
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 9%, 54%
HSV	180°, 14%, 58%
XYZ	24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945
YIQ	142.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

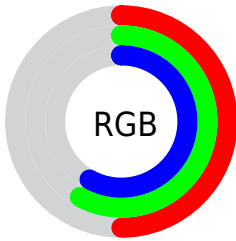
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 138, 148
Decimal	8426644
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.80, -7.08, -2.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 7.479, 198.757
Yxy	27.9071, 0.2928, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286616724 (0xFF809494)
YUV	142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955
Hunter-Lab	52.8272, -8.5237, 0.9581

# Details

The XYZ color **24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **23.8292, 23.2936, 23.6635**, and the grayscale version is **25.7118, 27.0508, 29.4583**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.8373, 56.3291, 64.0703**, and **9.6568, 11.0747, 12.9379** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.7716, 26.8430, 31.9978**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2293, 29.1410, 32.2077**.

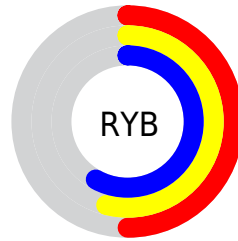
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (58%)

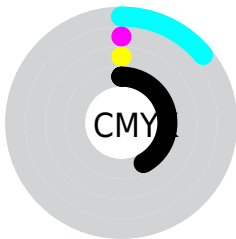
Blue (58%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (58%)

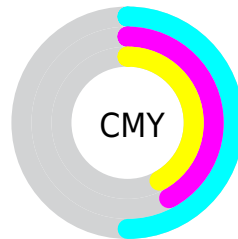


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.8373, 27.9071,  
32.0945

■ 24.8373, 27.9071,  
32.0945

269.3893,  
292.0227, 326.0555

■ 16.0840, 18.2556,  
21.1683

■ 50.8380, 56.3361,  
64.0588

■ 9.6748, 11.1337,  
13.0546

■ 68.8160, 75.8824,  
85.9340

■ 5.2445, 6.1568,  
7.3350

■ 90.5996, 99.4958,  
112.2959

■ 2.4276, 2.9407,  
3.5909

116.5542,  
127.5607, 143.5631

■ 0.8589, 1.1008,  
1.4037

147.0451,  
160.4614, 180.1542

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1446

182.4377,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

198.5824, 222.4875

0.0000

223.0973,  
242.3080, 270.9818

■ 24.8373, 27.9071,  
32.0945

■ 24.8373, 27.9071,  
32.0945

■ 22.7716, 26.8430,  
31.9978

■ 27.2293, 29.1410,  
32.2077

■ 21.0159, 25.9379,  
31.9150

■ 29.9585, 30.5479,  
32.3360

■ 19.5559, 25.1852,  
31.8460

■ 33.0379, 32.1354,  
32.4808

■ 18.3754, 24.5767,  
31.7901

■ 36.4795, 33.9095,  
32.6425

■ 17.4565, 24.1030,  
31.7464

■ 40.2944, 35.8762,  
32.8217

■ 16.7793, 23.7539,  
31.7141

■ 44.4934, 38.0409,  
33.0188

■ 16.3212, 23.5177,  
31.6920

■ 49.0869, 40.4089,  
33.2345

■ 16.0549, 23.3805,  
31.6789

■ 54.0847, 42.9853,  
33.4690

■ 15.9347, 23.3185,  
31.6729

■ 57.1769, 44.5794,  
33.6144

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.7782, 27.9071, 29.3804



24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945



25.3421, 27.9071, 34.4796

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945



27.9181, 27.9071, 33.9564



26.8816, 27.9071, 25.5516

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945



23.8292, 23.2936, 23.6635

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.7438, 27.9071, 26.6301



24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945



28.3517, 27.9071, 31.4145

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945



27.1149, 27.9071, 35.5979



28.2872, 27.9071, 28.7394



25.9435, 27.9071, 25.7096



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945



25.8704, 27.9071, 35.5119



28.2872, 27.9071, 28.7394



27.1903, 27.9071, 25.7789

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.8381, 27.9083, 32.0951



47.7883, 51.2843, 56.8143



23.4393, 27.3546, 24.4672



10.8376, 11.6703, 12.9661



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.8381, 27.9083, 32.0951



42.7440, 48.6840, 56.5768



23.3846, 25.0010, 31.6114



5.9641, 6.5622, 7.4219



13.6102, 19.9169, 27.0526



0.1666, 0.2438, 0.3311



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.8292, 23.2936, 23.6635



40.6351, 39.0374, 38.9514



25.1508, 25.9369, 24.1034



5.8008, 5.8154, 6.0573



10.4317, 5.3778, 0.4886



0.1277, 0.0658, 0.0060



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

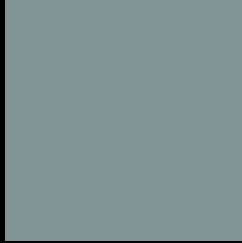
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

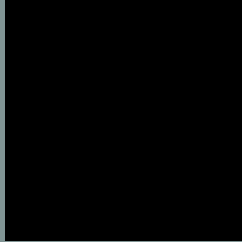
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.8373, 27.9071,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945

### Protanopia

26.7874, 27.8002, 30.7422

### Deuteranopia

28.2552, 27.6358, 32.6992



## Tritanopia

25.6564, 27.7722, 36.3561

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945

## Protanomaly

25.9612, 27.8151, 31.1947

## Deuteranomaly

26.7749, 27.5357, 32.3375

## Tritanomaly

25.3197, 27.8677, 34.6164

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

25.3238, 27.2785, 30.3161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 148, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 148, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 148, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 148, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 148, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 148, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 148,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
148, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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