

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.8924, 16.4617, 9.1740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.8924, 16.4617, 9.1740)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(24.9820, 16.5522,  
9.2753)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BD4C4F
RGB	189, 76, 79
RGB Percent	74%, 30%, 31%
CMY	0.2588, 0.7019, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.58, 0.26
HSL	358°, 46%, 52%
HSV	358°, 60%, 74%
XYZ	24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753
YIQ	110.1290, 66.3850, 24.8890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

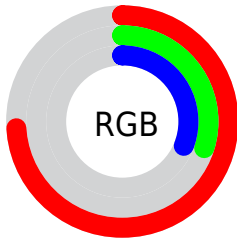
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 76, 79
Decimal	12405839
CIELab	47.69, 45.75, 21.81
CIElCh	48, 50.686, 25.488
Yxy	16.5522, 0.4917, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290595919 (0xFFBD4C4F)
YUV	110.1290, -15.3466, 69.1699
Hunter-Lab	40.6844, 38.4091, 14.9620

# Details

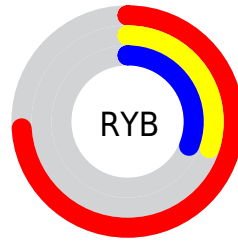
The XYZ color **24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **30.0421, 41.4773, 52.8802**, and the grayscale version is **14.8880, 15.6633, 17.0574**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.1709, 37.5830, 24.9793**, and **9.7422, 5.3329, 2.1060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.2862, 14.0882, 5.8508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2464, 19.8569, 13.8040**.

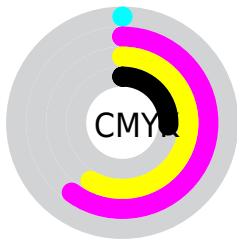
# Distribution



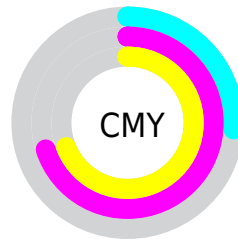
- Red (74%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.9820, 16.5522,  
9.2753


 24.9820, 16.5522,  
9.2753


270.0976,  
232.5785, 195.7116


 16.1923, 9.9157,  
4.8219


 51.0711, 37.5542,  
25.0093


 9.7520, 5.3431,  
2.0863


 69.1013, 52.6886,  
37.1271

 5.2959, 2.4500,  
0.6076

 90.9423, 71.4244,  
52.6367

 2.4584, 0.8514,  
0.0000

 116.9595, 94.1460,  
71.9567

 0.8743, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 147.5183,  
121.2378, 95.5056

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

182.9840,

153.0842, 123.7021

223.7220,  
190.0696, 156.9646

■ 24.9820, 16.5522,  
9.2753

■ 24.9820, 16.5522,  
9.2753

■ 23.2862, 14.0882,  
5.8508

■ 27.2464, 19.8569,  
13.8040

■ 22.1075, 12.3869,  
3.4352

■ 30.1224, 24.0661,  
19.5193

■ 21.3871, 11.3601,  
1.9189

■ 33.6505, 29.2404,  
26.4972

■ 21.0202, 10.8395,  
1.1395

■ 37.8672, 35.4344,  
34.8066

■ 21.0136, 10.8298,  
1.1266

■ 42.8064, 42.6987,  
44.5119

■ 48.4997, 51.0805,  
55.6730

■ 54.9768, 60.6241,  
68.3464

■ 62.2659, 71.3716,  
82.5857

■ 70.3938, 83.3629,  
98.4416

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.1163, 16.5522, 20.0581



24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753



21.2040, 16.5522, 4.2883

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753



9.5890, 16.5522, 7.2583



15.0567, 16.5522, 56.1048

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753



30.0421, 41.4773, 52.8802

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2937, 16.5522, 47.3992



24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753



8.5462, 16.5522, 16.1296

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753



12.2726, 16.5522, 3.5777



9.1046, 16.5522, 31.0358



19.7879, 16.5522, 51.2394



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753



18.0186, 16.5522, 3.0504



9.1046, 16.5522, 31.0358



13.6482, 16.5522, 54.5860

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.9824, 16.5531, 9.2756



69.0608, 65.2865, 64.7789



31.8341, 19.1872, 50.1696



14.3375, 13.2845, 12.9196



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.9824, 16.5531, 9.2756



40.8963, 24.0608, 8.8293



30.1066, 26.9719, 10.4580



9.5401, 9.5404, 9.9674



14.1432, 7.2884, 0.7817



0.5575, 0.2869, 0.0493



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9824, 16.5531, 9.2756



40.8963, 24.0608, 8.8293



21.0085, 22.8953, 51.4559



9.5401, 9.5404, 9.9674



14.1432, 7.2884, 0.7817



0.5575, 0.2869, 0.0493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 24.9820, 16.5522,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753

### Protanopia

15.8744, 16.8722, 13.4863

### Deuteranopia

17.0212, 16.7501, 8.8145



## Tritanopia

25.0559, 16.5818, 9.6646

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753

## Protanomaly

18.0797, 15.8723, 11.7836

## Deuteranomaly

19.2895, 16.1391, 8.9360

## Tritanomaly

25.0187, 16.5669, 9.4685

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753

## Achromatopsia

14.8208, 15.5926, 16.9804

## Achromatomaly

17.2673, 15.1252, 13.8137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 76, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 76, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 76, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 76, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 76, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 76, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 76, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 76, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 76, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 76,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 24.9820, 16.5522, 9.2753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 76, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 76,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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