

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.8235, 24.7642, 3.4716)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.8235, 24.7642, 3.4716)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.9109, 24.8905,  
3.4914)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AB8300
RGB	171, 131, 0
RGB Percent	67%, 51%, 0%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4863, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 1.00, 0.33
HSL	46°, 100%, 34%
HSV	46°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914
YIQ	128.0260, 65.8910, -32.2610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

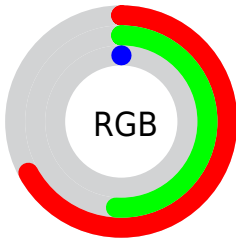
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">52, 171, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11240192</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">56.97, 5.46, 62.27</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">57, 62.507, 84.990</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">24.8905, 0.4674, 0.4671</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289430272</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFAB8300</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">128.0260, -63.1168, 37.6882</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">49.8904, 1.8192, 30.7741</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. A complement of this color would be **8.1097, 4.4582, 38.9609**, and the grayscale version is **20.7240, 21.8032, 23.7437**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.1697, 51.6996, 12.9123**, and **9.9567, 9.6120, 1.3305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.9111, 24.8911, 3.4915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.5611, 26.0278, 4.2115**.

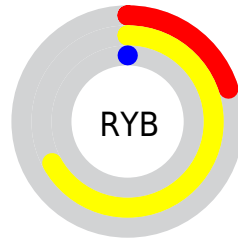
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (51%)

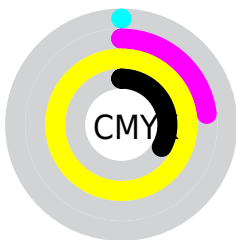
Blue (0%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (0%)

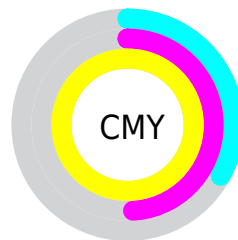


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.9109, 24.8905,  
3.4914


 24.9109, 24.8905,  
3.4914


269.7498,  
277.2922, 142.3924


 16.1391, 15.9955,  
1.3507


 50.9566, 51.4795,  
12.8187


 9.7141, 9.5210,  
0.1028


 68.9611, 69.9423,  
20.8423

 5.2706, 5.0825,  
0.0000

 90.7740, 92.3632,  
31.6640

 2.4433, 2.2958,  
0.0000

 116.7604,  
119.1265, 45.7023


 0.8667, 0.7715,  
0.0000


 147.2859,  
150.6167, 63.3758


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 182.7157,


187.2181, 85.1029


 223.4152,  
229.3151, 111.3023


 24.9109, 24.8905,  
3.4914


 24.9109, 24.8905,  
3.4914


 24.9111, 24.8911,  
3.4915

 25.5611, 26.0278,  
4.2115

 26.3195, 27.2410,  
5.4001

 27.2219, 28.5457,  
7.2430

 28.2847, 29.9488,  
9.8245

 29.5216, 31.4561,  
13.2164

■ 30.9449, 33.0730,  
17.4821

■ 32.5656, 34.8041,  
22.6783

■ 34.3938, 36.6537,  
28.8573

■ 36.4387, 38.6261,  
36.0672

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.7077, 24.8905, 5.6530



24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914



18.1851, 24.8905, 4.5009

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914



13.0377, 24.8905, 48.0001



37.1931, 24.8905, 57.5112

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914



8.1097, 4.4582, 38.9609

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1309, 24.8905, 82.6791



24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914



16.4530, 24.8905, 75.4788

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914



12.2047, 24.8905, 23.7248



22.4472, 24.8905, 90.5467



40.6743, 24.8905, 30.7844



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914



15.0211, 24.8905, 7.3953



22.4472, 24.8905, 90.5467



35.0965, 24.8905, 66.8851

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.9115, 24.8917, 3.4919



58.1589, 62.1612, 40.0734



17.2262, 8.8307, 3.0588



12.6967, 13.5745, 8.0491



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.9115, 24.8917, 3.4919



44.4453, 44.2400, 6.1966



23.5029, 33.7344, 5.2729



8.5015, 9.0078, 8.5040



18.8210, 18.8475, 2.6460



0.5618, 0.6008, 0.0863



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1097, 4.4582, 38.9609



14.3879, 7.7122, 69.7322



8.3368, 3.4488, 38.7541



7.7253, 8.0500, 10.0993



6.1480, 3.4298, 29.3825

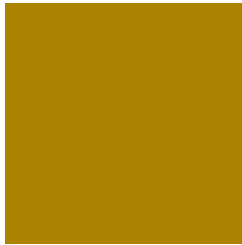


0.2124, 0.1782, 0.8312



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914.



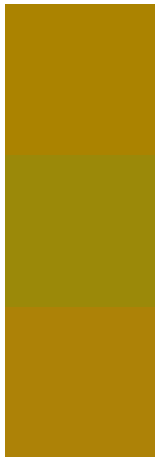
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.9109, 24.8905,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914

### Protanopia

22.5125, 24.8796, 3.8742

### Deuteranopia

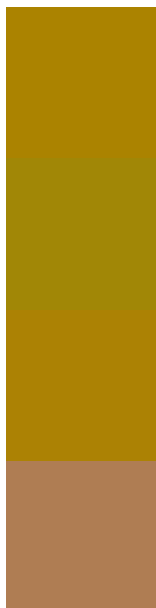
25.2546, 24.8648, 3.6693



## Tritanopia

29.1877, 24.9049, 24.7415

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914

## Protanomaly

23.3948, 24.9182, 3.7489

## Deuteranomaly

25.0178, 24.7447, 3.5725

## Tritanomaly

26.5741, 24.4057, 11.4938

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914

## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072

## Achromatomaly

20.8371, 22.2239, 10.9760

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 131, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 131, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 131, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 131, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 131, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 131, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 131, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 131, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 131, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 131,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.9109, 24.8905, 3.4914 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 131, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
131, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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