

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.3421, 34.1877, 42.4389)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.3421, 34.1877, 42.4389)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.3001, 34.1260,  
42.2993)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52ACA8
RGB	82, 172, 168
RGB Percent	32%, 67%, 66%
CMY	0.6784, 0.3255, 0.3412
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.02, 0.33
HSL	177°, 35%, 50%
HSV	177°, 52%, 67%
XYZ	25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993
YIQ	144.6340, -52.3560, -20.3240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

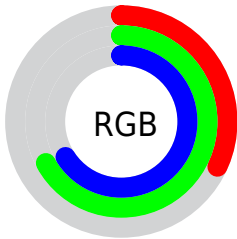
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">82, 128, 172</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5418152</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.06, -27.77, -6.17</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">65, 28.448, 192.527</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.1260, 0.2487, 0.3355</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283608232 (0xFF52ACA8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">144.6340, 11.5194, -54.9300</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.4175, -24.9237, -2.0389</a>

# Details

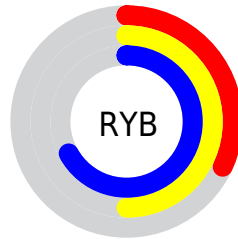
The XYZ color **25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **21.7115, 15.4782, 10.6487**, and the grayscale version is **26.7362, 28.1285, 30.6320**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.7101, 66.3035, 79.8845**, and **9.8872, 14.5258, 18.8056** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.9170, 33.4220, 41.8645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.0605, 35.0261, 42.7555**.

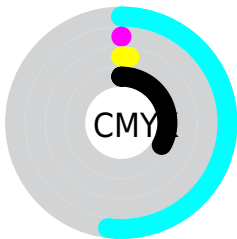
# Distribution



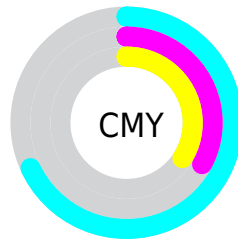
- Red (32%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.3001, 34.1260,  
42.2993

 25.3001, 34.1260,  
42.2993


271.6493,  
320.6935, 371.5583


 16.4307, 22.9904,  
29.0084


 51.5830, 66.1296,  
79.9274


 9.9222, 14.5864,  
18.8415


 69.7273, 87.7663,  
105.1016

 5.4093, 8.5297,  
11.3802


 91.6939, 113.6723,  
135.0741

 2.5266, 4.4357,  
6.2058

 117.8482,  
144.2318, 170.2633

 0.9087, 1.9201,  
2.8998

148.5555,  
179.8293, 211.0878

 0.0000, 0.5604,  
1.0437

184.1813,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

220.8491, 257.9661

0.0000

225.0907,  
267.6757, 311.3168

■ 25.3001, 34.1260,  
42.2993

■ 25.3001, 34.1260,  
42.2993

■ 23.9170, 33.4220,  
41.8645

■ 27.0605, 35.0261,  
42.7555

■ 22.8797, 32.8954,  
41.4472

■ 29.2208, 36.1315,  
43.2318

■ 22.1564, 32.5306,  
41.0469

■ 31.8055, 37.4555,  
43.7302

■ 21.7083, 32.3077,  
40.6616

■ 34.8359, 39.0094,  
44.2517

■ 21.4860, 32.1993,  
40.3730

■ 38.3323, 40.8034,  
44.7972

■ 42.3136, 42.8473,  
45.3675

■ 46.7975, 45.1503,  
45.9636

■ 51.8010, 47.7211,  
46.5863

■ 57.3402, 50.5680,  
47.2362

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.4503, 34.1260, 30.7525



25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993



26.9404, 34.1260, 54.7013

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993



38.0911, 34.1260, 56.5127



34.8732, 34.1260, 19.4446

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993



21.7115, 15.4782, 10.6487

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.6318, 34.1260, 23.8338



25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993



40.5949, 34.1260, 44.3951

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993



34.1847, 34.1260, 63.9999



40.8008, 34.1260, 32.4501



30.7475, 34.1260, 19.1173



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993



28.9163, 34.1260, 61.1430



40.8008, 34.1260, 32.4501



36.2297, 34.1260, 20.4430

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3011, 34.1273, 42.3001



60.9176, 69.5982, 79.8964



20.1606, 32.1178, 13.1203



13.0022, 15.0039, 17.3226



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3011, 34.1273, 42.3001



43.0029, 60.4348, 75.8067



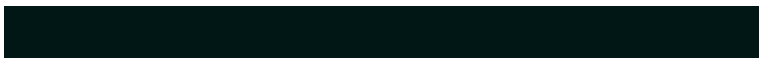
19.1108, 21.1409, 42.1044



8.2207, 9.0658, 10.1873



15.9941, 23.9629, 30.0721



0.4495, 0.6685, 0.8608



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7115, 15.4782, 10.6487



35.7764, 22.8286, 12.0411



25.5586, 23.4233, 11.1576



8.0191, 8.0209, 8.4116



12.6973, 6.5415, 0.7855

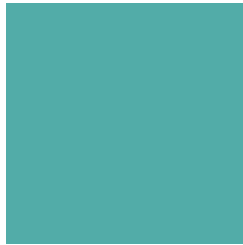


0.3578, 0.1838, 0.0459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

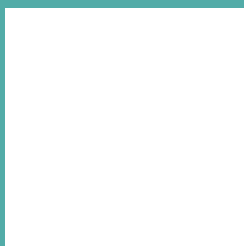
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993.



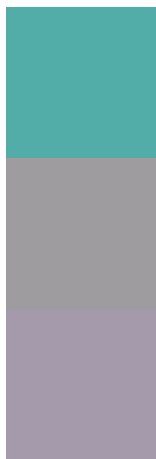
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.3001, 34.1260,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993

### Protanopia

32.4446, 33.6511, 37.5862

### Deuteranopia

34.3547, 33.7604, 43.7354



## Tritanopia

26.8524, 34.1946, 49.9847

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993

**Protanomaly**

28.8020, 33.2746, 39.0870

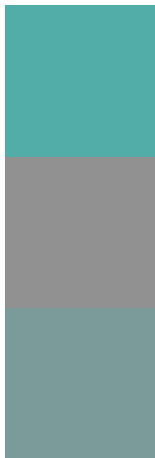
**Deuteranomaly**

29.9132, 33.2328, 43.3661

**Tritanomaly**

26.3451, 34.2715, 47.3460

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993

**Achromatopsia**

26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349

**Achromatomaly**

25.4972, 29.8802, 34.5606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 172, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 172, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 172, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 172, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 172, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 172, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 172, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 172, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 172, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 172,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.3001, 34.1260, 42.2993 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 172, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 172,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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