

# Converting Colors

XYZ(25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(25.3929, 17.0464,  
30.8061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AB5396
RGB	171, 83, 150
RGB Percent	67%, 33%, 59%
CMY	0.3294, 0.6745, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.12, 0.33
HSL	314°, 35%, 50%
HSV	314°, 51%, 67%
XYZ	25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061
YIQ	116.9500, 30.9410, 39.4930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

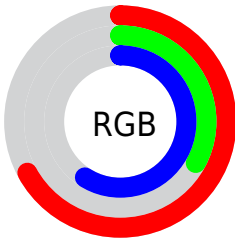
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	171, 83, 150
Decimal	11228054
CIE Lab	48.32, 44.79, -20.40
CIE LCh	48, 49.222, 335.511
Yxy	17.0464, 0.3467, 0.2327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289418134 (0xFFAB5396)
YUV	116.9500, 16.2937, 47.4019
Hunter-Lab	41.2873, 37.5300, -15.3375

# Details

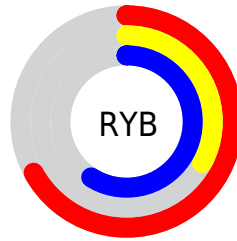
The XYZ color **25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **20.6297, 31.9650, 18.1805**, and the grayscale version is **16.8380, 17.7149, 19.2915**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.6982, 38.4619, 61.8258**, and **9.9189, 5.5424, 12.3514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.9195, 14.6161, 28.7218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2015, 20.1282, 33.0589**.

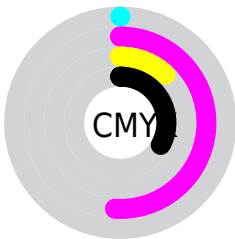
# Distribution



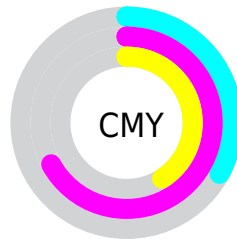
- Red (67%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.3929, 17.0464,  
30.8061

 25.3929, 17.0464,  
30.8061


272.1007,  
235.4396, 319.9675


 16.5003, 10.2676,  
20.1940


 51.7322, 38.4055,  
62.0107


 9.9720, 5.5767,  
12.3507


 69.9097, 53.7546,  
83.4402

 5.4425, 2.5895,  
6.8575


 91.9128, 72.7293,  
109.3127

 2.5466, 0.9214,  
3.2961

 118.1069, 95.7139,  
140.0466

 0.9188, 0.0000,  
1.2477

 148.8574,  
123.0928, 176.0605

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0184

184.5296,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

155.2505, 217.7729

0.0000

225.4889,  
192.5713, 265.6024

■ 25.3929, 17.0464,  
30.8061

■ 25.3929, 17.0464,  
30.8061

■ 23.9195, 14.6161,  
28.7218

■ 27.2015, 20.1282,  
33.0589

■ 22.7553, 12.7864,  
26.7964

■ 29.3655, 23.9025,  
35.4870

■ 21.8733, 11.5031,  
25.0204

■ 31.9053, 28.4098,  
38.0980

■ 21.2407, 10.7008,  
23.3822

■ 34.8394, 33.6868,  
40.8985

■ 20.8370, 10.2749,  
22.0716

■ 38.1849, 39.7676,  
43.8949

■ 41.9580, 46.6845,  
47.0930

■ 46.1741, 54.4678,  
50.4984

■ 50.8475, 63.1463,  
54.1165

■ 55.9922, 72.7477,  
57.9524

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7496, 17.0464, 46.8233



25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061



26.3996, 17.0464, 16.2868

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061



15.3873, 17.0464, 3.2280



10.1437, 17.0464, 36.9362

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061



20.6297, 31.9650, 18.1805

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.0408, 17.0464, 21.0369



25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061



11.6885, 17.0464, 4.8358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061



20.0490, 17.0464, 3.9307



9.5491, 17.0464, 10.0851



12.8817, 17.0464, 51.3612



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061



25.3052, 17.0464, 9.8213



9.5491, 17.0464, 10.0851



9.5950, 17.0464, 31.3697

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3934, 17.0472, 30.8064



60.3099, 56.5678, 71.2970



16.0996, 12.0428, 40.0046



13.2090, 12.1824, 15.6703



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3934, 17.0472, 30.8064



42.4601, 25.5689, 50.8554



22.5144, 15.8956, 15.6457



8.2541, 8.1149, 9.6489



15.7290, 7.7542, 16.7504



0.4571, 0.2235, 0.5690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3934, 17.0472, 30.8064



42.4601, 25.5689, 50.8554



23.4393, 33.0888, 32.9759



8.2541, 8.1149, 9.6489



15.7290, 7.7542, 16.7504



0.4571, 0.2235, 0.5690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

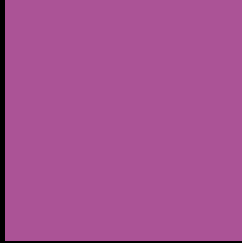
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

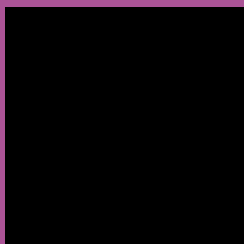
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 25.3929, 17.0464,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061

### Protanopia

18.0640, 17.2071, 41.9044

### Deuteranopia

17.5715, 17.2341, 29.1885



## Tritanopia

22.0776, 17.0520, 14.4397

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061

## Protanomaly

19.5689, 16.3569, 37.7231

## Deuteranomaly

19.6907, 16.5959, 29.7693

## Tritanomaly

23.1344, 16.9691, 19.5088

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061

## Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

## Achromatomaly

19.3306, 17.0065, 23.0326

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 83, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 83, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 83, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 83, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 83, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 83, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 83, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 83, 150); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 83, 150); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 83, 150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 25.3929, 17.0464, 30.8061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 83, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 83,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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