

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.1015, 29.8504,  
4.4387)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C9900
RGB	156, 153, 0
RGB Percent	61%, 60%, 0%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 1.00, 0.39
HSL	59°, 100%, 31%
HSV	59°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387
YIQ	136.4550, 50.9010, -46.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

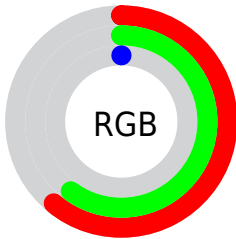
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	3, 156, 0
Decimal	10262784
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.52, -13.37, 64.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 66.195, 101.650
Yxy	29.8504, 0.4227, 0.5026
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288452864 (0xFF9C9900)
YUV	136.4550, -67.2723, 17.1410
Hunter-Lab	54.6355, -13.6029, 33.4280

# Details

The XYZ color **25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **6.0335, 2.4656, 31.6100**, and the grayscale version is **23.8054, 25.0452, 27.2742**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.2470, 59.4028, 15.0682**, and **10.0069, 12.2121, 1.8297** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.1021, 29.8517, 4.4389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.2418, 29.9862, 4.9327**.

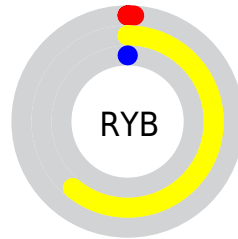
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (60%)

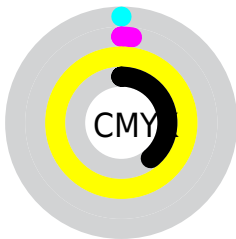
Blue (0%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (0%)

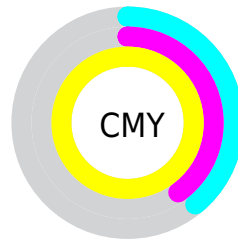


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.1015, 29.8504,  
4.4387

■ 25.1015, 29.8504,  
4.4387

270.6814,  
301.2065, 152.9834

■ 16.2818, 19.7251,  
1.8690

■ 51.2635, 59.4255,  
15.0095

■ 9.8159, 12.1954,  
0.4729

■ 69.3366, 79.6441,  
23.8477

■ 5.3384, 6.8769,  
0.0000

■ 91.2249, 103.9959,  
35.6124

■ 2.4839, 3.3852,  
0.0000

■ 117.2937,  
132.8652, 50.7223

■ 0.8872, 1.3360,  
0.0000

■ 147.9084,  
166.6366, 69.5957


■ 0.0000, 0.1688,  
0.0000


■ 183.4343,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


205.6943, 92.6514


0.0000


 224.2369,  
250.4228, 120.3078


 25.1015, 29.8504,  
4.4387


 25.1015, 29.8504,  
4.4387


 25.1021, 29.8517,  
4.4389

 25.2418, 29.9862,  
4.9327

 25.4505, 30.1484,  
5.7889

 25.7590, 30.3507,  
7.1701

 26.1800, 30.5983,  
9.1432

 26.7243, 30.8953,  
11.7649

■ 27.4015, 31.2457,  
15.0854

■ 28.2200, 31.6528,  
19.1501

■ 29.1879, 32.1199,  
24.0004

■ 30.3123, 32.6498,  
29.6748

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.0179, 29.8504, 4.8374



25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387



18.5770, 29.8504, 8.1253

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387



17.5460, 29.8504, 76.3140



47.5730, 29.8504, 50.1973

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387



6.0335, 2.4656, 31.6100

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1172, 29.8504, 83.5826



25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387



23.3880, 29.8504, 103.2541

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387



14.8551, 29.8504, 43.2607



31.9147, 29.8504, 106.4427



48.2964, 29.8504, 23.6936



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387



15.9699, 29.8504, 14.5417



31.9147, 29.8504, 106.4427



45.9477, 29.8504, 61.2468

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.1022, 29.8518, 4.4393



51.1593, 57.4438, 34.2986



13.7388, 7.0795, 0.7920



11.1241, 12.5744, 6.8845



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.1022, 29.8518, 4.4393



45.5755, 54.1847, 8.0566



15.4738, 25.6250, 4.1309



7.1592, 7.6985, 7.0943



20.6797, 24.5951, 3.6574



0.3728, 0.4459, 0.0664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0335, 2.4656, 31.6100



10.9416, 4.4447, 57.4080



8.7338, 3.8095, 31.7271



6.2944, 6.4546, 8.3208



4.9725, 2.0366, 26.0383



0.0916, 0.0417, 0.4665



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.1015, 29.8504,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387

### Protanopia

26.8959, 29.8197, 4.3382

### Deuteranopia

30.4186, 29.8030, 4.9599



## Tritanopia

31.1487, 29.7529, 34.2382

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387

## Protanomaly

26.2162, 29.7052, 4.3519

## Deuteranomaly

28.1161, 29.5154, 4.6671

## Tritanomaly

27.3368, 29.1022, 15.4857

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387

## Achromatopsia

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113

## Achromatomaly

22.7210, 25.8738, 12.8134

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 153, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 153, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 153, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 153, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 153, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 153, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 153, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 153, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 153, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 153,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.1015, 29.8504, 4.4387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 153, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
153, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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