

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.0569, 24.7969, 30.0676)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.0569, 24.7969, 30.0676)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.0000, 24.7487,  
30.2474)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	908591
RGB	144, 133, 145
RGB Percent	56%, 52%, 57%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4784, 0.4314
CMYK	0.01, 0.08, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	295°, 5%, 55%
HSV	295°, 8%, 57%
XYZ	25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474
YIQ	137.6570, 2.7040, 6.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

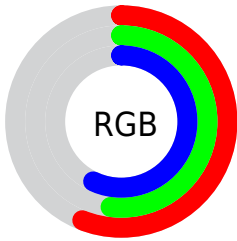
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	144, 133, 145
Decimal	9471377
CIE Lab	56.83, 6.44, -4.93
CIE LCh	57, 8.109, 322.555
Yxy	24.7487, 0.3125, 0.3094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287661457 (0xFF908591)
YUV	137.6570, 3.6201, 5.5628
Hunter-Lab	49.7481, 2.6429, -1.2254

# Details

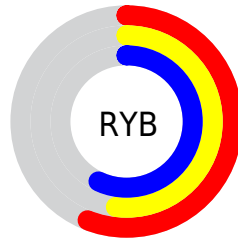
The XYZ color **25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **24.1914, 27.0132, 26.1306**, and the grayscale version is **24.0134, 25.2640, 27.5125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.1564, 51.2471, 61.2283**, and **9.8520, 9.5466, 12.1499** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.9407, 20.9413, 29.6214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.3371, 29.1075, 30.9659**.

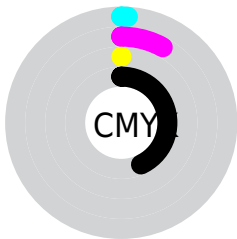
# Distribution



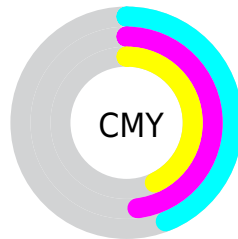
- Red (56%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.0000, 24.7487,  
30.2474

■ 25.0000, 24.7487,  
30.2474

270.1856,  
276.5841, 317.2991

■ 16.2058, 15.8899,  
19.7728

■ 51.1001, 51.2492,  
61.1188

■ 9.7617, 9.4463,  
12.0476

■ 69.1367, 69.6598,  
82.3527

■ 5.3023, 5.0334,  
6.6531

■ 90.9849, 92.0231,  
108.0102

■ 2.4623, 2.2669,  
3.1710

117.0098,  
118.7235, 138.5097

■ 0.8763, 0.7561,  
1.1826

147.5771,  
150.1454, 174.2698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

183.0518,

186.6732, 215.7090

223.7996,  
228.6913, 263.2459

■ 25.0000, 24.7487,  
30.2474

■ 25.0000, 24.7487,  
30.2474

■ 22.9407, 20.9413,  
29.6214

■ 27.3371, 29.1075,  
30.9659

■ 21.1458, 17.6598,  
29.0826

■ 29.9603, 34.0356,  
31.7789

■ 19.6041, 14.8814,  
28.6276

■ 32.8804, 39.5540,  
32.6901

■ 18.3028, 12.5804,  
28.2520

■ 36.1067, 45.6816,  
33.7028

■ 17.2279, 10.7289,  
27.9513

■ 39.6484, 52.4365,  
34.8200

■ 16.3639, 9.2960,  
27.7203

■ 43.5142, 59.8362,  
36.0445

■ 15.6935, 8.2469,  
27.5531

■ 47.7124, 67.8972,  
37.3792

■ 15.1965, 7.5413,  
27.4431

■ 52.2510, 76.6357,  
38.8267

■ 14.8310, 7.0956,  
27.3763

■ 54.3645, 80.5206,  
39.4652

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.2290, 24.7487, 32.0615



25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474



25.3771, 24.7487, 27.6292

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474



23.7599, 24.7487, 22.0951



21.8793, 24.7487, 28.9996

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474



24.1914, 27.0132, 26.1306

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7613, 24.7487, 26.2764



25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474



22.8306, 24.7487, 22.4078

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474



24.6487, 24.7487, 23.0113



22.1052, 24.7487, 23.8961



22.4319, 24.7487, 31.3080



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474



25.3474, 24.7487, 25.8282



22.1052, 24.7487, 23.8961



21.7881, 24.7487, 28.0980

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.0007, 24.7498, 30.2479



47.3204, 49.0685, 54.9507



23.3099, 24.0823, 30.2082



10.5394, 10.9391, 12.2282



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.0007, 24.7498, 30.2479



44.0204, 42.9278, 53.9393



24.7990, 24.6893, 28.2702



5.5826, 5.4885, 6.7939



12.6798, 6.0303, 23.4727



0.1297, 0.0620, 0.2248



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.3685, 24.5171, 26.0033



42.6439, 42.4219, 44.6701



24.3866, 27.0730, 27.9860



5.4260, 5.4309, 5.7413



10.0778, 5.1881, 0.7949



0.0993, 0.0508, 0.0229



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.0000, 24.7487,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474

### Protanopia

24.2240, 24.9491, 31.1427

### Deuteranopia

25.2162, 24.6579, 30.2185



## Tritanopia

24.9232, 24.7180, 29.8430

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474

## Protanomaly

24.4997, 24.8922, 30.7075

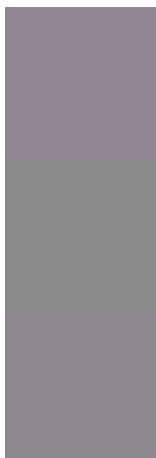
## Deuteranomaly

25.0392, 24.5666, 30.2102

## Tritanomaly

24.9232, 24.7180, 29.8430

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

24.4271, 25.1069, 28.7580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 133, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 133, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 133, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 133, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 133, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 133, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 133, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 133, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 133, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 133,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.0000, 24.7487, 30.2474 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 133, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
133, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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