

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.3733, 23.5967, 13.9927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.3733, 23.5967, 13.9927)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.4217, 23.5664,  
14.0354)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A87C5F
RGB	168, 124, 95
RGB Percent	66%, 49%, 37%
CMY	0.3412, 0.5137, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.43, 0.34
HSL	24°, 30%, 52%
HSV	24°, 43%, 66%
XYZ	25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354
YIQ	133.8500, 35.5330, 0.3090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

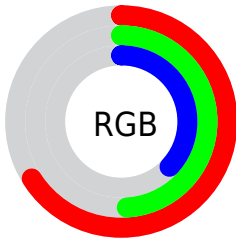
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 143, 95
Decimal	11041887
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.65, 13.31, 22.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 26.147, 59.400
Yxy	23.5664, 0.4034, 0.3739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289231967 (0xFFA87C5F)
YUV	133.8500, -19.1530, 29.9496
Hunter-Lab	48.5452, 8.5210, 16.8397

# Details

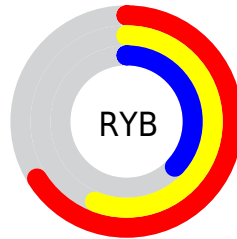
The XYZ color **25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **21.0195, 23.7244, 40.5172**, and the grayscale version is **22.6644, 23.8447, 25.9669**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.9618, 49.5272, 34.0151**, and **9.9890, 8.8230, 3.9728** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.5345, 20.8852, 10.0365**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.6051, 26.5763, 18.9461**.

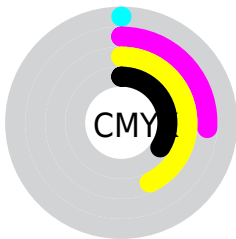
# Distribution



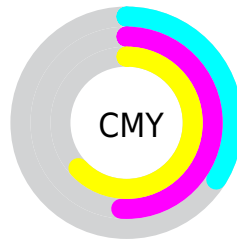
- Red (66%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.4217, 23.5664,  
14.0354

 25.4217, 23.5664,  
14.0354


272.2406,  
270.6210, 228.8870


 16.5219, 15.0123,  
8.0063


 51.7785, 49.3217,  
33.8699


 9.9874, 8.8280,  
4.0111


 69.9662, 67.2917,  
48.5123

 5.4528, 4.6292,  
1.6314


 91.9807, 89.1691,  
66.8628

 2.5528, 2.0314,  
0.3131

 118.1871,  
115.3382, 89.3401

 0.9219, 0.6256,  
0.0000

148.9510,  
146.1836, 116.3626

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

184.6377,

182.0896, 148.3489

225.6124,  
223.4406, 185.7175

■ 25.4217, 23.5664,  
14.0354

■ 25.4217, 23.5664,  
14.0354

■ 23.5345, 20.8852,  
10.0365

■ 27.6051, 26.5763,  
18.9461

■ 21.9272, 18.5173,  
6.8903

■ 30.0963, 29.9230,  
24.8197

■ 20.5843, 16.4508,  
4.5330

■ 32.9087, 33.6184,  
31.7051

■ 19.4876, 14.6716,  
2.8910

■ 36.0540, 37.6727,  
39.6476

■ 18.6164, 13.1640,  
1.8764

■ 39.5434, 42.0958,  
48.6896

■ 18.1407, 12.3093,  
1.4198

■ 43.3875, 46.8970,  
58.8713

■ 47.5965, 52.0854,  
70.2307

■ 52.1801, 57.6698,  
82.8040

■ 57.1477, 63.6586,  
96.6262

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.7301, 23.5664, 18.4637



25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354



22.4588, 23.5664, 12.5725

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354



17.1784, 23.5664, 25.4897



25.3097, 23.5664, 42.6329

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354



21.0195, 23.7244, 40.5172

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.3397, 23.5664, 45.6434



25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354



17.7994, 23.5664, 34.5181

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354



17.8505, 23.5664, 18.2275



19.6262, 23.5664, 42.3941



27.6615, 23.5664, 34.8792



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354



20.5621, 23.5664, 13.1557



19.6262, 23.5664, 42.3941



24.3425, 23.5664, 44.3000

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.4223, 23.5675, 14.0359



59.8330, 61.1555, 57.8204



24.9757, 18.4034, 27.0534



12.7924, 13.0053, 11.9856



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.4223, 23.5675, 14.0359



42.8650, 38.1277, 18.5360



30.6955, 34.1140, 15.7936



7.7665, 8.0132, 7.9266



13.7464, 9.3902, 1.0880



0.3847, 0.3289, 0.0432



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.0195, 23.7244, 40.5172



33.8170, 38.4186, 72.8583



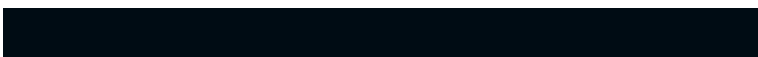
16.6892, 15.0639, 39.0738



7.4937, 8.0243, 9.5722



8.9212, 9.3026, 29.3009

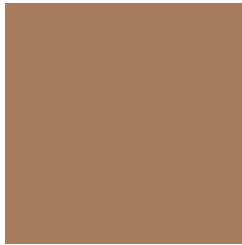


0.2649, 0.3221, 0.7289



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

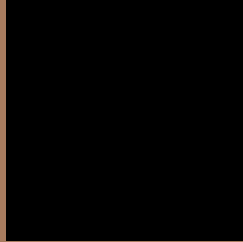
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.4217, 23.5664,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354

### Protanopia

21.9674, 23.5155, 15.1855

### Deuteranopia

24.0376, 23.6174, 13.8814



## Tritanopia

27.3539, 23.4366, 23.8509

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354

## Protanomaly

23.1361, 23.5225, 14.8762

## Deuteranomaly

24.5100, 23.6683, 13.8663

## Tritanomaly

26.6258, 23.5051, 19.9632

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354

## Achromatopsia

22.6597, 23.8398, 25.9615

## Achromatomaly

23.2269, 23.4323, 21.0680

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 124, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 124, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 124, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 124, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 124, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 124, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 124, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 124, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 124, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 124,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.4217, 23.5664, 14.0354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 124, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
124, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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