

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.2175, 23.2490, 21.0832)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.2175, 23.2490, 21.0832)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(25.2958, 23.3484,  
20.9428)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A17C78
RGB	161, 124, 120
RGB Percent	63%, 49%, 47%
CMY	0.3686, 0.5137, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.25, 0.37
HSL	6°, 18%, 55%
HSV	6°, 25%, 63%
XYZ	25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428
YIQ	134.6070, 23.3360, 6.6000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

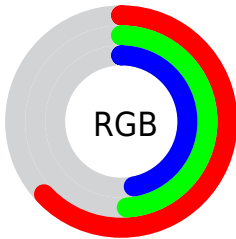
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	161, 124, 120
Decimal	10583160
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.43, 13.73, 7.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 15.747, 29.298
Yxy	23.3484, 0.3635, 0.3355
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288773240 (0xFFA17C78)
YUV	134.6070, -7.2013, 23.1467
Hunter-Lab	48.3202, 8.8851, 8.1268

# Details

The XYZ color **25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **26.2356, 30.6796, 38.2575**, and the grayscale version is **22.9039, 24.0967, 26.2413**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.4874, 49.0218, 45.7782**, and **9.9925, 8.7512, 7.2934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.7112, 19.6136, 15.6592**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.3142, 27.6876, 27.1822**.

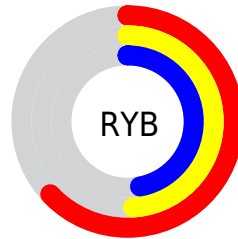
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (49%)

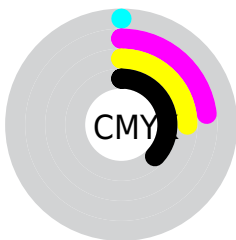
Blue (47%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (47%)

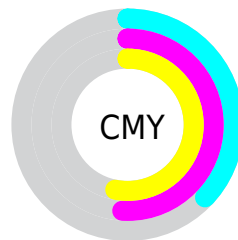


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (51%)


Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.2958, 23.3484,  
20.9428


 25.2958, 23.3484,  
20.9428


271.6284,  
269.5094, 269.7454


 16.4275, 14.8510,  
12.8914

 51.5761, 48.9648,  
45.8719

 9.9199, 8.7149,  
7.2239


 69.7189, 66.8525,  
63.5866

 5.4077, 4.5557,  
3.5220

 91.6838, 88.6391,  
85.3595

 2.5256, 1.9890,  
1.3669

117.8362,  
114.7090, 111.6091

 0.9082, 0.6011,  
0.1157

148.5415,  
145.4466, 142.7539

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

184.1651,

181.2363, 179.2126

225.0723,  
222.4624, 221.4036

■ 25.2958, 23.3484,  
20.9428

■ 25.2958, 23.3484,  
20.9428

■ 22.7112, 19.6136,  
15.6592

■ 28.3142, 27.6876,  
27.1822

■ 20.5388, 16.4533,  
11.2827

■ 31.7832, 32.6529,  
34.4197

■ 18.7575, 13.8400,  
7.7626

■ 35.7208, 38.2691,  
42.6971

■ 17.3440, 11.7424,  
5.0428

■ 40.1438, 44.5584,  
52.0531

■ 16.2724, 10.1264,  
3.0602

■ 45.0679, 51.5422,  
62.5246

■ 15.5132, 8.9535,  
1.7424

■ 50.5080, 59.2408,  
74.1468

■ 15.0309, 8.1787,  
0.9961

■ 56.4787, 67.6738,  
86.9530

■ 14.8792, 7.9394,  
0.7482

■ 62.9938, 76.8599,  
100.9757

■ 68.4309, 86.1628,  
107.6321

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.7738, 23.3484, 25.5421



25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428



23.9762, 23.3484, 17.9257

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428



19.3911, 23.3484, 20.7615



22.1503, 23.3484, 36.4731

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428



26.2356, 30.6796, 38.2575

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4985, 23.3484, 34.7628



25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428



18.9584, 23.3484, 25.3032

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428



20.5671, 23.3484, 17.8312



19.3530, 23.3484, 30.4992



23.9002, 23.3484, 34.9102



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428



22.8303, 23.3484, 16.9939



19.3530, 23.3484, 30.4992



21.5656, 23.3484, 36.2587

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.2964, 23.3495, 20.9433



55.1714, 55.9780, 57.9825



27.5505, 23.4647, 35.2374



11.9003, 11.9912, 12.2994



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.2964, 23.3495, 20.9433



42.3817, 37.5991, 31.5211



28.0491, 28.8548, 21.8608



7.1268, 7.1921, 7.3927



11.8984, 6.3708, 0.6026



0.2656, 0.1650, 0.0178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.2356, 30.6796, 38.2575



44.3735, 53.1669, 68.3101



23.1366, 24.4817, 37.2245



7.2168, 7.8925, 9.0461



13.2756, 18.3307, 29.7683



0.2948, 0.4170, 0.6308



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

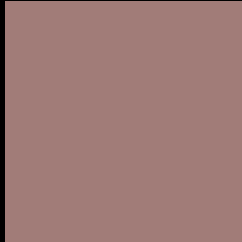
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.2958, 23.3484,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428

### Protanopia

22.2695, 23.3016, 22.7260

### Deuteranopia

23.8114, 23.3496, 20.7047



## Tritanopia

26.0247, 23.2664, 24.9490

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428

## Protanomaly

23.2795, 23.2416, 21.9980

## Deuteranomaly

24.4367, 23.4792, 20.6968

## Tritanomaly

25.8795, 23.4058, 23.5758

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428

## Achromatopsia

23.0288, 24.2281, 26.3844

## Achromatomaly

23.6472, 23.7736, 24.4615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 124, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 124, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 124, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 124, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 124, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 124, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 124, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 124, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 124, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 124,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.2958, 23.3484, 20.9428 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 124, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
124, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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