

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.0978, 20.9267,  
23.1385)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A56F80
RGB	165, 111, 128
RGB Percent	65%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.3529, 0.5647, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.22, 0.35
HSL	341°, 23%, 54%
HSV	341°, 33%, 65%
XYZ	25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385
YIQ	129.0840, 26.7270, 16.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

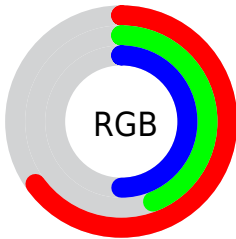
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	165, 111, 128
Decimal	10841984
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.87, 23.93, -0.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 23.934, 358.540
Yxy	20.9267, 0.3629, 0.3026
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289032064 (0xFFA56F80)
YUV	129.0840, -0.5344, 31.4983
Hunter-Lab	45.7457, 17.8768, 2.0327

# Details

The XYZ color **25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **25.3569, 32.4285, 32.9415**, and the grayscale version is **20.8914, 21.9794, 23.9355**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.2565, 44.9027, 49.6816**, and **9.8160, 7.4545, 8.3186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.7578, 17.3719, 18.8892**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.8545, 25.1817, 27.9363**.

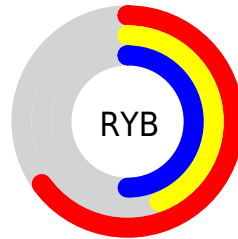
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (44%)

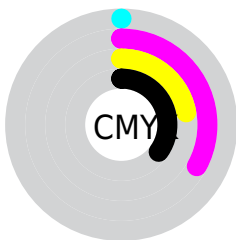
Blue (50%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (50%)

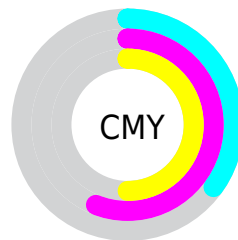


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (56%)


Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 25.0978, 20.9267,  
23.1385


 25.0978, 20.9267,  
23.1385


270.6633,  
256.8887, 281.5805


 16.2791, 13.0704,  
14.4895

 51.2576, 44.9655,  
49.5467


 9.8139, 7.4771,  
8.3193


 69.3293, 61.9168,  
68.1431

 5.3371, 3.7622,  
4.2093

 91.2161, 82.6687,  
90.8923

 2.4831, 1.5414,  
1.7408

 117.2833,  
107.6053, 118.2129

 0.8868, 0.3176,  
0.3885

147.8963,  
137.1113, 150.5235

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

183.4204,

171.5709, 188.2426

224.2209,  
211.3686, 231.7888

■ 25.0978, 20.9267,  
23.1385

■ 25.0978, 20.9267,  
23.1385

■ 22.7578, 17.3719,  
18.8892

■ 27.8545, 25.1817,  
27.9363

■ 20.8117, 14.4766,  
15.1668

■ 31.0456, 30.1690,  
33.3007

■ 19.2370, 12.2006,  
11.9500


■ 34.6900, 35.9220,  
39.2502


■ 18.0084, 10.4975,  
9.2153


■ 38.8049, 42.4712,  
45.8024


■ 17.0969, 9.3150,  
6.9374


■ 43.4065, 49.8457,  
52.9738


 16.4686, 8.5904,  
5.0877

 48.5103, 58.0729,  
60.7806

 16.1356, 8.2468,  
3.9828

 54.1311, 67.1789,  
69.2381

 60.2831, 77.1889,  
78.3612

 65.5260, 85.2189,  
87.6796

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.2828, 20.9267, 30.7598



25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385



24.4231, 20.9267, 16.8162

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385



17.6790, 20.9267, 12.6982



17.4835, 20.9267, 36.6755

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385



25.3569, 32.4285, 32.9415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9560, 20.9267, 30.0230



25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385



16.0621, 20.9267, 16.3245

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385



20.0130, 20.9267, 11.6006



15.4579, 20.9267, 22.4363



19.7679, 20.9267, 39.5217



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385



23.2487, 20.9267, 13.9410



15.4579, 20.9267, 22.4363



16.8718, 20.9267, 34.7499

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.0984, 20.9277, 23.1389



57.1809, 56.5168, 62.2465



24.6714, 20.3731, 38.2297



12.3187, 12.0690, 13.3083



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.0984, 20.9277, 23.1389



41.9431, 32.9011, 36.0192



25.2123, 22.7985, 18.1118



7.1613, 7.1210, 7.8361



12.2271, 6.2469, 3.1206



0.2774, 0.1395, 0.1736



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.0984, 20.9277, 23.1389



41.9431, 32.9011, 36.0192



25.0858, 29.5728, 39.9836



7.1613, 7.1210, 7.8361



12.2271, 6.2469, 3.1206



0.2774, 0.1395, 0.1736



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

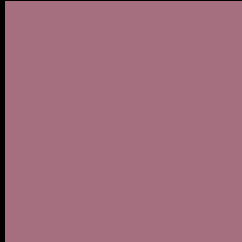
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

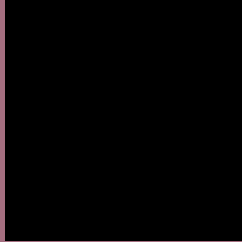
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.0978, 20.9267,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385

### Protanopia

20.5804, 21.1635, 26.6672

### Deuteranopia

21.3729, 20.9144, 22.6491



## Tritanopia

24.5552, 20.8613, 20.8216

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385

## Protanomaly

21.9557, 20.9714, 25.4450

## Deuteranomaly

22.5219, 20.7851, 22.9036

## Tritanomaly

24.7421, 20.9361, 21.8058

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385

## Achromatopsia

20.8660, 21.9526, 23.9064

## Achromatomaly

22.0773, 21.2548, 23.7079

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 111, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 111, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 111, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 111, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 111, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 111, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 111, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 111, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 111, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 111,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.0978, 20.9267, 23.1385 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 111, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
111, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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