

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.8845, 13.0404, 92.5763)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.8845, 13.0404, 92.5763)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(24.8695, 13.0553,  
92.4759)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6A3AFB
RGB	106, 58, 251
RGB Percent	42%, 23%, 98%
CMY	0.5843, 0.7726, 0.0157
CMYK	0.58, 0.77, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	255°, 96%, 61%
HSV	255°, 77%, 98%
XYZ	24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759
YIQ	94.3540, -33.3450, 70.1990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

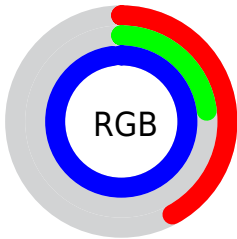
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	106, 58, 251
Decimal	6961915
CIE Lab	42.85, 66.15, -87.94
CIE LCh	43, 110.046, 306.951
Yxy	13.0553, 0.1907, 0.1001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285151995 (0xFF6A3AFB)
YUV	94.3540, 77.2265, 10.2135
Hunter-Lab	36.1321, 59.6292, -126.4533

# Details

The XYZ color **24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **59.8870, 81.9953, 16.6730**, and the grayscale version is **10.5522, 11.1017, 12.0897**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.5290, 27.2468, 97.7308**, and **9.7916, 3.9358, 50.6957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.8983, 10.0806, 92.0587**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.9510, 17.5163, 93.1222**.

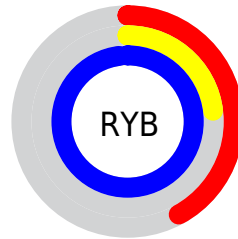
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (23%)

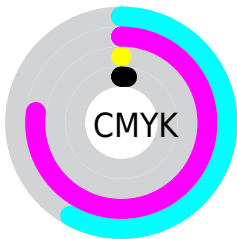
Blue (98%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (98%)

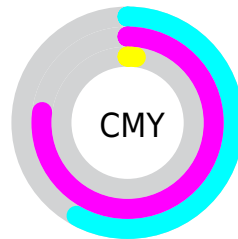


Cyan (58%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (77%)


Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.8695, 13.0553,  
92.4759


 24.8695, 13.0553,  
92.4759


269.5471,  
211.2718, 556.8289


 16.1081, 7.4666,  
69.4507


 50.8899, 31.4031,  
152.7382

 9.6920, 3.7556,  
50.6048


 68.8795, 44.9310,  
190.8125


 5.2559, 1.5378,  
35.5197


 90.6759, 61.8742,  
234.7401

 2.4345, 0.3151,  
23.7767

 116.6444, 82.6169,  
284.9398

 0.8623, 0.0000,  
14.9574

 147.1505,  
107.5436, 341.8299

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
8.6432

 182.5594,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

137.0388, 405.8292

4.4156

223.2364,  
171.4867, 477.3560

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.8560

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4645

■ 24.8695, 13.0553,  
92.4759

■ 24.8695, 13.0553,  
92.4759

■ 21.8983, 10.0806,  
92.0587

■ 28.9510, 17.5163,  
93.1222

■ 19.9018, 8.3739,  
91.8345

■ 34.2489, 23.6361,  
94.0242

■ 19.4268, 8.0034,  
91.7880

■ 40.8587, 31.5637,  
95.2060

■ 48.8652, 41.4309,  
96.6886

■ 58.3458, 53.3571,  
98.4909

■ 69.3719, 67.4516,  
100.6303

■ 82.0101, 83.8164,  
103.1229

94.4127, 99.7451,  
105.5438

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4677, 13.0553, 127.3043



24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759



33.9924, 13.0553, 41.1030

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759



19.8668, 13.0553, 0.0000



2.2900, 13.0553, 20.5797

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759



59.8870, 81.9953, 16.6730

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6908, 13.0553, 2.7073



24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759



10.5549, 13.0553, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759



30.3075, 13.0553, 0.5398



5.0119, 13.0553, 0.0000



3.4597, 13.0553, 64.0889



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759



36.5326, 13.0553, 16.8199



5.0119, 13.0553, 0.0000



2.2590, 13.0553, 11.8940

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.8703, 13.0556, 92.4763



64.7155, 60.6979, 102.9127



41.2207, 51.9910, 99.1298



13.0044, 11.9134, 21.8640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.8703, 13.0556, 92.4763



21.5116, 9.3864, 95.2857



42.6205, 22.2061, 93.3070



16.6875, 16.8515, 21.7584



10.3223, 4.2640, 48.2525



1.0484, 0.4425, 4.4733



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.0751, 27.8465, 59.1243



51.5344, 25.7894, 54.8707



41.6250, 72.5809, 15.8183



17.7977, 17.4464, 20.7905



25.7764, 12.7263, 26.5949

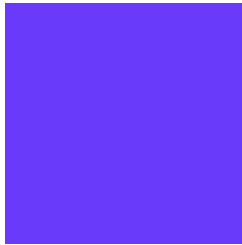


2.4295, 1.1955, 2.6850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

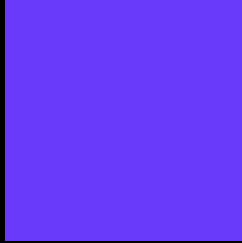
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.8695, 13.0553,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759

### Protanopia

15.1738, 12.9090, 58.8187

### Deuteranopia

12.5881, 12.7956, 42.3638



## Tritanopia

10.1548, 12.9753, 19.1088

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759

## Protanomaly

16.9811, 11.8383, 69.7966

## Deuteranomaly

15.0244, 11.5595, 57.9393

## Tritanomaly

13.2116, 11.4432, 37.5888

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759

## Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

## Achromatomaly

13.5653, 10.7159, 30.6316

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 58, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 58, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 58, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 58, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 58, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 58, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 58, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 58, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 58, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 58,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.8695, 13.0553, 92.4759 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 58, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 58,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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