

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.3834, 15.4073,  
1.6361)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C83B00
RGB	200, 59, 0
RGB Percent	78%, 23%, 0%
CMY	0.2157, 0.7686, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 1.00, 0.22
HSL	18°, 100%, 39%
HSV	18°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361
YIQ	94.4330, 102.9750, 11.5430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

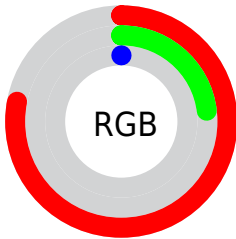
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 84, 0
Decimal	13122304
CIE Lab	46.19, 53.94, 57.87
CIE LCh	46, 79.108, 47.011
Yxy	15.4073, 0.5983, 0.3632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291312384 (0xFFC83B00)
YUV	94.4330, -46.5555, 92.5823
Hunter-Lab	39.2521, 46.7404, 25.0052

# Details

The XYZ color **25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **19.9492, 23.2179, 58.0732**, and the grayscale version is **10.8331, 11.3973, 12.4116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.9958, 33.5900, 7.8248**, and **10.3165, 5.3184, 0.4828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3836, 15.4079, 1.6362**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.3353, 17.1092, 2.5764**.

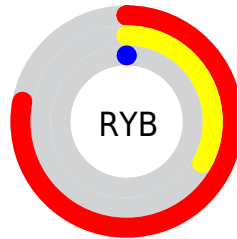
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (23%)

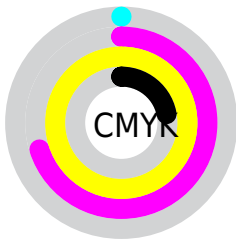
Blue (0%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (0%)

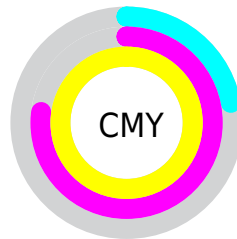


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (77%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.3834, 15.4073,  
1.6361


 25.3834, 15.4073,  
1.6361


 272.0545,  
225.8184, 116.4426


 16.4932, 9.1057,  
0.3164


 51.7170, 35.5661,  
8.0197


 9.9669, 4.8102,  
0.0000


 69.8910, 50.1922,  
14.0549

 5.4391, 2.1363,  
0.0000

 91.8904, 68.3619,  
22.5438

 2.5445, 0.6849,  
0.0000

 118.0804, 90.4596,  
33.9050

 0.9178, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 148.8265,  
116.8697, 48.5569


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 184.4940,


147.9766, 66.9181


 225.4482,  
184.1647, 89.4071


 25.3834, 15.4073,  
1.6361


 25.3834, 15.4073,  
1.6361


 25.3836, 15.4079,  
1.6362

 26.3353, 17.1092,  
2.5764

 27.6274, 19.2827,  
4.2736

 29.3185, 21.9728,  
6.9714

 31.4446, 25.2130,  
10.7994

 34.0367, 29.0336,  
15.8677

■ 37.1232, 33.4626,  
22.2728

■ 40.7296, 38.5258,  
30.1019

■ 44.8799, 44.2478,  
39.4346

■ 49.5963, 50.6516,  
50.3446

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8708, 15.4073, 8.0888



25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361



17.7561, 15.4073, 0.1782

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361



5.2952, 15.4073, 9.7373



18.7742, 15.4073, 83.2283

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361



19.9492, 23.2179, 58.0732

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9189, 15.4073, 85.2055



25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361



5.4156, 15.4073, 30.1527

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361



7.0601, 15.4073, 2.0584



7.4631, 15.4073, 61.2343



26.3231, 15.4073, 56.9693



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361



13.1180, 15.4073, 0.0780



7.4631, 15.4073, 61.2343



16.2844, 15.4073, 87.2081

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3837, 15.4082, 1.6363



70.2292, 66.3005, 51.4790



28.8025, 14.2727, 27.3563



14.4399, 13.3637, 9.7215



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3837, 15.4082, 1.6363



43.7720, 26.3240, 2.7740



35.8200, 36.2807, 5.1151



10.8847, 11.1384, 11.1390



16.2083, 9.9339, 1.0632



0.8315, 0.5985, 0.0717

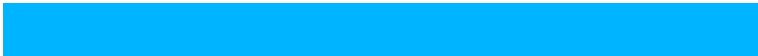


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9492, 23.2179, 58.0732



34.3240, 39.7680, 100.4747



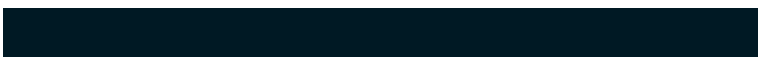
11.3015, 5.9224, 55.1906



10.6723, 11.5186, 13.5783



12.7652, 14.9244, 36.9523



0.6651, 0.8280, 1.7699



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.3834, 15.4073,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361

### Protanopia

14.1414, 15.7119, 3.0464

### Deuteranopia

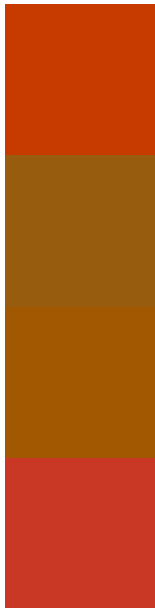
15.6990, 15.5921, 2.1822



## Tritanopia

26.1921, 15.4453, 5.4717

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361

## Protanomaly

16.8553, 14.3614, 2.2991

## Deuteranomaly

18.1877, 14.5565, 1.8511

## Tritanomaly

25.8200, 15.3732, 3.2755

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361

## Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

## Achromatomaly

13.4309, 11.1976, 5.7284

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 59, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 59, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 59, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 59, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 59, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 59, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 59, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 59, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 59, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 59, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.3834, 15.4073, 1.6361 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 59, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200, 59,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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