

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.9215, 58.2138, 47.7058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.9215, 58.2138, 47.7058)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(38.4158, 65.2225,  
48.5947)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00F0AA
RGB	0, 240, 170
RGB Percent	0%, 94%, 67%
CMY	0.9999, 0.0588, 0.3333
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.29, 0.06
HSL	162°, 100%, 47%
HSV	162°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947
YIQ	160.2600, -120.5700, -72.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

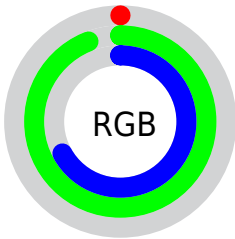
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 140, 240
Decimal	61610
CIELab	84.60, -63.93, 20.60
CIELCh	85, 67.170, 162.137
Yxy	65.2225, 0.2523, 0.4284
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278251690 (0xFF00F0AA)
YUV	160.2600, 4.8018, -140.5480
Hunter-Lab	80.7604, -56.4226, 20.8567

# Details

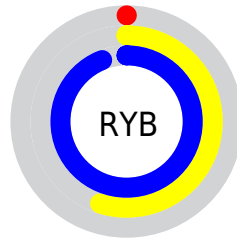
The XYZ color **38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as middle saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **37.0433, 18.9692, 7.5085**, and the grayscale version is **33.5569, 35.3044, 38.4465**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.0327, 80.4010, 83.7999**, and **20.2035, 35.1750, 22.8642** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.4164, 65.2246, 48.5919**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.4748, 65.6915, 52.1959**.

# Distribution



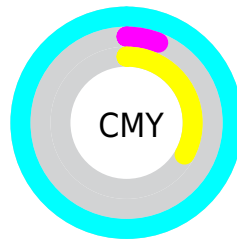
- Red (0%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.4158, 65.2225,  
48.5947


 38.4158, 65.2225,  
48.5947


330.6504,  
443.5911, 397.7211


 26.4842, 47.6415,  
33.9347


 72.0448, 112.3697,  
89.4639


 17.3208, 33.5431,  
22.5665


 94.4730, 142.7047,  
116.5103


 10.5602, 22.5428,  
14.0715


 121.1307,  
178.0598, 148.5226

 5.8370, 14.2563,  
8.0311

 152.3833,  
218.8194, 185.9193

 2.7860, 8.2991,  
4.0268

 188.5963,  
265.3680, 229.1189

 1.0416, 4.2869,  
1.6400

230.1349,

 0.0000, 1.8353,

318.0899, 278.5401

0.3192

277.3645,  
377.3694, 334.6013

■ 0.0000, 0.5091,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.4158, 65.2225,  
48.5947

■ 38.4158, 65.2225,  
48.5947

■ 38.4164, 65.2246,  
48.5919

■ 39.4748, 65.6915,  
52.1959

■ 41.0338, 66.4125,  
56.0060

■ 43.2406, 67.4632,  
60.0360

■ 46.1822, 68.8885,  
64.2927

■ 49.9317, 70.7260,  
68.7821

■ 54.5532, 73.0086,  
73.5098

■ 60.1040, 75.7659,  
78.4808

■ 66.6367, 79.0248,  
83.7003

■ 74.1996, 82.8103,  
89.1727

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.6030, 65.2225, 25.7216



38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



37.8769, 65.2225, 89.8137

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



68.2484, 65.2225, 186.0745



85.9035, 65.2225, 28.7984

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



37.0433, 18.9692, 7.5085

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.6383, 65.2225, 55.0435



38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



83.3985, 65.2225, 151.4521

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



53.5681, 65.2225, 182.0491



93.6540, 65.2225, 99.4509



71.2558, 65.2225, 17.8759



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



40.6569, 65.2225, 124.5676



93.6540, 65.2225, 99.4509



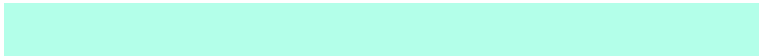
89.7271, 65.2225, 35.5476

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4175, 65.2251, 48.5962



68.8980, 86.9094, 89.9986



33.8355, 63.7011, 10.5131



14.1427, 18.3016, 18.7398



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4175, 65.2251, 48.5962



44.0611, 74.8404, 55.6328



34.5808, 43.9950, 89.1104



16.0394, 17.8458, 19.2304



21.0897, 35.7279, 26.9189



1.7975, 2.9895, 2.4662



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.0433, 18.9692, 7.5085



42.4890, 21.7596, 8.5073



36.9946, 20.6419, 2.0353



15.9624, 15.8347, 17.3585



20.3270, 10.4032, 4.3724

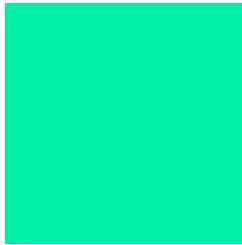


1.7328, 0.8821, 0.5836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

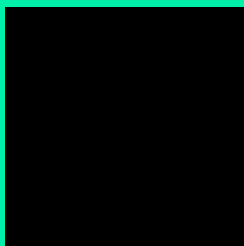
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947.



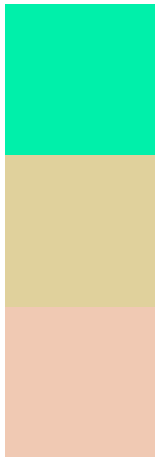
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4158, 65.2225,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

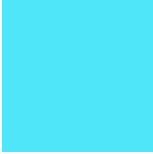
38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947

### Protanopia

59.5417, 63.8485, 40.6383

### Deuteranopia

64.9585, 63.5532, 51.4911



## **Tritanopia**

48.7040, 65.1387, 99.6286

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



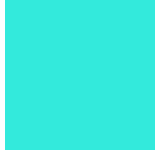
## Protanomaly

43.3539, 59.5992, 42.9370



## Deuteranomaly

45.2738, 58.5078, 49.9812



## Tritanomaly

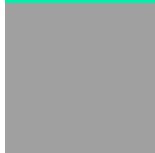
43.7063, 64.7168, 77.8982

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947



## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819



## Achromatomaly

30.3779, 41.9003, 41.6084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 240, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 240, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 240, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 240, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 240, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 240, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 240, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 240, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 240, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 240,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.4158, 65.2225, 48.5947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 240, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 240,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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