

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.3757, 39.3895, 32.4262)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.3757, 39.3895, 32.4262)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.4023, 39.5366,  
32.2791)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	42BD8F
RGB	66, 189, 143
RGB Percent	26%, 74%, 56%
CMY	0.7412, 0.2588, 0.4392
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.24, 0.26
HSL	158°, 48%, 50%
HSV	158°, 65%, 74%
XYZ	25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791
YIQ	146.9790, -58.5420, -40.3820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

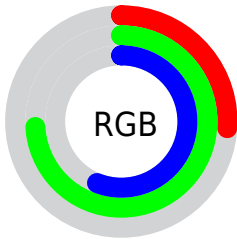
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">66, 142, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4373903</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.14, -44.91, 13.43</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">69, 46.872, 163.347</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.5366, 0.2613, 0.4067</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282563983</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF42BD8F</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">146.9790, -1.9616, -71.0186</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.8781, -37.9241, 13.5776</a>

# Details

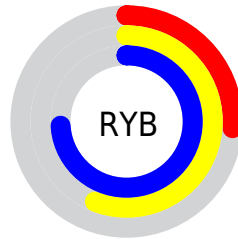
The XYZ color **25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **25.8604, 15.8861, 17.0341**, and the grayscale version is **27.7507, 29.1959, 31.7943**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.7862, 74.4548, 64.4651**, and **10.6398, 18.1183, 13.2923** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.8145, 38.7790, 29.4976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.4466, 40.5277, 35.2599**.

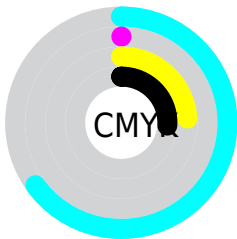
# Distribution



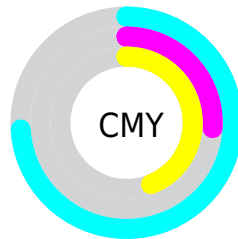
- Red (26%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.4023, 39.5366,  
32.2791


 25.4023, 39.5366,  
32.2791


272.1464,  
344.1665, 326.9205


 16.5074, 27.1774,  
21.3082

 51.7473, 74.4573,  
64.3514


 9.9770, 17.7065,  
13.1560


 69.9281, 97.7877,  
86.2898


 5.4459, 10.7395,  
7.4041


 91.9349, 125.5439,  
112.7211

 2.5486, 5.8919,  
3.6338

 118.1331,  
158.1104, 144.0639

 0.9198, 2.7795,  
1.4267

 148.8880,  
195.8715, 180.7367

 0.0000, 1.0177,  
0.1624

184.5649,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

239.2116, 223.1581

0.0000

225.5292,  
288.5151, 271.7465

■ 25.4023, 39.5366,  
32.2791

■ 25.4023, 39.5366,  
32.2791

■ 23.8145, 38.7790,  
29.4976

■ 27.4466, 40.5277,  
35.2599

■ 22.6362, 38.2277,  
26.9073

■ 29.9822, 41.7670,  
38.4422

■ 21.8149, 37.8567,  
24.5033

■ 33.0441, 43.2736,  
41.8314

■ 21.4871, 37.7121,  
23.3850

■ 36.6631, 45.0633,  
45.4321

■ 40.8674, 47.1506,  
49.2484

■ 45.6834, 49.5490,  
53.2844

■ 51.1358, 52.2712,  
57.5441

■ 57.2479, 55.3291,  
62.0313

■ 64.0419, 58.7341,  
66.7496

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5357, 39.5366, 19.4843



25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



25.2370, 39.5366, 53.2873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



41.0013, 39.5366, 96.9307



49.0524, 39.5366, 20.4931

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



25.8604, 15.8861, 17.0341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.4020, 39.5366, 34.2134



25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



48.3541, 39.5366, 80.5405

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



33.6010, 39.5366, 95.8766



53.1307, 39.5366, 55.9811



41.8577, 39.5366, 14.3940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



26.7876, 39.5366, 69.9295



53.1307, 39.5366, 55.9811



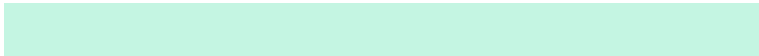
50.9360, 39.5366, 24.1259

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.4034, 39.5382, 32.2800



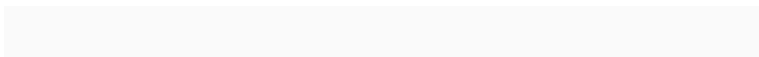
69.1100, 82.4161, 84.5693



26.0116, 40.3109, 11.5647



14.4174, 17.5027, 17.7770



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.4034, 39.5382, 32.2800



41.6859, 68.9963, 50.8525



26.6953, 35.3578, 53.5637



9.6531, 10.7474, 11.4228



14.4947, 25.3881, 15.9335



0.5985, 1.0068, 0.7859



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.8604, 15.8861, 17.0341



42.6178, 23.4890, 21.7798



24.8652, 17.0019, 7.1260



9.6738, 9.5938, 10.6711



14.9130, 7.5964, 4.8355

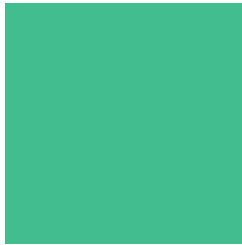


0.6161, 0.3103, 0.3577



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.4023, 39.5366,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791

### Protanopia

36.4125, 38.7959, 27.7595

### Deuteranopia

39.4049, 38.6068, 33.8088



## Tritanopia

30.7365, 39.5134, 58.8302

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



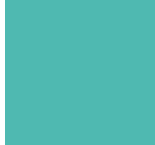
## Protanomaly

30.1619, 37.7845, 29.3703



## Deuteranomaly

31.5064, 37.2521, 33.1336



## Tritanomaly

28.5092, 39.5345, 47.7233

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791



## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738



## Achromatomaly

25.5799, 31.7675, 31.9777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 189, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 189, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 189, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 189, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 189, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 189, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 189, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 189, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 189, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 189,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.4023, 39.5366, 32.2791 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 189, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 189,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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