

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.7596, 44.4524, 23.8733)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.7596, 44.4524, 23.8733)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.7453, 44.4467,  
23.7979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CC74
RGB	0, 204, 116
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 45%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2000, 0.5451
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.43, 0.20
HSL	154°, 100%, 40%
HSV	154°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979
YIQ	132.9720, -93.3360, -70.6160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

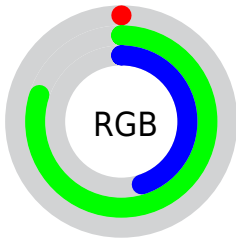
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 130, 204
Decimal	52340
CIELab	72.53, -62.31, 32.16
CIELCh	73, 70.119, 152.702
Yxy	44.4467, 0.2661, 0.4780
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242420 (0xFF00CC74)
YUV	132.9720, -8.3672, -116.6164
Hunter-Lab	66.6684, -50.4158, 25.5037

# Details

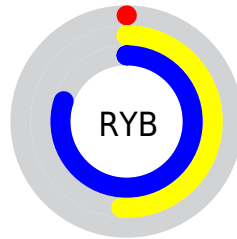
The XYZ color **24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **26.6652, 13.5431, 10.4451**, and the grayscale version is **22.3404, 23.5039, 25.5957**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.2883, 77.1513, 49.8827**, and **11.5733, 21.5732, 8.7083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.7458, 44.4482, 23.7967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.5799, 44.8161, 26.6384**.

# Distribution



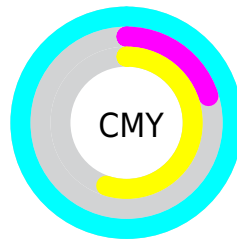
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.7453, 44.4467,  
23.7979


 24.7453, 44.4467,  
23.7979


268.9382,  
364.5280, 285.0507


 16.0151, 31.0218,  
14.9730


 50.6896, 81.8895,  
50.6399


 9.6258, 20.6155,  
8.6540


 68.6344, 106.6762,  
69.4940


 5.2119, 12.8432,  
4.4225


 90.3815, 136.0190,  
92.5283

 2.4082, 7.3207,  
1.8599

 116.2962,  
170.3023, 120.1612

 0.8492, 3.6634,  
0.4670

 146.7439,  
209.9105, 152.8114

 0.0000, 1.4871,  
0.0000

182.0899,

 0.0000, 0.2797,

255.2279, 190.8974

0.0000

222.6995,  
306.6389, 234.8376

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.7453, 44.4467,  
23.7979

■ 24.7453, 44.4467,  
23.7979

■ 24.7458, 44.4482,  
23.7967

■ 25.5799, 44.8161,  
26.6384

■ 26.7764, 45.3652,  
29.7549

■ 28.4446, 46.1516,  
33.1599

■ 30.6429, 47.2052,  
36.8624

■ 33.4211, 48.5515,  
40.8707

■ 36.8226, 50.2129,  
45.1928

■ 40.8867, 52.2095,  
49.8361

■ 45.6495, 54.5597,  
54.8079

■ 51.1441, 57.2805,  
60.1150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

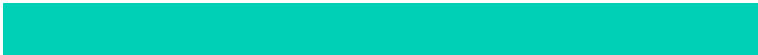
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8707, 44.4467, 11.1702



24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



22.9908, 44.4467, 51.6076

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



43.3526, 44.4467, 150.2693



65.0296, 44.4467, 20.5639

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



26.6652, 13.5431, 10.4451

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.0400, 44.4467, 45.3184



24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



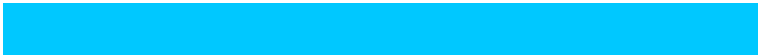
56.1182, 44.4467, 129.0148

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



32.4392, 44.4467, 135.1546



66.5042, 44.4467, 85.8818



53.8516, 44.4467, 10.0284

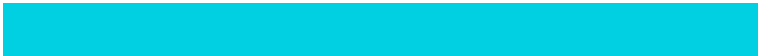


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



24.1968, 44.4467, 78.9699



66.5042, 44.4467, 85.8818



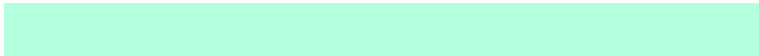
67.5781, 44.4467, 26.9478

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.7464, 44.4485, 23.7989



67.4195, 86.3180, 82.2131



25.6573, 45.2822, 7.3886



13.7898, 18.1605, 16.8819



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.7464, 44.4485, 23.7989



40.8702, 73.5641, 38.8299



29.4009, 41.3622, 63.5630



11.3308, 12.6421, 13.2994



15.6222, 27.9942, 15.2273



0.8435, 1.4592, 0.9836



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6652, 13.5431, 10.4451



44.0549, 22.3860, 16.7532



25.0548, 13.1417, 1.2166



11.4099, 11.2927, 12.6931



16.8271, 8.5414, 6.8084



0.9059, 0.4558, 0.5503



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.7453, 44.4467,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979

### Protanopia

40.2643, 43.8017, 19.6970

### Deuteranopia

44.4044, 43.5328, 25.1311



## Tritanopia

33.4802, 44.2392, 67.0960

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



## Protanomaly

28.6990, 40.8557, 20.8413



## Deuteranomaly

30.0107, 39.9047, 24.2098



## Tritanomaly

28.9230, 43.6560, 47.4595

# Monochromacy



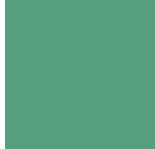
## Original Color

24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979



## Achromatopsia

22.2940, 23.4551, 25.5426



## Achromatomaly

19.9752, 28.2599, 24.4806

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 116) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 204, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.7453, 44.4467, 23.7979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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