

# Converting Colors

XYZ(24.9793, 22.1106, 17.7036)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(24.9793, 22.1106, 17.7036)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.0188, 22.1896,  
17.7162)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A6766E
RGB	166, 118, 110
RGB Percent	65%, 46%, 43%
CMY	0.3490, 0.5372, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.34, 0.35
HSL	9°, 24%, 54%
HSV	9°, 34%, 65%
XYZ	25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162
YIQ	131.4400, 31.1760, 7.6880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

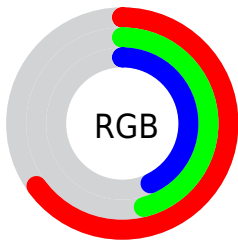
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	166, 119, 110
Decimal	10909294
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.23, 17.73, 11.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 21.355, 33.854
Yxy	22.1896, 0.3854, 0.3418
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289099374 (0xFFA6766E)
YUV	131.4400, -10.5699, 30.3091
Hunter-Lab	47.1058, 12.3695, 10.6755

# Details

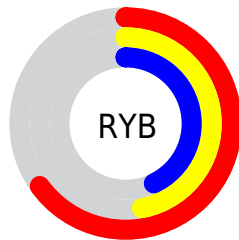
The XYZ color **25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **25.5398, 30.5210, 40.6216**, and the grayscale version is **21.7601, 22.8934, 24.9309**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.0205, 46.8877, 40.5436**, and **9.8077, 8.1148, 5.6068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.6474, 18.7601, 12.8767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.8135, 26.1944, 23.5326**.

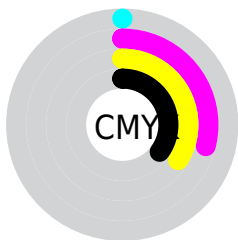
# Distribution



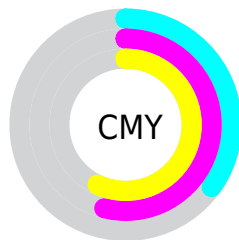
- Red (65%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 25.0188, 22.1896,  
17.7162


 25.0188, 22.1896,  
17.7162


270.2775,  
263.5348, 251.4487


 16.2199, 13.9963,  
10.5791


 51.1304, 47.0592,  
40.3605


 9.7717, 8.1181,  
5.6740


 69.1738, 64.5042,  
56.7048

 5.3090, 4.1706,  
2.5823

 91.0293, 85.8019,  
76.9553

 2.4663, 1.7694,  
0.8833

 117.0624,  
111.3368, 101.5304

 0.8783, 0.4680,  
0.0000

147.6385,  
141.4931, 130.8488

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

183.1227,

176.6552, 165.3289

223.8806,  
217.2077, 205.3894

■ 25.0188, 22.1896,  
17.7162

■ 25.0188, 22.1896,  
17.7162

■ 22.6474, 18.7601,  
12.8767

■ 27.8135, 26.1944,  
23.5326

■ 20.6767, 15.8765,  
8.9590

■ 31.0489, 30.7960,  
30.3742

■ 19.0848, 13.5112,  
5.9049


■ 34.7439, 36.0186,  
38.2875


■ 17.8468, 11.6334,  
3.6485


■ 38.9155, 41.8842,  
47.3160


■ 16.9350, 10.2085,  
2.1148


■ 43.5799, 48.4137,  
57.5005

 16.3168, 9.1976,  
1.2140

 48.7525, 55.6270,  
68.8800

 16.0469, 8.7490,  
0.8430

 54.4482, 63.5433,  
81.4916

 60.6810, 72.1808,  
95.3707

 66.7477, 81.2706,  
106.7766

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.8649, 22.1896, 23.3117



25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162



23.1193, 22.1896, 14.4063

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162



17.3321, 22.1896, 18.9540



21.3920, 22.1896, 39.2911

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162



25.5398, 30.5210, 40.6216

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.1841, 22.1896, 37.5485



25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162



16.9432, 22.1896, 25.0300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162



18.7005, 22.1896, 15.0236



17.5966, 22.1896, 32.0045



23.6761, 22.1896, 36.4076



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162



21.5721, 22.1896, 13.5493



17.5966, 22.1896, 32.0045



20.6162, 22.1896, 39.2295

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.0194, 22.1907, 17.7166



58.6334, 59.1241, 59.9960



27.5196, 21.7461, 35.3361



12.9236, 12.9514, 13.0042



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.0194, 22.1907, 17.7166



42.3124, 35.8039, 25.8174



28.7374, 29.6267, 18.9560



7.6144, 7.7089, 7.8759



12.4654, 6.8280, 0.6609



0.3283, 0.2162, 0.0244



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5398, 30.5210, 40.6216



43.3838, 53.1032, 73.4387



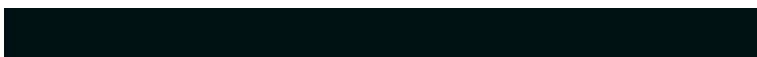
21.3673, 22.1759, 39.2308



7.6548, 8.3466, 9.6259



12.8961, 17.2525, 30.6259



0.3379, 0.4680, 0.7532



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

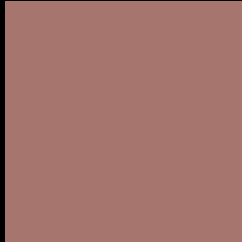
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

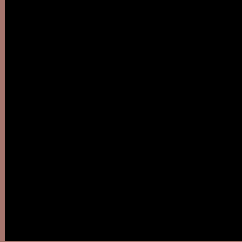
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.0188, 22.1896,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162

### Protanopia

21.2884, 22.4605, 19.7363

### Deuteranopia

22.6716, 22.2554, 17.5688



## Tritanopia

25.8834, 22.1869, 22.3203

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162

## Protanomaly

22.5307, 22.3397, 19.0441

## Deuteranomaly

23.4302, 22.0911, 17.4971

## Tritanomaly

25.6878, 22.2941, 20.7186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162

## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166

## Achromatomaly

22.5376, 22.2811, 21.8517

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 118, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 118, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 118, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 118, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 118, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 118, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 118, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 118, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 118, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 118,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.0188, 22.1896, 17.7162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 118, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
118, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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